The New-York Times.

VOL. XIX.......NO. 5640. NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1869. PRICE FOUR CENTS.

TELEGRAMS.

The Manifesto of the French Opposition Members.

Dissatisfaction of the Ultra Radicals.

THE SPANISH INSURRECTION

An Understanding Between the Spanish and Cuban Patriots.

The Cuban Commodore Surrenders to our Navy.

The Tennessee and Virginia Senatorial Contests.

FRANCE.

Military Appointments—Rumors of Ministerial Changes Denied—The Opposition Deputies in Bad Oder with Ultra Radicals—Strikes in Paris.

PARIS, Oct. 19.—The *Journal Officiel* contains the following appointments:

Marshal BAZAINE to be Commander-in-Chief of the Imperial Guard; General DE FAILLY to be Commander-in-Chief of the Third Army Corps, headquarters at Nancy, *vice* Marshal BAZAINE.

It is officially denied that there is any foundation for the rumors of changes in the Ministry. The Ministerial Council is assembled at Compiègne to deliberate on a project of law.

Deputies BANCEL, SIMON, FERRY and PELLETAN, attended the meeting of the Opposition members of the Corps Legislatif, yesterday, in order to explain their recent conduct. The Radical journals attack the manifesto adopted by the meeting. At a public meeting of ultra Radicals, last night, some Deputies to the Corps Legislatif, who were present, were insulted and roughly handled by the crowd. The Emperor has written a very flattering letter to Prince CHARLES, of Roumania, on the occasion of his marriage.

It is rumored that the switchmen on the lines of railroad centering in Paris are organizing a general strike. The merchants' clerks continue to hold out against their employers. It is estimated that over nine thousand clerks are engaged in the movement,

The French Cable—The Shareholders and the Founders of the Enterprise.

BREST, Oct. 19.—The following is transmitted by the French Cable officials:

There is no ground whatever for saying that there is a fault in the French Cable.

(Signed) C. F. VARLEY.

PARIS, Oct. 19.—A Committee of the Shareholders of the French Cable Company have forbidden the projected distribution of five thousand shares to the founders of the enterprise. They have asked to examine the expenses and affairs generally of the Company.

SPAIN.

Spanish Losses About Valencia—A Conspiracy Frustrated.

MADRID, Oct. 19.—The Republican insurrection is considered almost at an end, but precautions against future outbreaks are considered necessary. Previous to the final attack on Valencia the Government forces lost many men killed and wounded in skirmishes with the insurgents.

A conspiracy having for its object the surrender of the barracks at San Mateo to the insurgents, has been discovered and thwarted by the Government authorities. The Captain of the garrison, who is said to be a leader of the conspiracy, was arrested.

CUBA AND SPAIN.

The Cuban Insurgents the Instigators of the Spanish Outbreak—Rebels Seeking Pardon.

HAVANA, Oct. 19.—The *Diario de la Marina* to-day publishes three important documents, intercepted in their passage through the island, which, if true, prove that the Republican rising in Spain is the work of the Cuban insurgents. An additional detachment of troops was to-day sent to the seat of war. Twenty rebels have presented themselves to the Spanish authorities at Cienfuegos and asked for pardon. The steamer *Morro Castle* arrived here at noon to-day.

MADRID, Oct. 19.—The *Opinion* says an understanding exists between the insurgents here and in Cuba. The Cubans are to assist the Republicans in Spain with money, and when the Republic is established the independence of Cuba will be recognized.

THE PRIVATEER CUBA.

The Steamer Libeled—A Refusal to Surrender to the Civil Power—An Officer of the Navy Receives Commodore Higgins' Sword—The Crew Turned Loose.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 19.—The *Cuba* was libeled to-day, and the United States Marshal boarded her and demanded the surrender of the ship into his hands. Commodore HIGGINS declined to surrender his ship except to an officer of the United States Navy, and under a direct order from President GRANT. After some delay Lieutenant-Commander PIERSON, of the United States gunboat *Frolic*, came on board the *Cuba* and demanded the surrender of the vessel, showing an order direct from the President for the *Cuba* to be turned over to him. Commodore HIGGINS then surrendered his sword and vessel to Lieutenant-Commander PIERSON, and himself as prisoner of war to the navy of the United States. The Cuban flag was then hauled down by the United States authorities, and the entire crew sent ashore. The affair, in some of its aspects is regarded here as an outrage, especially the turning loose in our city of over one hundred sailors and marines, entirely beyond restraint or control of officers. In anticipation of trouble a large special Police force has been put on duty to-night.

CANADA.

A Fenian Gunboat on the Lakes—The Canadian "Navy" Fitting Out.

TORONTO, Ontario, Oct. 19.—The gunboat *Prince Alfred*, stationed at Goderich, has been placed in readiness for active service. Orders were received here last night directing the Toronto Field Battery to proceed immediately to Goderich to man the *Prince Alfred*. One-half of the battery left here this morning. It is reported that the Fenians have chartered and equipped a gunboat, carrying the "Sunburst," to do mischief to the towns on the Upper Lakes; hence this movement by the Canadian authorities.

The Intercolonial Railroad—Movements of Prince Arthur.

OTTAWA, Ont., Oct. 19.—The Intercolonial Railroad Commissioners met to-day to consider the recently-expressed desire of the contractors to suspend operations owing to the low rates at which they undertook the work. Nothing transpired as to the course the Commissioners will pursue. Many are of the opinion that work will be suspended altogether on the line.

Prince ARTHUR left here by special steamer this morning for the hunting grounds on the Lower Ottawa.

TENNESSEE.

The Senatorial Contest—Balloting in the Legislature—Andrew Johnson Ahead on the Two Ballots.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

KNOXVILLE, Oct. 19.—The excitement in the State over the Senatorial election is unprecedented. Special advices from Nashville, received in this city, show that two ballots were taken to-day in the House, and one in the Senate, with the following result:

IN THE HOUSE.

	1st Ballot.	2d Ballot.
Necessary to a choice	55	55
Andrew Johnson	32	32
Emerson Etheridge	21	21
A. J. Fletcher	11	12
E. H. Ewing	4	1
N. S. Brown	7	5
T. A. R. Nelson	2	5
Baillie Peyton	2	2
Milton Brown	4	4

The announcement of the result was loudly applauded by JOHNSON's friends.

IN THE SENATE—FIRST BALLOT.

Necessary to a choice	13
Andrew Johnson	11
Emerson Etheridge	8
Baillie Peyton	4
E. H. Ewing	1
—— Cooper	1

These ballots show that ETHERIDGE cannot be elected. It is questionable whether JOHNSON can rally the required number of votes to elect him. His strength in Middle Tennessee is increasing, owing to ETHERIDGE's impolitic denunciations of East Tennessee. NELSON is in this city, and will not allow his name to be used until JOHNSON's defeat is certain. FLETCHER's vote consists of Stokes Republicans, and is merely complimentary. Their future vote is uncertain. The balloting to-morrow is anxiously looked for.

VIRGINIA.

The Proceedings of the Legislature—Lieutenant-Governor Lewis and Judge John W. Johnston Elected United States Senators.

RICHMOND, Va., Oct. 19.—In the House this morning, a communication was received from General CANBY, thanking them for the privilege of the floor voted him yesterday. The resolution relative to the recent elections in the North, introduced yesterday, was tabled. A joint resolution was offered memorializing Congress to grant a general amnesty in the manner presented in section 3 of the Fourteenth Amendment. The resolution was referred.

In the Senate a resolution looking to the carrying out of the educational provision in the Constitution was laid on the table, on the ground that such resolutions were not with the province of the Senate as now organized. Both Houses then went into an election for United States Senators and elected Lieutenant-Governor LEWIS for the long term, and Judge JOHN W. JOHNSTON, of Washington County, for the short term. The Wells Republicans' candidates, ALEXANDER SHARPE and L. H. CHANDLER, received the vote of their friends. The election was made by a strict party vote, with the exception of three Wells members, who voted for LEWIS and JOHNSTON.

The News of the Election in Washington—The Politics of the Senators Elect.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—The result of the election for United States Senators in Virginia is variously received here. There is very general satisfaction at the choice of Lieutenant-Governor LEWIS, whose ardent Unionism throughout the war never abated. Of Judge JOHNSTON little is known, save that he was so far identified with the rebellion as to require a removal of his disabilities by Congress a year and a half ago, which was done. He will, therefore, be able to take the modified oath made and provided for in such cases. The general belief here is that the election of the latter is a conciliation of the extreme or Democratic element in the ranks of the so-called Walker Republican Party, and that the result is the election of one Senator who will act uniformly with the Republicans, and of another who will act as uniformly with the Democrats, and faithfully represent that portion of the Walker party which is bound to support the Democratic candidate for the Presidency in 1872.

A SNOWSTORM.

Snow in Illinois, Missouri and Kansas—Three Inches at St. Louis—A Heavy Storm at Louisville.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 19.—A violent snowstorm set in here about 7 o'clock this morning and continued until noon. Although the snow melted fast, there are now about three inches on the ground. The snow came from the north, where it began last night, and has prevailed in Illinois, Missouri and Kansas.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 19.—A heavy snowstorm set in here about noon.

The Weather at Midnight Last Night.

Plaister Cove—Clear; mild; very pleasant night.
Halifax—Cloudy; cold; rained little at 7 P. M.
St. John—Clear; mild; very pleasant.
Portland—Clear and cold.
Boston—Clear and cold.
New-York—Cold and cloudy; wind west; thermometer 32°.
Philadelphia—Clear and cold.
Baltimore—Cloudy; warm; wind west; been raining all evening.
Washington—Cloudy; cold; rained portion of evening.
New-Orleans—Clear; thermometer 72°; wind west.
Burlington, Vt.—Cold; raining hard.
Rutland, Vt.—Cold and raw; appearance of more rain.
Albany, N. Y.—Clear, cool; wind south to southwest.
Poughkeepsie, N. Y.—Clear and cool.
Utica, N. Y.—Had heavy fall of snow for twenty minutes to-night; about half an inch fell, but melted in a short time.
Syracuse, N. Y.—Snowing here and melting as fast as it falls.
Auburn, N. Y.—Cold and clear.
Rochester—Fine snow now falling.
Buffalo, N. Y.—Driving clouds; wind northwest; been slight flurry of snow. Thermometer, 42°.
Chicago—Clear. Thermometer, 32°
Omaha—Clear and cold.
Cheyenne—Snow three inches deep.
St. Louis—Snowed quite hard from early morning till 11 o'clock; melted fast as touched the ground. Thermometer now, 31°.
Pittsburg.—Flurry of snow at noon; now clear and cold.
Lynchburg, Va.—Cloudy, damp; been raining all the evening.
Knoxville, Tenn.—Cloudy, cold; appearance of snow.
Montgomery, Ala.—Clear and pleasant.
Springfield, Mass.—Clear and cold; no snow.
New-Haven, Conn.—Clear and cold; no snow.

Admiral Farragut's Condition—Over-Exertion and Prostration.

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—Admiral FARRAGUT took advantage of his returning strength and overtaxed himself yesterday, and in consequence passed a very poor night. To-day he is resting more comfortably.

The Ohio Election—The Returns Nearly Complete—Hayes' Majority over 8,000.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Oct. 19.—Returns from all the counties have been received at the Republican headquarters in this city, a few only of them unofficial. The result will vary but a few votes. R. D. HARRISON, Chairman, figures up the majorities as follows: For Governor, R. B. HAYES, 41,890; GEORGE H. PENDLETON, 33,821; HAYES' majority, 8,078. The Legislature stands—Senate one, and the House three Republican majority.

THE SHIPPING INTEREST.

The Congressional Committee in Boston—Interesting Statements on Iron Shipbuilding.

BOSTON, Oct. 19.—The Congressional Committee of Inquiry on American Shipping met today in the rooms of the Board of Trade. About twenty leading shipbuilders and merchants were present. FRANKLIN W. SMITH, of the Atlantic Works, read a statement upon the condition of American shipbuilding before the war, and giving a *resumé* of the difficulties under which the building of iron ships is not practically impossible. He stated reasons why iron ships are superseding wooden vessels for commercial purposes. Out of over 250 vessels built upon the Clyde last year, less than twenty were of wood. Before the war the iron used in shipbuilding was taxed 24 per cent. Commencing with a rise to 50 per cent. in 1861, it was increased to 112 per cent. in 1864, and last year it was proposed by the Morehead tariff to strike at the building interest by a tax of 168 per cent. He then gave a detailed statement of the duties upon the different materials used in constructing an iron vessel, showing that upon a thousand-ton vessel the tax would be $21,000, which is about twenty-five per cent. more than the cost of an iron ship of the tonnage on the Clyde. SAMUEL HALL, PAUL CURTIS, and other well-known shipbuilders, expressed their views to the Committee, generally agreeing that free importation of material was necessary to the resuscitation of American shipbuilding. E. H. DERBY addressed the Committee at length upon the necessity of a remission of the duties upon shipbuilding materials, a return to specie payments, and a general revision of the tariff.

WASHINGTON.

The Reported Rothschild Loan—Ex-Rebel Outrages in Florida—The Navy Lumber Lands in the South—Another Book Seizure—The Four Million Gold Sale Dispatch—The Bankers' and Brokers' Tax.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—All the gossip about the offer of an agent of the ROTHSCHILDS to place our loan abroad at a low rate of interest, has this foundation, and nothing more: M. FRIGNET, the agent in question, arrived in this country last Summer, with the intention of proposing to this Government a four per cent. loan, with eighty years to run, and a guarantee of a sinking fund of one-fourth of one per cent. per annum. He broached the subject to several well-known financiers in New-York and elsewhere, and from all quarters he received assurances that such a proposition would not be entertained for a moment; that the Government was altogether too strong to borrow money abroad at that rate, and on such time. The agent consequently did not present his proposition to either the President or the Secretary of the Treasury, and no correspondence therefore occurred.

EX-REBEL OUTRAGES IN FLORIDA.

The application of Congressman HANLON and other citizens of Florida, to the Secretary of War, for military protection from murder and outrage by bands of ex-rebel outlaws, has been referred to General TERRY, the commander of that Department, who is authorized to call for any number of troops that may be necessary to restore order and protect life and property.

THE NAVAL LUMBER LANDS IN THE SOUTH.

Secretary ROBESON, of the Navy Department, gives notice that, in consequence of the extensive depredations committed upon the public lands reserved for timber for naval purposes in the States of Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama and Florida, naval officers and other persons have been ordered to examine all the lands referred to and cause all trespassers to be apprehended and prosecuted, employing the civil power and, where necessary, the military or naval forces to assist and bring to punishment such persons as may be found culpable in this respect.

ANOTHER SEIZURE OF ENGLISH BOOKS.

The Treasury Department has ordered the seizure of three invoices of foreign books in the District of Burlington, Vt., on charges of fraudulent undervaluation and discrepancies of the contents of the cases, as compared with the invoices. These books were purchased in London during the Summer, shipped to Montreal by a Mr. R. WORTHINGTON, and thence were to be sent to New-York and Boston as samples of a large amount purchased in the same way, and doubtless intended to be shipped in the same unusual way to an American market. It looks like the Bell and Daldy Cincinnati-Port Huron case over again.

THE ORDER TO SELL $4,000,000 GOLD.

Concerning the famous order of Secretary BOUTWELL to Assistant Treasurer BUTTERFIELD, to sell $4,000,000 of gold, these facts should be stated to show just how and when it was transmitted and received. The recorded time here of the departure of the messenger from the Treasury with the dispatch for the telegraph office is 11:47 A. M. The offices of both lines, the Franklin and the Western Union, are just across Fifteenth-street, opposite the Treasury. It took less than two minutes to reach them. The dispatch was sent by both lines. All advices from New-York show that it was received there just about 12 o'clock. The difference in time between the two cities is twelve minutes. This would make it 11:51, leaving about nine minutes for the reception and delivery of the dispatch in New-York. This precludes the idea that the dispatch was held back anywhere for anybody's private benefit, though it is, nevertheless, exceedingly probable that on such an occasion and under such circumstances the information was let out from the telegraph offices as a sort of common property. The messages were not in cipher, and were sent to the news agencies here as soon as they had been telegraphed.

THE BANKERS' AND BROKERS' TAX.

Assessor CLEVELAND and Ex-Assessor WEBSTER, of the Thirty-second New-York District, are here, and their business relates to the cases of the delinquent bankers and brokers who are yet in arrears for their taxes. It has been resolved that all claims for exemption from the penalty must be presented in the usual form, with a statement of the facts to the Assessor and Collector, and District-Attorney, when they will be presented to the Commissioner, and considerations of equity will then receive their full weight. In other words, it having been definitely decided that as a rule the tax must be paid and the penalty exacted, palliating circumstances and applications for exemption must be presented in the same manner as in other cases.

THE FARRAGUT PRIZE CLAIMS.

The Supreme Court of the District has appointed R. D. MUSSEY a Special Commissioner to take testimony in the Farragut Prize Claims case, and directed him to ascertain what vessels of the West and Gulf squadron took part in the passage of the forts, what vessels of the rebels opposed them, and the number of the rebels and of our own forces engaged. Mr. MUSSEY will begin on Saturday to take the testimony under this reference. The Court has directed him to file his report by the 20th of December next.

THE ALABAMA STATE DEBT INTEREST.

The Montgomery, Ala., *Journal* of Saturday says: "Complete arrangements have been made for paying all the interest on the State debt which falls due on the first of next month. The requisite amount of money for that purpose was drawn from the State Treasury yesterday to be placed in a proper bank in New-York City, where the interest is payable." This information is derived from an authoritative source, accompanied by the assurance that the financial condition of the State Government is perfectly healthy.

HARVARD COLLEGE.

Inauguration of Charles W. Eliot as President.

A Sketch of the Ceremonies---The Procession---The Exercises in the Church---Addresses of Judge Clifford and President Eliot---The President's Reception.

From our Own Correspondent.

BOSTON, Tuesday, Oct. 19, 1869.

CHARLES WILLIAM ELIOT, the successor of Rev. THOMAS HILL, as President of Harvard College, was formally inaugurated at Cambridge today. There has probably been no change in the administration of the College, from the day of its foundation down to the present time, which has excited such general, serious and various comment as the last. The reforms which the new President will introduce into the government of the University are indicated with more or less emphasis in the address which follows. They are such as the oldest and most conservative friends of the College can sanction and support, for they are but simple responses to the mutations of time and the requirements of the hour. The new administration will enter upon its labors without pretension, and with due reverence for the usages which have become honorable and distinguishing characteristics of the venerable College.

The ceremonies to-day were little more than the formal commemoration of an event long ago finished, for President ELIOT was elected to his office more than six months ago. But notwithstanding this fact, the attendance was very large, the position of the College among the institutions of the State, and the high hopes entertained of its increasing usefulness under the new administration, more than compensating for the lack of any special attraction which the inauguration might have possessed at an earlier day. The weather was far from favorable, the sky being overcast, and the air exceedingly cold and raw; but before 2:30 o'clock P. M., a goodly company, composed of the government of the University, their invited guests, which included the Governor and State and City officers, the Alumni and others, had assembled at Gore Hall. The Chief Marshal, Mr. LEVERETT SALTONSTALL, at once organized the procession, and a little before 3 o'clock it marched to the church of the First Congregational Society. The galleries of the church were filled with ladies. The members of the several faculties took their accustomed places on the left of the pulpit, the Board of Overseers, the State officers and other distinguished guests being ranged on the right, while in the centre there was a table bearing the College seal and charter and the College keys. The undergraduate classes occupied the pews nearest the platform, and the rest of the church was densely crowded with spectators. The government of the College extended special invitations to nearly three hundred prominent gentlemen to attend the inauguration exercises, and among those who responded with their presence were:

Hon. Charles Francis Adams, Hon. George S. Hilliard, Hon. Marshall P. Wilder, Hon. G. Twichell, Ex-Chief Justice Bigelow, Dr. Parker, formerly Minister to China; Dr. George B. Loring, Robert Treat Paine, Hon. F. W. Lincoln, Edward Quincy, Rev. Dr. Neale, Rev. Dr. Putnam, Rev. Dr. Clarke, Rev. Alexis Caswell, President of Brown University; Rev. Dr. Stearns, President of Amherst College; Professor Silliman and Professor Fisher, of Yale College; Professor James Russell Lowell and Professor Henry W. Longfellow, who walked arm in arm in the procession, Professor Oliver Wendell Holmes, Judge William Gray, Ralph Waldo Emerson, Judge B. F. Thomas, and many others of almost equal celebrity.

After music by a band and singing by the College choir, assisted by the Glee Club of the Harvard Musical Association, Rev. ANDREW P. PEABODY, preacher to the College and Plummer Professor of Christian Morals, offered an introductory prayer. This was followed by a congratulatory address in Latin by Mr. JOHN SILAS WHITE, a member of the Senior Class, after which the ceremony of induction into office was performed, Hon. JOHN HENRY CLIFFORD, President of the Board of Overseers, delivering an address, of which the following is an abstract:

ADDRESS OF JUDGE CLIFFORD.

Mr. CLIFFORD began by alluding to the change which had taken place in the government of the College since the inauguration of Mr. ELIOT's immediate predecessor, explaining how he, instead of the Chief Magistrate of the Commonwealth, as had been the invariable custom since the foundation of the College, performed the ceremony of induction into office. He then alluded to the great importance of the office of President of the College, and to the marvelous personal influence which it was in the power of the head of the University to exercise. "I have sometimes thought," he said, "that if this influence, combined with some mode of personal examination, by which the Faculty might test the student's disposition to make the best of his opportunities, according to his capacity, could take the place of the present unsatisfactory and often unjust system of arbitrary marks, even when most critically and conscientiously enforced, our college culture would better accomplish its highest results. The Procrustes bed on which the poor victim of mediocrity of talent is now laid, to be stretched out to the stature of the more highly gifted child of genius by his side, would no longer exist, to work the injustice of which it has too often been the instrument. May it be the proud boast of this institution, under your auspicious and conscientious administration, that while the brightest genius shall here find fit nurture for its highest powers, no well-intentioned effort for improvement, of even the humblest capacity, shall fail of receiving at your hands all practicable encouragement and support. From these remarks upon the training the College is to give, Mr. CLIFFORD proceeded at some length to the consideration of what it is to teach. It was necessary, he held, that the great influence of Harvard should be on the side of religion and truth. In the progress of what is complacently called the advanced thought of New-England, he remarked that there doubtless will be waged a conflict of opinion of the highest import to the cause of truth and the welfare of the race. Whenever it comes Harvard College can hold no subordinate place among the institutions of the country, in whose armories must be forged the weapons with which it will be fought. Her friends can have no misgivings as to the position she will occupy in such a field. Mr. CLIFFORD then said that his only remaining duty was to place in the charge of the new President "these keys, this ancient charter, and this seal of the College, the symbols and the warrant of the authority now conferred upon you as its official head. Tendering to you, therefore, the awaiting confidence, the cordial sympathies, and the ready coöperation of the Fellows and Overseers, in their name, and on their behalf, I now greet and welcome you as the President of Harvard College."

At the conclusion of this address Mr. CHARLES WILLIAM ELIOT took his seat in the President's chair and assumed his cap while in the choir sang:

"Domine, fac salvum Præsidum nostrum."

At its conclusion the newly-inducted President proceeded to deliver the following address:

ADDRESS OF PRESIDENT ELIOT.

The endless controversies whether language, philosophy, mathematics or science supply the best mental training, whether general education should be chiefly literary or chiefly scientific, have no practical lesson for us to-day. This University recognizes no real antagonism between literature and science, and consents to no such narrow alternatives as mathematics or classics, science or metaphysics. We would have them all, and at their best. To observe keenly, to reason soundly, and to imagine vividly are operations as essential as that of clear and forcible expression; and to develop one of these faculties it is not necessary to repress and dwarf the others. A university is not closely concerned with the applications of knowledge, until its general education branches into professional. Poetry and philosophy and science do indeed conspire to promote the material welfare of mankind; but science no more than poetry finds its best warrant in its utility. Truth and right are above utility in all realms of thought and action. It were a bitter mockery to suggest that any subject whatever should be taught less than it now is in American colleges. The only conceivable aim of a college government in our day is to broaden, deepen and invigorate American teaching in all branches of learning. It will be generations before the best of American institutions of education will get growth enough to bear pruning. The descendents of the Pilgrim Fathers are still very thankful for the parched corn of learning. Recent discussions have added pitifully little to the world's stock of wisdom about the staple of education. Who blows to-day such a ringing trumpet-call to the study of language as LUTHER blew? Hardly a significant word has been added in two centuries to MILTON's description of the unprofitable way to study languages. Would any young American learn how to profit by travel, that foolish beginning but excellent sequel to education, he can find no apter advice than BACON's. The practice of England and America is literally centuries behind the precept of the best thinkers upon education. A striking illustration may be found in the prevailing neglect of the systematic study of the English language. How lamentably true to-day are these words of LOCKE: "If any one among us have a facility or purity more than ordinary in his mother tongue, it is owing to chance, or his genius, or anything rather than to his education or any care of his teacher."

HOW TO TEACH, THE REAL QUESTION.

The best result of the discussion which has raged so long about the relative educational value of the main branches of learning is the conviction that there is room for them all in a sound scheme, provided that right methods of teaching be employed. The actual problem to be solved, said Mr. ELIOT, is not what to teach, but how to teach, and to this point he brought full and forcible illustration. The needed reformation in methods of instruction were not confined to the university, but applied to preparatory schools of every grade. What they failed to impart the college must supply, and under the new administration the facilities for enlarging and enriching the preparatory instruction will be greatly augmented. The university, said Mr. ELIOT, believes in the thorough study of language. It contends for all languages, Oriental, Greek, Latin, Romance, German and especially for the mother tongue; seeing in them all one institution, one history, one means of discipline, one department of learning. The university recognizes the natural and physical sciences as indispensable branches of education; but it would have science taught in a rational way, objects and instruments in hand—not from books merely, not through the memory chiefly, but by the seeing eye and the informing fingers. History, mental, moral and political philosophy cannot be taught from books alone; but must be vivified and illustrated by teachers of active, comprehensive, and judicial mind. To learn by rote a list of dates is not to study history. Mr. EMERSON says that history is biography. In a deep sense this is true. Certainly, the best way to impart the facts of history to the young is through the quick interest they take in the lives of the men and women who fill great historical scenes or epitomize epochs. Philosophical subjects should never be taught with authority. They are not established sciences; they are full of disputed matters and open questions and bottomless speculations.

EXAMINATIONS AND ELECTIVE STUDIES.

Mr. ELIOT referred with satisfaction to the increasing weight, range and thoroughness of the examination for admission to college. He advocated a system of examination for scientific, theological, medical and dental degrees, remarking that by this means the value of such degrees would be greatly enhanced. Rigorous examination for admission, he said, has one good effect throughout the college course; it prevents a waste of instruction upon incompetent persons. A school with a low standard for admission and a high standard of graduation, like West Point, is obliged to dismiss a large proportion of its students by the way. Hence much individual distress, and a great waste of resources, both public and private. But, on the other hand, it must not be supposed that every student who enters Harvard College necessarily graduates. Strict annual examinations are to be passed. More than a fourth of those who enter the College fail to take their degree. Under the old system, every student who graduated at Harvard passed through one uniform curriculum, but by this course the individual traits of different minds were neglected. But now the Freshman year is the only one in which there is a fixed course prescribed for all. In the other three years, more than half the time allotted to study is filled with subjects chosen by each student from lists which comprise six studies in the Sophomore year, nine in the Junior year and eleven in the Senior year. The liberty of choice of subject is wide, but yet has very rigid limits. There is a certain framework which must be filled; and about half the material of the filling is prescribed. The choice offered to the student does not lie between liberal studies and professional or utilitarian studies. All the studies which are open to him are liberal and disciplinary, not narrow or special. Under this system the college does not demand, it is true, one invariable set of studies of every candidate for the first degree in arts; but its requisitions for this degree are nevertheless high and inflexible, being nothing less than four years devoted to liberal culture. The controversy regarding the comparative merits of lectures and recitations was alluded to. A combination of the two was advocated, the number of recitations to be diminished as the student advances in his course. Text-books were invaluable in spite of their inaccuracies, and the main improvement in medical education in this country during the last twenty years has been in the addition of systematic recitations from text-books to the lectures which were formerly the principal means of theoretical instruction.

MANNERS, MORALS AND DISCIPLINE.

In regard to certain common misapprehensions about colleges in general and Harvard College in particular, Mr. Eliot said: "The security of the college commonwealth is largely due to its exuberant activity. Its public opinion, though easily led astray is still high in the main. Its scholarly tastes and habits, its eager friendships and quick hatreds, its keen debates, its frank discussions of character and of deep, political and religious questions—all are safeguards against sloth, vulgarity and depravity. Its society and not less its solitudes are full of teaching. Shams, conceit and fictitious distinctions get no mercy. There is nothing but ridicule for bombast and sentimentality. Repression of genuine sentiment and emotion is, indeed, in this College, carried too far. Reserve is more respectable than any undiscerning communicativeness. But neither Yankee shamefacedness nor English stolidity is admirable. This point especially touches you, young men, who are still undergraduates. When you feel a true admiration for a teacher, a glow of enthusiasm for work, a thrill of pleasure at some excellent saying, give it expression. Do not be ashamed of these emotions. Cherish the natural sentiment of personal devotion to the teacher who calls out your better powers. It is a great delight to serve an intellectual master. We Americans are but too apt to lose this happiness. German and French students get it. If ever in after years you come to smile at the youthful reverence you paid, believe me, it will be with tears in your eyes." And in conclusion: "The best way to put boyishness to shame is to foster scholarship and manliness. The manners of a community cannot be improved by main force any more than its morals. The statutes of the University need some amendment and reduction in the chapters on crimes and misdemeanors. But let us render to our fathers the justice we shall need from our sons. What is too minute or precise for our use was doubtless wise and proper in its day. It was to inculcate a reverent bearing and due consideration for things sacred that the regulations prescribed a black dress on Sunday. Black is not the only decorous wear in these days; but we must not seem, in ceasing from this particular mode of good manners, to think less of the gentle breeding of which only the outward signs, and not the substance, have been changed."

From some general remarks upon the alleged false charges that Harvard was exclusive and aristocratic, he passed to

THE EDUCATION OF WOMEN.

The attitude of the University in the prevailing discussions touching the education and fit employments of women demands brief explanation. America is the natural arena for these debates, for here the female sex has a better past and a better present than elsewhere. Americans, as a rule, hate disabilities of all sorts, whether religious, political or social. Equality between the sexes, without privilege or oppression on either side, is the happy custom of American homes. While this great discussion is going on, it is the duty of the University to maintain a cautious and expectant policy. The corporation will not receive women as students into the College proper, nor into any school whose discipline requires residence near the school. The difficulties involved in a common residence of hundreds of young men and women of immature character and marriageable age are very grave. The necessary police regulations are exceedingly burdensome. The corporation are not influenced to this decision, however, by any crude notions about the innate capacities of women. The world knows next to nothing about the natural mental capacities of the female sex. Only after generations of civil freedom and social equality will it be possible to obtain the data necessary for an adequate discussion of woman's natural tendencies, tastes and capabilities. Again, the corporation do not find it necessary to entertain a confident opinion upon the fitness or unfitness of women for professional pursuits. It is not the business of the University to decide this mooted point. In this country the University does not undertake to protect the community against incompetent lawyers, ministers or doctors. The community must protect itself by refusing to employ such. Practical, not theoretical, considerations determine the policy of the University. Upon a matter concerning which prejudices are deep, and opinion inflammable, and experience scanty, only one course is prudent or justifiable, when such great interests are at stake—that of cautious and well-considered experiment. The practical problem is to devise a safe, promising and instructive experiment. Such an experiment the corporation have meant to try in opening the newly-established University courses of instruction to competent women. In these courses the University offers to young women who have been to good schools, as many years as they wish of liberal culture in studies which have no direct professional value, to be sure, but which enrich and enlarge both intellect and character. The University hopes thus to contribute to the intellectual emancipation of women. It hopes to prepare some women better than they would otherwise have been prepared for the profession of teaching, the one learned profession to which women have already acquired a clear title. It hopes that the proffer of this higher instruction will have some reflex influence upon schools for girls—to discourage superficiality, and to promote substantial education.

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE COLLEGE.

Mr. ELIOT referred to the difficulty of finding competent Professors. Few Americans of eminent ability are attracted to the profession, for the pay is small and the drudgery severe. When it comes to hiring learning, and inspiration and personal weight, the law of supply and demand breaks down altogether. A university cannot be managed like a railroad or a cotton mill. After referring to the change in the method of electing the Board of Overseers, he said that it would be hard to overstate the importance of the public supervision exercised by the Board of Overseers. Experience proves that our main hope for the permanence and ever-widening usefulness of the University must rest upon this double-headed organization. The corporation Mr. ELIOT designated "the heart of the University." This Board holds the funds, makes appointments, fixes salaries, and has by right the initiative in all changes of the organic law of the University. Such an executive board must be small to be efficient. It must always contain men of sound judgment in finance; and literature and the learned professions should be adequately represented in it. The corporation should also be but slowly renewed; for it is of the utmost consequence to the University that the government should have a steady aim, and a prevailing spirit which is independent of individuals and transmissible from generation to generation. And what should this spirit be? First, it should be a catholic spirit. A university must be indigenous; it must be rich; but, above all, it must be free. The winnowing breeze of freedom must blow through all its chambers. It takes a hurricane to blow wheat away. Secondly, the actuating spirit of the corporation should be a spirit of fidelity,—fidelity to the many and various trusts reposed in them by the hundreds of persons who out of their penury or their abundance have given money to the President and Fellows of Harvard College in the beautiful hope of doing some perpetual good upon this earth. The corporation should also be filled with a spirit of enterprise. An institution like Harvard College is getting decrepit when it sits down contentedly on its mortgages. On its invested funds the corporation should be always seeking how safely to make a quarter of a per cent. more. A quarter of one per cent. means a new Professorship. It should be always pushing after more Professorships, better Professors, more land and buildings and better apparatus. It should be eager, sleepless and untiring, never wasting a moment in counting laurels won, ever prompt to welcome and apply the liberality of the community, and liking no prospect so well as that of difficulties to be overcome and labors to be done in the cause of learning and public virtue.

THE DUTIES OF THE PRESIDENT.

The President of the University is primarily an executive officer; but, being a member of both governing boards and of all the Faculties, he has also the influence in their debates, to which his more or less perfect intimacy with the University and greater or less personal weight may happen to entitle him. An administrative officer who undertakes to do everything himself, will do but little and that little ill. The President's first duty is that of supervision. He should know what each officer's and servant's work is, and how it is done. But the days are past in which the President could be called on to decide everything from the purchase of a doormat to the appointment of a Professor. The principle of divided and subordinate responsibilities, which rules in government bureaus, in manufactories, and all great companies, which makes a modern army a possibility, must be applied in the University. The President should be able to discern the practical essence of complicated and long-drawn discussions. He must watch and look before,—watch to seize opportunities to get money, to secure eminent teachers and scholars, and to influence public opinion toward the advancement of learning,—and look before to anticipate the due effect on the University of the fluctuations of public opinion on educational problems; of the progress of the institutions which feed the University; of the changing condition of the professions which the University supplies; of the rise of new professions; of the gradual alteration of social and religious habits in the community. The University must accommodate itself promptly to significant changes in the character of the people for whom it exists. In this mobile nation the action and reaction between the University and society at large are more sensitive and rapid than in stiffer communities. The President, therefore, must not need to see a house built before he can comprehend the plan of it. He can profit by a wide intercourse with all sorts of men, and by every real discussion on education, legislation and sociology. The most important function of the President is that of advising the corporation concerning appointments, particularly about appointments of young men who have not had time and opportunity to approve themselves to the public. It is in discharging this duty that the President holds the future of the University in his hands. He cannot do it well unless he have insight, unless he be able to recognize, at times beneath some crusts, the real gentleman and the natural teacher. This is the one oppressive responsibility of the President; all other cares are light beside it. It is imperative that the statutes which define the President's duties should be recast, and the customs of the College be somewhat modified, in order that lesser duties may not crowd out the greater. But, however important the functions of the President, it must not be forgotten that he is emphatically a constitutional executive. It is his character and his judgment which are of importance, not his opinions. He is the executive officer of deliberative bodies, in which decisions are reached after discussion by a majority vote. Those decisions bind him. He cannot force his own opinions upon anybody. A university is the last place in the world for a dictator. Learning is always republican. It has idols, but not masters.

THE UNIVERSITY AND THE PUBLIC.

What can the community do for the University? First, it can love, honor and cherish it. The University is upheld by this public affection and respect. In the loyalty of her children she finds strength and courage. The corporation, the overseers and the several faculties need to feel that the leaders of public opinion, and especially the sons of the College, are at their back, always ready to give them a generous and intelligent support. Therefore we welcome the Chief Magistrate of the Commonwealth, the Senators, Judges and other dignitaries of the State, who by their presence at this ancient ceremonial bear witness to the pride which Massachusetts feels in her eldest University. Therefore, we rejoice in the presence of this throng of the Alumni, testifying their devotion to the College, which, through all changes, is still their home. Cherish it. This University, though rich among American colleges, is very poor in comparison with the great universities of Europe. The wants of the American community have far outgrown the capacity of the University to supply them. We must try to satisfy the cravings of the select few as well as the needs of the average many. We cannot afford to neglect the fine arts. We need groves and meadows as well as barracks, and soon there will be no chance to get them in this expanding city. But, above all, we need professorships, books and apparatus, that teaching and scholarship may abound. And what will the University do for the community? First, it will make a rich return of learning, poetry, and piety. Secondly, it will foster the sense of public duty,—that great virtue which makes republics possible. The founding of Harvard College was an heroic act of public spirit. For more than a century the breath of life was kept in it by the public spirit of the Province and of its private benefactors. In the last fifty years the public spirit of the friends of the College has quadrupled its endowments. And how have the young men nurtured here in successive generations repaid the founders for their pious care? Have they honored freedom and loved their country? For answer we appeal to the records of the national service; to the lists of the Senate, the Cabinet, and the diplomatic service, and to the rolls of the army and navy. Honored men, here present, illustrate before the world the public quality of the graduates of this College. Theirs is no mercenary service. Other fields of labor attract them more and would reward them better; but they are filled with the noble ambition to deserve well of the Republic. There have been doubts, in times yet recent, whether culture were not selfish; whether men of refined tastes and manners could really love liberty and be ready to endure hardness for her sake; whether, in short, gentlemen would in this century prove as loyal to noble ideas as in other times they had been to Kings. In yonder old playground, fit spot whereon to commemorate the manliness which there was nurtured, shall soon rise a noble monument which for generations will give convincing answer to such shallow doubts; for over its gates will be written, "In memory of the sons of Harvard who died for their country." The future of the University will not be unworthy of its past.

As Mr. ELIOT resumed his seat the choir sang the chorus from the Antigone of Sophocles, and Rev. Dr. WALKER, an Ex-President of the College, pronounced a benediction.

PRESIDENT ELIOT'S RECEPTION.

Immediately after the close of the exercises in the church, Mr. ELIOT held a reception at the President's house on Quincy-street. Nearly all the invited guests and a large concourse of Mr. ELIOT's friends and fellow citizens of Boston and Cambridge, crowded the parlors of the mansion, and warmly greeted its new occupant. The reception was quite brief, most of the guests departing after extending their congratulations to the new President of the venerable and beloved University.

OAKHAM.

THE ERIE STRIKE.

The End not Yet—Affairs Along the Line of the Railroad.

From Our Own Correspondent.

PORT JERVIS, Tuesday, Oct. 19, 1869.

The strike on the Erie Railroad still continues, and with the exception of the Susquehanna shop, the men seem as determined as ever to hold out until the discharged men at Port Jervis are reinstated.

The Company has as yet showed no disposition to yield, and the men at Long Dock and Buffalo sent word to-day to the Port Jervis men that they were firm, and were resolved not to return to work until the Port Jervis employes were reinstated. In the meantime work is accumulating in the shops, and the strike must soon end, either by the Company putting new hands at work, which the strikers say they are not able to do, or else they must restore the Port Jervis men. It is stated in to-day's TIMES that the shops at Port Jervis were soon to be closed. The fact is it is necessary that shops should be established at this point, and that they can be entirely done away with is absurd.

The machinists are indignant over the statement of the managers of the road that the men were always heretofore paid on or before the 15th, when, they say, for the past four or five months the men here did not receive their money until the 22d, 25th, and, last month, the 28th. The Company have been in the habit, however, of paying the men at Long Dock about the 10th or 12th of the month, while those at this place were paid last, or nearly so. The men want a uniform pay day, and it was for this they struck. This morning the discharged men in the Port Jervis shop for the first time seemed a little disheartened, having received intelligence that the employes in the Susquehanna shop had returned to their work through fear of being discharged; but when they heard that Long Dock and Buffalo were firm, they cheered up, and to-night are full of confidence again. Representatives from the Long Dock, Port Jervis and Buffalo have gone to Susquehanna, probably to induce the Susquehanna men to again quit work. It is stated by them that Mr. GREGG, master mechanic at Susquehanna, after he had received orders to discharge his men unless they resumed work, received a dispatch not to let the men leave Susquehanna by any means, which showed a slight inclination on the part of the Company to yield, but the men resuming work this morning was a damper on the others. It is understood that at Buffalo the strikers will not allow any one to resume work, although no violence is shown. At Port Jervis the discharged employes hold a meeting this evening to consult together and hear reports from their brethren of other places.

THE STRIKE IN JERSEY CITY.

The strike of the employes of the Erie Railway Company, in Jersey City, is, it appears, only a transient demonstration. A large part of the employes returned to their work yesterday, and it is expected that there will be a general submission on the part of the strikers. A meeting was held at No. 7 Engine House, in Jersey City, yesterday, which was attended by about three-fourths of the strikers, and a Committee was appointed to wait upon Mr. FISK to learn what is to be done in the case of the men discharged from the Port Jervis shops. Chief of Police FOWLER detailed a squad of policemen to duty at the shops to prevent any disturbances, as it was feared that an attempt might be made by the strikers to prevent any workmen from entering. But the men were quiet and orderly, and appeared to be willing to permit any of their number to work. Many of the number that left work yesterday stated that they should resume work to-day.

Accidents on the Erie Railway.

Several accidents are reported as having occurred on the Erie Railway yesterday and on Monday, which were attended with considerable loss to the Company, but which resulted, fortunately, in no serious injuries to employes or passengers. At 10 o'clock yesterday forenoon the engine and four cars of an eastern-bound stock train were thrown into the Hackensack River, by the breaking down of a portion of the bridge. The cars were loaded with cattle, a large number of which were drowned. A force of men was sent from Jersey City to clear away and repair the track, and to raise the cars and the engine. The accident did not interrupt travel, as the main track was not damaged. On Monday engine No. 288 ran into a freight train at Ridgewood, N. Y., smashing two cars. The accident occurred through the stupidity of a flagman, who was sent forward around the curve where the accident took place.

STATE POLITICS.

The Republicans of the Fifth District of Erie County have nominated LYMAN OATMAN for member of Assembly. The Democrats of the Third District yesterday nominated Hon. ISRAEL T. HATCH, who was previously nominated by some 200 merchants of Buffalo to look after the canal interests of the city. The Republican candidate in that district is A. H. BLOSSOM.

In the First District of Oneida County the Republicans have selected S. S. LOWRAY as their candidate for member of Assembly.

The Republicans of Greene County have nominated DAVID INGRAHAM for member of Assembly, HENRY WINANS and ZINA L. NEWALL for School Commissioners, and EDWARD C. STEVENS for Superintendent of the Poor.

There is a split among the Republicans of the First District of Oswego County, and two candidates for member of Assembly are in the field—BENJAMIN DOOLITTLE, the member last year, and D. C. LITTLEJOHN. The Oswego *Advertiser* supports the latter as the especial champion of the new railroad line and the interests of Oswego.

The Democrats of the Second District of Oneida County have nominated LEWIS H. SHATTUCK, of Westmoreland, for member of Assembly. ANDREW J. GREEN is their candidate for School Commissioner.

SEYMOUR AINSWORTH has been nominated for member of Assembly by the Democrats of the Second District of Niagara County, and MOSES BROWN for School Commissioner.

Colonel W. W. SNOW is the Democratic candidate for member of Assembly in the Second District of Otsego County, and CHARLES THORPE the candidate for School Commissioner.

The Democrats of Seneca County have made the following nominations: For Member of Assembly—ROBERT R. STEELE, of Romulusville; for County Treasurer—Colonel GEORGE M'GUION, of Seneca Falls; for School Commissioner—WILLIAM HOGAN, of Fayette; for Superintendent of the Poor—R. L. STEVENSON, of Tyre.

The Health of George Peabody.

The friends of GEORGE PEABODY, Esq., will be gratified to learn of his safe arrival in England on the 8th inst. A letter written by him off Liverpool on that day, was received by one of his relatives here yesterday, in which he states that though feeble his general health continues much the same as when he left. He enjoyed a smooth and pleasant passage, and suffered not the least from sea-sickness. This intelligence will be received on this side of the water with a feeling of relief, and with the hope that once in his own home he may speedily recover his former health.

THE NOVEMBER MAGAZINES.

Not so far from it, perhaps, as some others, the current *Atlantic* is still not at its best mark. Mr. PARTON has an interesting paper "The Small Sins of Congress;" Dr. HOLMES a poem measuring BONAPARTE and HUMBOLDT; Mr. TUCKERMAN a pleasant article on "The Old Bankers of Florence;" and on the whole the magazine is very fair, if not always first-rate, reading. The list of writers compares to advantage with other similar lists of the month, and while there are in the magazine some of the signs of reaction and lassitude that are so curiously apt to follow a stupendous sensation, there is nothing to complain of in the painstaking which is characteristic in making up the contents and which secures that effect of contrast and variety which, in such literature, are so desirable.

A sterling magazine is the November *Hours at Home*. The opening story, fanciful and extravagant as it is, does more credit to the writer than the tale in another current monthly from the same pen. Mr. TOWLE is rather too prolific in the way of magazine work to be always at his best, yet his autographic scraps are readable. "Marriages among Men of Genius," like most of Mr. WILSON's essays, is interesting, and, like all of them, modest. There is a hitherto unpublished fragment of HALLECK's, attractive because HALLECK's and not because of its merit, some graphic "Recollections of an Old Painter," by Mr. SULLY, and what appears to be the concluding paper of Professor NOAH PORTER's series on "Historical Reading." Other articles of average quality sustain the reputation for interesting matter of a periodical than which none other is safer or, in general, more useful for the family circle.

It cannot be said that the new *Lippincott* is one of the best of the excellent series. The contents are smooth, and for the most part unobjectionable, but are neither striking nor profound, and one or two of the papers are hardly good enough to have found their way into the magazine. "Wear and Tear" gives a great deal of truth in a trite way. It reads as if the writer was unconscious of the great number of late contributions on the same theme that have preceded his own. "Murder Most Foul" is more like a police report than, for such a place, it should be, and "George D. Prentice" is too personal to be in the best taste, and not amusing enough to atone for it. The copy of Mr. TROLLOPE, and of some others represented in this number is, however, good enough to carry off a good deal of "padding," and the issues of *Lippincott* that have gone before, as we know, and those that are to come, as we hope, may condone for an occasional lapse in quality.

The *Galaxy* this month is quite brilliant. We forbear, as a rule, to touch upon the serials in this and in other magazines, for reasons with which so many will sympathize that they hardly need explanation or apology; but the November *Galaxy* is rich enough, apart from its installments of long stories, to fix plenty of attention and deserve plenty of praise. Mr. MCCARTHY's article on the English Universities is instructive, and, remembering always the writer's strong political bias, has permanent value. A paragraph on page 624 has two blunders in proof-reading in its last six lines—very trifling and about the only blemishes on its smoothness and clearness of style. "The Fire-Fiend," conjured up by the fervent imagination of Mr. EUGENE BENSON, exhibits considerable originality and power. The idea might perhaps have been worked out with a little more variety, so that several interests instead of the single one of the burned church might have helped in working up the climax. The tale is, however, very good as it is. The paper on "Imperialism in America" is a cautious and no doubt a well meant piece of writing, but it seems to tell too much or too little. It promises something by its title and chief topic, which, after all, we fail to get. We look to pluck out the heart of a mystery, and are baffled. Perhaps this was unavoidable, and, if so, the reader may be consoled by the thought that even a little information on so interesting a matter is better than none. Mr. GRANT WHITE's "The Play of the Period" is a generally adroit, but, to ourselves, not always quite intelligible essay on a much agitated subject, and Mr. ANTHONY TROLLOPE's "The Turkish Bath," which we read with interest in the last number of his own magazine, *St. Pauls*, must come home to the heart of every editor, we should say, whether English or American. The "Galaxy Miscellany" is, as usual, judicious and evenly written.

A fresh number of *Packard's Monthly* comes out to-day, and, from its advance sheets, may be pronounced to be cleverly prepared for the delectation of those to whom it appeals. All the articles have attractive headings, most of them are accompanied by well-known names, and some of the matter is thoroughly good, being manifestly sincere as well as interesting, and little marred by the common vices of our cheap publications, either "sensational" or "fine" writing. If, while retaining these worthy qualities, and eschewing the unworthy ones, Mr. PACKARD can keep up his circulation, he will be doing a work of which no editor or publisher need be ashamed.

That admirable periodical, *Our Young Folks*, seems less subject to mutations in quality than its more dignified contemporaries, and the November number is fairly the equal of most that have preceded it. The publishers in nothing show more sagacity than when they secure for this work contributors of high standing to whom they pay their best rates. Children are sharper critics than they are commonly supposed, and Messrs. FIELDS, OSGOOD & Co. are evidently among those who are aware of the fact.

Following the English example, two of our leading publishers, Messrs. APPLETON & Co., of New-York, and FIELDS, OSGOOD & Co., of Boston, have published illustrated almanacs for 1870, both of which are very handsome and creditable. The Appleton almanac is edited by Miss SUSAN FENIMORE COOPER, while the name of the editor of the *Atlantic* is not given. As works of art these almanacs are far in advance of anything of the sort we have had here before, and tread, in truth, close on the heels of their London models. If comparison were not so "odorous" a thing, we might hint that the literary contents of the Boston almanac and the illustrative contents of the New-York one are respectively superior to those of the other; as it is, we advise our readers to buy and profit by both; for they are no Summer friends, but will last the whole year.

The McPherson Monument at Clyde, Ohio.

From the Toledo Blade, Oct. 16.

General HICKENLOOPER and T. D. JONES, Esq., of Cincinnati, General BUCKLAND, of Fremont, and the members of the McPherson Monument Association, met at Clyde, on the 15th inst., surveyed the cemetery grounds, and selected the site for the location of the monument. The contract for the erection of the monument was entered into with T. M. JONES, of Cincinnati, who is to complete the same for $20,000. The artist is to have eighteen months in which to complete his contract. The plan adopted is that of an equestrian statue, the base twenty-two feet by eleven; pedestal nine feet high, of the best Quincy granite; the rider eight feet high, and the horse in proportion, making the statue rise twenty-one feet from the ground. The horse and rider to be of the best bronze. The Association has $15,000 in cash on hand, and will appeal confidently to the patriotic people of Ohio for the $5,000 yet to be raised to complete the work. The monument, when completed, will be one of the finest in the country. Work will be commenced next week, and be continued without interruption until completed.

THE GOLD LITIGATION.

Further Affidavits—Commencement of the Argument in the Supreme Court.

In the Supreme Court Chambers yesterday, before Judge CARDOZO, the cases of EDWARD K. WILLARD *vs.* WM. H. NEILSON, as President of the New-York Stock Exchange, and TOWNSEND COX as President of the New-York Gold Exchange and others, were called on, and several additional affidavits, not hitherto published, were read. Messrs. D. D. and D. FIELD appeared as counsel for the plaintiffs, and Messrs. CLARENCE A. SEWARD, D. P. MARVIN and DA COSTA for the New-York Gold Exchange Bank, and Mr. F. F. MARBURY for the Stock Exchange.

In opening the case, Mr. DUDLEY FIELD briefly stated the condition in which his clients are at the present time. He said four suits had been commenced, and that in three of them there were motions to have the temporary injunctions made permanent. In the fourth, which was the one against the Stock Exchange, an absolute injunction had been granted, and the defendants had obtained an order to show cause why the same should not be dissolved. Inasmuch as all the questions involved were substantially the same, it had been decided that they should be argued together.

In the case of SMITH *vs.* TOWNSEND COX, an affidavit, of which the following is the substance of all that is material, was read as follows:

Henry N. Smith, one of the defendants, deposed that he had nothing whatever to do with the proceedings wherein a receiver of the Gold Exchange Bank was appointed, and an injunction obtained against that bank; that he was not a party thereto, nor was he implicated therein, but he knew that a receiver is still in possession of that bank; that on the 11th inst. an order was made by the Court authorizing the receiver to make settlements; that he has since been engaged in endeavoring to state the accounts and make settlements, and before that time many persons, including the officers of the bank and others interested in its affairs, were diligently endeavoring to settle them. Up to the present time the accounts, even of Thursday, Sept. 23, when the transactions were far less numerous and comparatively uncomplicated, are still unadjusted, while those of Friday, Sept. 24, remain almost if not entirely untouched; and this is a matter of public notoriety, stated by the officers of the bank and others, and repeatedly announced, without contradiction, at meetings of brokers and others that it has been impossible to clear the transactions of Friday, not by reason of any legal proceedings taken, but because they cannot be cleared until the transactions of Thursday are cleared, and those of Thursday have not been cleared because of their magnitude and the great number of failures among dealers. Seats in the Gold Exchange, and in the Stock Exchange are very valuable, and are merchantable, like shares of stock, and are frequently bought and sold in the market. The initiation fees to the Gold Exchange are $16,000, and to the Stock Exchange $10,000, which every person elected to a membership is obliged to pay before taking his seat, unless he has purchased the seat of another member. When a member of either Board does not comply with the rules of that Board, or does not pay his differences upon purchases or sales, under the rules, he is suspended and not permitted to transact business at said Boards until his differences are paid, and if they remain unpaid for a certain length of time his seat is forfeited. In some cases it is sold again for the benefit of creditors, or of the associations; sometimes it is declared entirely lost. Deponent is a member of the New-York Gold Exchange, and his sole business consists in the purchase and sale of stocks, bonds, securities and gold for others upon commission. He could not transact business in gold to any large amount without a seat in the Gold Exchange, and if he were suspended or expelled therefrom he would be deprived of his present means of support. Each Exchange has a common fund, to pay rent, salaries of employes, &c., and money is appropriated from time to time by a vote of such Board. This fund, owned by the Stock Exchange, amounts to several hundred thousand dollars, and by the Gold Exchange to about $110,000. Deponent as well as each member of the Gold Exchange has an interest in that fund. All the contracts made by or for deponent on the 23d and 24th September were subject to clearance at the Gold Exchange Bank. All the rules of that bank governed deponent's contracts, and constituted a part thereof.

Mr. DACOSTA read the answer of the Gold Exchange Bank, which has already been published in our columns.

Mr. MARBURY, in behalf of the Stock Exchange, of which Mr. NEILSON is President, raised the preliminary objection that the complaint was not verified according to law, and that on such a verification the Judge should not have granted the injunction.

Judge CARDOZO decided the point against the counsel.

Mr. C. A. SEWARD, one of the counsel for the defendant TOWNSEND COX, President of the New-York Gold Exchange, and others, at the commencement of his argument made a statement of the facts, in substance as follows: He said the plaintiff WILLARD is a member of the New-York Gold Exchange. He signed its constitution and by-laws, and in his complaint he avers that on the 24th of September last he sold and bought gold at the Gold Exchange; that he has not delivered or paid for the gold, and that by reason thereof the Court should declare his contracts of sale or purchase to be void, and himself entitled to be relieved from the application of the provisions of the constitution and by-laws applicable to cases of defaulting members. This, he said, was the entire equity of the case. The injunction is prayed to restrain the Gold Exchange and its officers from enforcing, as against the plaintiff, the provisions of the constitution and by-laws of the Exchange, and from enforcing the plaintiff's contract. Counsel said the Court has no jurisdiction to declare the contract void, for the facts alleged do not bring the contract within the exceptional cases of fraud, accident or confidence. The contract is one relating simply to a sale or purchase of gold. Equity will not decree specific performance of a contract relating to the purchase or sale of gold, any more than it will decree specific performance of an agreement to transfer stock; and the converse is equally true; it will not relieve from such contract. If it be alleged that the contract can be proved to be a hard one, even that ground affords no right to relief in equity. Nor will equity, upon the ground of mistaken calculation, interfere to relieve from unprofitable bargains. On the most liberal interpretation of the case, the plaintiff has an adequate remedy at law, and is therefore not entitled to the intervention of this Court. If the contract has become legally impossible of performance, that may be a good ground of defence at law, but is no ground for the interposition of a Court of equity. The New-York Gold Exchange is not a corporation, nor is it a partnership. It is a simple association. It is not established by law, nor has it any of the elements of a copartnership. It has neither stock, nor business, nor treasury. All that it has is a constitution and by-laws, and its existence thereunder. It is not different in its organization from that of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church, which the Court, in the case of The Commonwealth *vs.* Green, (4 Wharton, 531,) decided to be a "segregated association, having no corporate quality in itself; not a subject of our corrective jurisdiction, or of our scrutiny, and we have no authority to rejudge its judgments." The New-York Gold Exchange is precisely such an association as the Open Board of Brokers was declared to be by the Common Pleas in the case of White *vs.* Brownell, (3 Abb. Prac. Rep., N. S., 318,) affirmed at General Term, June, 1868, viz.: "A voluntary association of persons who, for convenience, have associated to provide at the common expense a common place for the transaction of their individual business as brokers." And the plaintiff was held not to be entitled to an injunction to prevent the association from enforcing, as against him, the constitution and rules which he had adopted.

In conclusion, counsel said it is apparent from the language of the rule, and from the nature of the case, that the New-York Gold Exchange Bank were not partners to the contracts entered into by the members of the Gold Exchange with each other. The very language of the rule requires that a contract should preexist, and it then provides a method for the easy fulfillment of such contract; but such method does not relate back to the formation of the contract, or enter into it in any way. The failure of the bank does not impair the obligation of the contract as between the parties; nor would the failure of the parties impose any obligation upon the bank. Inasmuch, therefore, as the bank was not a party to the contract, and assumed no obligations thereunder, the pecuniary condition of the bank is inconsequential. It was simply a vehicle of exchange of the obligations of others, and disaster to the vehicle does not impair the obligation of the contract of those who had agreed to use it. The motion to continue the injunction should be denied.

Mr. DAVID DUDLEY FIELD, in behalf of the plaintiffs, will commence his argument at 10 o'clock this morning.

The Receiver of the Gold Exchange Bank Withdraws Certain Personalities.

In the Gold Exchange yesterday the following letter was read from Mr. JORDAN, Receiver of the Gold Exchange Bank:

NEW-YORK GOLD EXCHANGE BANK, Oct. 19.

J. F. Underhill, President New-York Gold Exchange:

DEAR SIR: Please announce to the Board that I desire to withdraw, positively and fully, any personalities that were indulged in by me in regard to the firm of CHARLES UNGER & Co., in my recent remarks in the Gold Room, as I have so done in a note to said firm. And furthermore, I beg leave to say that I regret most sincerely and hereby withdraw any language used by me in violation of the rules of the Board or in any way offensive to its members.

Very respectfully yours,
C. N. JORDAN, Receiver.

A similar letter, as stated, has been sent to Mr. UNGER. It is stated that the counsel of Messrs. UNGER & Co., and those employed by the Banks, are consulting together with a view to an amicable adjustment of their affairs.

The Attempt to Injure the Character of Mr. Friedrich Kapp.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Permit me to say a word with respect of an infamous and unfounded charge against me, recently preferred by a poor, ignorant woman, instigated thereto by others. The charge has been dismissed on the testimony of the complainant herself. I have been informed that this charge was brought forward under the belief that I would receive the nomination for Secretary of State on the Republican ticket, and that thereby a blow would be struck at me which would endanger my chances of success for the office. The authors of this attempt are at present unknown to me, but I am in possession of certain information which will ere long lead to the disclosure of their names. It is enough for me to say, however, that the complainant, under oath, testified that she had never during her life seen me until I appeared in Court to answer the charge; that she had never exchanged a word with me; that her whole testimony, so far as I am concerned, is a fabrication; and that I myself, at some expense, caused to be produced in Court the paper which it was claimed I had forged. On the face of this paper it appeared that no crime whatever had been committed. In addition to all this, after the Judge had dismissed the charge, without calling upon me to produce any testimony, he received a note, a copy of which I inclose, (given below,) from the attorney of the complainant, stating that he was satisfied that the signature claimed to have been forged was genuine, and exonerating me. As respects the crime which this woman has committed in swearing to such a charge, the law will be called upon to punish it. It is, however, a sad commentary upon the administration of our criminal laws that such charges should be entertained in the first instance without the production of the paper alleged to have been forged, the very essence of the crime itself.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,
FRIEDRICH KAPP.

NO. 4 WALL-STREET,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 19, 1869.

The following is the letter referred to by Mr. KAPP:

NO. 61 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK,
Oct. 19, 1869.

Hon. Edward Hogan, Judge of First District Police Court, New-York City:

DEAR SIR: After diligent inquiry I have become satisfied that the certificate payable to AUGUSTA BAUMANN and assigned to FREDERICK KAPP, was witnessed by her son, and genuine. The charge of forgery must, therefore, be withdrawn, as none was committed. The complainant has erred through not understanding English. I am fully assured, however, that the complainant has not been paid her money. There are two other witnesses upon that point. It is my duty, therefore, to say to you, that I withdraw, so far as I am concerned, any complaint against FREDERICK KAPP for forgery, and I think he is fully exonerated therefrom. But I shall bring a civil suit against him for the complainant, for the recovery of the money, and then, of course, if he has paid her he will be fully able to prove it from his books, &c.

In haste, very obediently yours,
H. F. SHEARMAN.

Woman Suffrage—Call for a National Convention.

The undersigned, being convinced of the necessity of an American Woman Suffrage Association, which shall embody the deliberate action of the State organizations, and shall carry with it their united weight, do hereby respectfully invite such organizations to be represented in a delegate Convention, to be held at Cleveland, Ohio, Nov. 24 and 25, A. D. 1869. The proposed basis of this Convention is as follows: The delegates appointed by existing State organizations shall be admitted, provided their number does not exceed, in each case, that of the Congressional delegation of the State. Should it fall short of that number, additional delegates may be admitted from local organizations, or from no organization whatever, provided the applicants be actual residents of the States they claim to represent. But no votes shall be counted in the Convention except those actually admitted as delegates:

John Neal, Nathaniel White, Armenia S. White, William T. Savage, James Hutchinson, Jr., C. W. Willard, William Lloyd Garrison, Lydia Maria Child, David Lee Child, George F. Hoar, Julia Ward Howe, Gilbert Haven, Caroline M. Severance, James Freeman Clarke, Abby Kelly Foster, Stephen S. Foster, Frank B. Sanborn, Phebe A. Hanaford, Elizabeth B. Chace, T. W. Higginson, Rowland G. Hazard, Hannah M. Tracy Cutler, A. J. Boyer, Mary V. Longley, J. J. Bellville, Miriam M. Cole, S. Bollin, Amanda Way, George W. Julian, Laura Giddings Julian, Lizzie M. Boynton, Mary A. Livermore, C. B. Waite, Myra Bradwell, James B. Bradwell, Sharon Tyndale, J. P. Weston, Robert Collyer, Joseph Haven, Moses Coit Tyler, James A. B. Stone, Mrs. L. H. Stone, H. M. Rogers, Seth Rogers, Marianna Stanton, George William Curtis, Lydia Mott, Henry Ward Beecher, Francis D. Gage, Samuel J. May, Celia Burleigh, Wm. H. Burleigh, Aaron M. Powell, Anna C. Field, Gerrit Smith, E. S. Bunker, Lucy Stone, Henry B. Blackwell, John Gage, Portia Gage, Antoinette Brown Blackwell, A. J. Davis, Mary F. Davis, Mary Grow, Thomas Garrett, Fielder Israel, Lily Peckham, Augusta J. Chapin, Amelia Bloomer, Charles Robinson, Mrs. C. I. H. Nichols, John Ekin, D. D., J. P. Root, Mrs. S. B. Stearns, Mrs. W. T. Hazard, Isaac H. Sturgeon, Mrs. Beverly Allan, James E. Yeatman, Mary E. Beedy, J. C. Orrick, Mrs. George D. Hall, Guy W. Wines, Charles J. Woodbury, Mary Atkins Lynch, Elizabeth C. Wright, Grace Greenwood, A. K. Safford, J. A. Brewster.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDARS THIS DAY.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.

Held by Benedict, J.

L. J. Kelly, Edgar Burnton, D. J. Kelly, Charles Best, C. A. Willard, Calvin Willis, James Bell, opening Post Office letters; Frederick Bauer, John Lindauel, not paying special tax as lottery dealers; Egbert Ten Eyck, forging United States Army Paymaster's checks; John T. Bliss, J. Woodruff Lewis, W. E. Sheldon, J. B. Herman, defrauding soldiers out of bounty money; Lucien Brown, Thomas Osborn, John A. Cooney, defrauding soldiers out of bounty money; John Bismar, forgery; James Mead, conspiracy to defraud; Patrick Kelly, counterfeiting; James D. Keith, violation of section 10, act of 1825; William Whimpster, et al, drawback frauds; James C. Howe, alias James Caverly, violation of section 13, chapter 65, act of 1865; H. Jenner, A. Richardson, perjury; Israel C. Lawrence et al., illicit removal of tobacco; Ethan L. Watson, N. D. Craig, Harvey Pike, Wm. Stewart, et al., illicit removal of spirits; Norman N. Finley, Henry Rich et al., conspiracy to defraud; W. Ferguson, perjury.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.

Part I.—Held by Ingraham, J.—Court opens at 10:30 A. M.

Nos.	Nos.
1943½—Hanks vs. Rutgers Female College.	1977—Schutz vs. Westcott.
1717—Bank of Commonwealth vs. Recknagel.	1981—Benedikt vs. Horn.
1947—Larned vs. Ryder.	1983—Lane vs. Andrews.
1959—Bridgeport Brass Co. vs. Wolven.	1985—Hastings vs. Mulvey.
1967—Simmons vs. Lyon.	1987—Wise vs. Guiseman.
1973—Bank of Commonwealth vs. Thiele.	1989—Burrill vs. Overaker.
1491—Van Allen vs. American National B'k.	1991—Brown vs. Butler.
1645—Earle vs. Kelly, Sheriff, &c.	1995—Curtin vs. Crowley.
	1997—Murray vs. Davis.
	2001—Storey vs. Farmers' Transportation Co.
	2003—Walter vs. Meyer.
	2005—Divoll vs. Burgher.

Part II.—Held by Sutherland, J.—Court opens at 10:30 A. M.

Nos.	Nos.
520—Gresan vs. Haufman et al.	880—Hatch vs. Dorti.
340—Wood vs. Lefferts.	1120—Clark vs. Gardiner.
1062—Shoe and Leather Bank vs. Curtis.	1434—Miller vs. Haines.
1400—Edsheimer vs. Peck.	1488—National Bank of Cincinnati vs. John Kelly.
1536—Brinkerhoff vs. Clogan.	1520—Vroman vs. Aiken.
1544—Jones vs. Boughton.	1540—Hatch vs. Tessinger.
1486—Rosenthall vs. Pecare.	956—Hershfield vs. Levy.
160—Merwin vs. American Express Co.	1316—Williams vs. Eli.
484—Hand vs. Williamsburg City Fire Ins. Co.	1524—Gordon vs. Salomon.
	1564—Nat. Bank of North Amer. vs. Penistar.
	1566—Weeks vs. Russell.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Held by Barnard, J.

Demurrers.

Nos.	Nos.
25—Toole vs. Remson.	27—Same vs. DeWitt.
26—Same vs. Smith.	

Issues of Law and Fact.

274—O'Connor vs. Scanlon.	258—Barnes vs. Ames.
135—Cranston vs. Mason.	259—Stevenson vs. Catherwood.
184—Kehoe vs. Bryan.	260—Mass vs. Myers.
242—Stanton vs. Lyman.	264—Warren vs. Brown.
248—Galinger vs. Galinger.	265—Connell vs. Graves.
115—Sauter vs. Nesebaum.	266—Cowles vs. Tomlinson.
251—Stanton vs. Lyman.	267—Unger vs. Schoening.
252—Harris vs. Turner.	268—Stebbins vs. Odell.
254—Stanton vs. Lyman.	269—Leift vs. Weiss.
257—Foster vs. Leet.	

SUPERIOR COURT.

Part I.

Nos.	Nos.
1025—Brown vs. Central Park Railroad Co.	1147—Hadley vs. Hand Pegging Machine Co.
1131—Powers vs. Mahon.	1197—Lockwood vs. McGrath.
1047—Robinson vs. Frey.	1199—Springstein vs. Guran.
993—Arnord vs. Mearks.	981—Wollenburger vs. Herz.
1035—Benner vs. O'Brien.	1112—Collins vs. Frier.
1255—Conn vs. Coleman.	1181—Foster vs. Mooney.
1067—Budenick vs. Dilger.	
231—Birdsall vs. New-England Mutual Life Insurance Co.	
1177—Reiss vs. Sonzo.	

Part II.—Held by Freedman, J.

Nos.	Nos.
1052—Byland vs. Sanger.	664—Shahart vs. N. Y. and New-Haven Railroad Co.
1094—Garvin vs. Mitchell.	1246—Everson vs. Baker.
1100—Naunman vs. Caldwell.	1260—Hammond vs. Cochrane.
1165—Shafer vs. Lang.	1232—Sharpe vs. O'Brien.
750—Crowley vs. McKnight.	1285—Funke vs. N. Y. Mutual Ins. Co.
1088—Hawkins vs. Baker.	1286—Same vs. Orient Mutual Ins. Co.
1272—Cannon vs. Keeler.	
1278—Baxter vs. Slattery.	
1094—Newman vs. Hull.	

MARINE COURT.

Part I.—Held by [illegible], J.

Nos.	Nos.
3529—Peterson vs. [illegible]ky.	3929—Dolan vs. Kearns.
2779—Louretto vs. Louretto.	3969—Friedman vs. Deutsch.
3815—Frank vs. Simonson.	3970—Blum vs. Straus.
3859—Thurber vs. Kelly.	3971—Fetshaw vs. Krieschman.
—Mann vs. Harrington.	3972—Claflin vs. Bob.
3867—Kennedy vs. O'Grady.	3973—Taylor vs. Pratt.
3919—Mallon vs. Hagan.	3974—Keller vs. Fingle.
	3975—Axford vs. Haines.

Part II.—Held by Curtis, J.

Nos.	Nos.
3869—Goodwin vs. Goodwin.	3958—Kellog vs. Oakley.
3887—Bloomer vs. Blum.	3978—Randall vs. Arnault.
3906—Blum vs. Dickhardt.	3979—Schidenwitz vs. Fibel.
3906½—Thornie vs. Rollings.	3980—Harris vs. Hays.
3910—Klein vs. Levy.	3981—Bechtol vs. Hellstin.
3727—Fenner vs. Bauer.	3982—Garrison vs. Seaman.
3876—Midgley vs. Hicks.	3983—Roosevelt vs. Stevens.
3977—Bissell vs. Petit.	

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

No. 153.—*The President, Directors and Company of the Veazie Bank vs. Jeremiah Fenno, Collector of Internal Revenue.*—This cause comes here on a certificate of division of opinion between the Judges of the Circuit Court for the District of Maine. Under the second clause, ninth section, of the act of July 13, 1866, entitled "An act to reduce internal taxation," a tax of ten per cent. was assessed against the Veazie Bank, incorporated under the laws of Maine, upon State bank bills issued for circulation, and paid out since Aug. 1, 1866. The tax, with penalties and costs, were paid by the bank under protest, and to avoid a distraint. To recover back the sum so paid, this action was brought, and, upon a division of opinion below, the following questions were certified up: First—Whether the second clause of the ninth section of the act of Congress of the 13th of July, 1866, under which, the tax in this case, was assessed and collected, is a valid and constitutional law. Second—Whether that clause conferred the legal and constitutional power upon the defendant, under his warrant from the assessor, to collect the tax in this case of the plaintiffs. Third—Whether Congress possessed the power, under the Constitution, to enact the provision of that statute, and to authorize the assessment and collection of the tax in this case. On the part of the bank it is insisted that the tax in question is unconstitutional, because it is a direct tax without apportionment among the States; because, if not a direct tax, then it violates the rule of uniformity required by the Constitution; because it is not a tax imposed for revenue, but imposed in order to tax out of existence the banks of the States. While not imposed for revenue, it is, in effect, encroachment upon, and usurpation of, the municipal power of the separate States. It is unconstitutional, because the effect of the tax is to take, without compensation, private property, namely, the franchise of the banks of the States. The Attorney-General argues that the tax is not a direct tax within the meaning of the Constitution, and is not a tax capable of being apportioned among the States according to numbers. It is an excise or duty upon a branch of business, or the mode of carrying on business of the same description by all corporations of a certain character. Congress would have the constitutional right to prohibit what they thus undertake to tax; and whatever they may prohibit (not *malum in se*) they may regulate or permit upon condition. If Congress have the power to tax, the degree of taxation is not to be regarded by this Court, but is within the discretion of Congress, whose motives cannot be inquired into within the scope of their constitutional functions. The power to tax includes the power to make taxation burdensome, or even destructive to particular branches of business. The uniformity required in taxation is not violated by an exemption made on public grounds, the exception being, in itself, uniform in all the States. Argued for the plaintiff below by General Cushing and Hon. Reverdy Johnson, and for the Government by Attorney-General Hoar.

The Attorney-General moved that No. 172, Farrington *vs.* Sanders, involving the constitutionality of the cotton tax, be continued to next term, and be set down for the first day of the term. The motion is under advisement.

Mr. C. F. Southmayd, of the firm of Evarts, Southmayd & Choate, of New-York, was admitted to the Bar.

The Court was occupied to-day in hearing argument in the case of T. Harris—suit against the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company to recover damages for injuries resulting from a collision between two trains near Mannington, W. Va., in October, 1864, and also in the cases of William Aldrich et al. *vs.* The Etna Insurance Company, in error to the New-York Court of Appeals.

DECISIONS.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—OCT. 19.

By Judge Cardozo.

Sherman *vs.* Parish; allowance of $500 granted.
Smith *vs.* Bodine; motion denied.
Bolen *vs.* Crosby; motion granted.
Green *vs.* Green; motion denied.
Grube *vs.* Reimer; motion granted.
In the matter of the petition of F. M. Bixby to vacate assessment; writ suspended.
Mills *vs.* Rodewald; motion denied.
Fagan *vs.* Fagan; motion granted.
Stursberg *vs.* Cohn; order granted.
Frankfield *vs.* Feitretch; motion granted.
Pistor *vs.* Addison; memorandum for counsel.
Miller *vs.* Clock and Rupprecht *vs.* Fisher; motions granted.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—OCT. 19.

By Judge Jones.

Louisa Potter *vs.* Mary Boyd et al.; motion granted without costs.

Thomas A. Harris *vs.* Francis Curet; demurrer overruled with costs.

Louis Elsberg *vs.* New-York Fengot Coal Company; motion denied with $10 costs.

Henrietta H. Cole *vs.* William H. Bennett et al.; motion to dissolve injunction granted without costs.

Joseph M. Freak *vs.* John White et al.; judgment for plaintiff on demurrer with costs.

Philo Johnson *vs.* Hudson River Railroad Company; extra allowance of $750 granted.

Douglas A. Levien et al. *vs.* James W. Frazer et al.; application refused with $10 costs; order to be settled on two days' notice.

Thomas Egan *vs.* James Rooney; motion granted in part and denied in part; order to be settled on two days' notice.

Bernard Oberstein *vs.* Isaac Freedburg; motion granted without costs.

Hugo Felt *vs.* William D. Harris et al.; judgment vacated and set aside without costs.

Titus B. Eldridge *vs.* Samuel C. Reid et al.; motion denied without costs and stay.

Alvah J. Lord *vs.* Edward J. Richmond et al.; judgment for the plaintiff on the answer as frivolous.

Jacob Solomon by his Guardian, &c., *vs.* Central Park, North and East River Railroad Company; extra allowance of $100 granted.

Kohlzatt *vs.* Goetz; let the papers on the motion for leave to discontinue be submitted.

John Brady *vs.* Charles Manly; motion granted.

Samuel D. Whitney *vs.* Reuben B. Robinson; motion granted without costs.

James D. Lyon *vs.* Abraham V. D. Leigh; motion denied; defendant to appear and be examined Oct. 21, 1869.

Robert W. Baile *vs.* the New-York Gold Exchange Bank et al.; motion granted without costs.

First National Bank of Westport *vs.* Charles B. Peet et al.; motion granted.

George Berner *vs.* G. M. Mittnacht; see memorandum with Special Term Clerk.

NOTICE TO THE BAR.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

In pursuance of an order entered at Special Term, all causes on the Calendar of this branch of the Court marked "Reserved Generally," will be stricken from the Calendar unless noticed for trial by November Term of said Court.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—PART I.—OCT. 19.

Before Judge Ingraham.

THE JUMEL WILL CASE POSTPONED.

Champlain Bowen et al. vs. Nelson Chase et al.—There are three actions now pending in this Court, in which the parties, the facts and the principles of law involved, are substantially the same as in the action above mentioned. The value of the property at stake is enormous, as already published in our columns. The cases being on the day calendar, the parties, plaintiffs, desired a postponement on the ground that certain witnesses, resident in Rhode Island, to whom commissions had been issued to take their testimony, were ill, and therefore unable to attend before the Commissioner.

After considerable argument by counsel upon either side, the Court decided to postpone the trial till the first Monday of November next, upon plaintiffs stipulating that they would then be ready for trial. Ordered accordingly.

For plaintiffs, Charles Tracy, Pyne and Cambrelling; for the defendants, Messrs. Charles O'Conner and James C. Carter.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—PART II—OCT. 19.

Before Judge Sutherland and a Jury.

RESULT OF A HUSBAND TAKING HIS WIFE'S DIAMONDS.

Juliette Mayer vs. Preserved Gaige.—In this case, which was an action by the plaintiff to recover the sum of $2,200, the alleged value of certain jewelry, consisting of one diamond brooch worth $1,000, three diamond studs, $200; one diamond ring, $500; and two other diamond rings, $400; one breastpin, &c., $100, alleged to have been stolen by a former husband of the plaintiff, and by him pledged to the defendant, the jury, after an absence of several hours, returned into Court with a verdict of $600 for the plaintiff. To this amount the Court added an allowance of five per cent. by way of costs. For the plaintiff, Mr. H. H. Morange; for the defendant, Mr. Robert D. Holmes.

COURT OF SPECIAL SESSIONS.

Before Justices Kelly and Dowling.

There were thirty-seven small cases on the Calendar in this Court yesterday.

Michael McCabe was sentenced to thirty days' imprisonment in the City Prison for having picked the pockets of a drunken man in Doyer-street.

Michael Reynolds was sentenced to three months' imprisonment, and to pay a fine of $50 for having assaulted a policeman named George W. Dickson.

Margaret Schwarts was sentenced to four months imprisonment for having stolen a quantity of clothing belonging to Sarah Burns.

The Court adjourned until Monday morning.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Before Recorder Hackett.

FALSE PRETENCES.

William H. Brown, alias W. H. Smith, was sentenced to three years' imprisonment in State Prison for having attempted to defraud Michael Pepprud, of No. 44 West Fourth-street, by means of false representations. He offered the latter a paper purporting to be a check on the Fulton National Bank for $155, in payment for a debt of $140. It appeared to be signed by H. J. Raymond & Co. The prisoner claimed that he had received the check from the cashier of the TIMES newspaper, Mr. Roberts, for services rendered to the paper, but subsequently admitted that it was false and worthless. The accused was also charged by Philip Reilly, detective, of the Fifteenth Precinct, with having forged the name of H. P. Whitney, proprietor of the *Sunday Mercury*, to a paper purporting to be a check on the same bank for $20. He attempted to destroy the check at the time of his arrest. The accused was further charged with having forged the name of C. A. Dana, editor of the *Sun*, to a paper purporting to be a check for $25, which he presented to Louis Bossnet, of No. 123 Bleecker-street, in payment for a pair of shoes, receiving $10 in change. The prisoner also obtained $25 from Francis Pramaggione, of No. 407 Broome-street, on a check signed with the name of J. C. Cauldwell.

MINOR SENTENCES.

Caroline Smith was sentenced to the City Prison for thirty days, for having stolen a watch from Jacob Hunkle, of No. 105 Church-street.

Joseph Schlagger was sentenced to State Prison for one year for having stolen $109 worth of clothing belonging to James Clancy, of No. 10 Battery-place.

Charles Roberts was sentenced to the State Prison for one year for having stolen a watch from Peter F. Hey, of No. 338 Pearl-street, while the latter was asleep.

Thomas Roberts was sentenced to State Prison for two years and six months for stealing $40 worth of jewelry from Charles Harris, of No. 204 East Thirty-fourth-street.

James Dempsey was sentenced to the State Prison for two years and six months for having stolen a horse and wagon from Alonzo Dutch, of No. 308 West Twenty-second-street.

The Court adjourned until 11 o'clock to-day.

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—Oct. 19, 1869.

FIRST BOARD—10¼ A. M.

$500 U.S. 5-20 C., '62, small	120	400 Cum. Coal Pf. b.c.	26¾
4,500 U. S. 5-20 C., '65, new....s3	118	100 N. Y. Cen.	187¾
1,000 U. S. 5-20 C. '67	118¾	200 do.	187¾
75,000 do....c	113	100 Erie	29¾
35,000 U. S. 5-20 R., '67	118	50 do.	29¾
5,000 U. S. 5s, 10-40 R.	108	110 do.	29¾
28,000 U. S. 6s, Cur.	108	100 do.	29¾
2,000 Tenn. 6s, ex c.	60¾	100 Hudson R.	171
7,000 do.	61	200 Harlem R.	144
5,000 Tenn. 6s, n.	54¾	200 do.	145
30,000 do.	55	700 do.	145¾
20,000 do.	55¼	200 do.	145¾
20,000 do.	55¾	1200 Reading	96¾
10,000 N. C. St. 6s, new	40¾	200 do.	96¾
20,000 do. spec. tax	44	2050 L. S. & M. So.	92
5,000 do.	43¾	1000 do....s60	91¾
10,000 do.	43½	800 do.	92¾
5,000 La. 6s, Lev. Bs	64¾	200 do....b3	92
5,000 Chic., B. & Q. 8s	107¾	700 Clev. & Pitts.	99¾
9,000 M. So. S. F. Bds	98¾	300 Chi. & N. W.	71¾
6,000 Gt. West. 2d M.	82	1000 do.	71¾
3,000 C. & N.W. con. conv. Bonds	91	100 do....b3	71¾
1,000 C. & R. I. & P. R. 7s	94	200 Chi. & N. W. Pf.	83¾
4,000 Tol. & W. 2d M.	84	25 Chi. & R. I.	107¾
6,000 N.J. Cen. 1st M.	99	100 do.	107¾
7,000 Tol., P. & W. 1st East. D.	83	100 do....b3	107¾
1,000 West U. Tel. 7s	88	25 do.	108
2,000 Gal. & Chic. 1st	99	100 do.	108
6 Bk. of Commerce	124¾	200 M. & St. P. Pf.	81¾
25 Phoenix Bank	109	100 do.	81¾
5 Hanover Bank	109	200 Tol., W. & W.	65¾
25 Cent. Nat. Bank	111	300 do.	65¾
30 Ninth Nat. Bank	114	100 Pitts., Ft. W. & C. guar.	84¾
10000 Mar. T. 10s, ctfs	44	110 do.	84¾
200 Boston W. P.	14¾	100 do.	84¾
100 Mariposa Pf.	16½	100 Alt. & T. H.	32
10 Pacific Mail	58¾	400 Ohio & Miss.	28¾
200 do....bet. call	58½	100 do.	28¾
100 do.	58¾	100 Chic. & Alt. R.	144¾
100 Wells-Far. Ex.	20¼	100 N. J. Cen.	101¾
50 do.	20½	200 Mor. & Ess. R.	88
100 do.	20½	39 New-Jersey R.	120
100 do.	20	100 Alt. & T. H. Pf.	60
100 do....b10	20¾	100 H. & St. Jos.	110
		100 do.	110¾
		92 N. Y. & N. H.	133
		50 do....bet. call	134
		200 Bos., H. & E.	18

SECOND BOARD—12 M. AND 2½ P. M.

$2,500 U.S. 6s, '81, C.	119¾	$90,000 U.S. 5-20 C., '65, new....s3	118
115,000 U. S. 5-20 R., '62	115¾	11,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '67, s3	118
1,000 U.S. 5-20 C., '62 s3	120	1,500 U.S. 5s, 10-40 C.c.	108¾
20,000 do....s3	120¾	25,000 U. S. 6s, Cur.	107¾
1,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '65, s3	119¾		
5,000 do.	119¾		

SECOND BOARD—1 P. M.

$10,000 Tenn. St. 6s, n.	55½	200 Harlem	146
20,000 do.	55¾	58 Reading	96
5,000 N. C. St. 6s, n.	40¾	10 Lake S. & M. S.	92¾
2,000 do.	40	500 Clev. & Pitts.	99
10,000 do. spec. tax	43¾	100 do.	98
1,000 Va. St. 6s, new	55	400 Chi. & N. W.	71¾
3,000 La. 6s, Lev. B.	64	300 Chi. & N. W. Pf.	83½
3,000 P., F.W. & C. 1st	99	23 C., C., C. & Ind.	77
2,000 P., F.W. & C. 2d.	95	200 Chi. & R. I.	107¾
1,000 P., F.W. & C. 3d.	90	200 Mil. & St. P.	67¾
5,000 M. C. 8s, n. bds	121	500 do.	68
10 Manhattan Bank	143	100 do.	68¾
100 Cum. Coal Pf.	27	210 do.	68¾
100 West. U. Tel.	36¾	400 do.	68¾
100 Quick. Min. Co.	12¾	300 Mil. & St. P. Pf.	81¾
200 Pacific Mail	58¾	200 do.	81½
100 do....s30	58¾	100 T., W. & W.	65½
100 Mariposa Pref.	16¾	100 Mor. & Es.	88
100 Adams Ex....b30	58	50 P., Ft. W. & Chi., guarant'd	85
100 do.	57¾	100 do.	84¾
400 N.Y. Cen. R.	188¾	42 do.	84¾
100 do....s3	188¾	100 Chic., B. & Q. b.c.	161
100 Erie	30¾		

NEW NATIONAL BOARD—NOON.

$5,000 Amer. Gold. b3	130¾	100 Ohio & Miss.	26¾
180,000 do.	130¾	100 do.	26¾
100 Cumberland	26¾	100 Chi. & N. W.	71¾
100 Mariposa Min.	8¾	100 do....s3	71¾
100 Mariposa Pf....b10	16¾	200 Chi. & N. W. Pf.	83¾
100 West. U. T.	36¾	100 Erie	30
100 Pacific Mail	58¾	100 do....s3	29¾
100 do.	58¾	300 Gt. Eu. Am. Em. Land Co.	18¾
200 Reading....b3	96¾	200 do.	18¾
100 L. S. & M. S. R.	91¾	200 do....s3	29¾

TUESDAY, Oct. 19—P. M.

The Wall-street markets were generally very steady to-day. The only decided change was in the New-York (Vanderbilt) Railways, on the Stock, which made a further advance of 3@4 ₩ cent., the demand being brisk for all three of the Roads, on a moderate offering. The sales of Central were as high as 190; Hudson, 173¾, and Harlem, 146@147 ₩ cent. This continued upward movement in these special Stocks had less influence on the Western list than yesterday, and our closing quotations for the Northwests, the St. Paul's, Lake Shore, and Rock Island are weaker than on Monday night, so that we may remark that speculation is somewhat slow in taking a general range through the Railway list. In the Southern State Bonds, new Tennessees improved 1½@2 ₩ cent. on the unanimous vote of the State Senate yesterday against all attempts at repudiation or bad faith. The other bonds were steady, and the Public Funds much the same as on Monday, with a continued light offering from the public. The Sinking Fund will purchase $2,000,000 United States 5-20s at noon to-morrow, and another $1,000,000 on Thursday.

The ruling in Gold keeps remarkably even at 130@130⅛ ₩ cent., both on the Treasury sales—amounting to $1,000,000 to-day—and in the open market. The Gold Room installed its new officers to-day, but made no progress in arranging, what really seems uncalled for to promote regular dealings, a Clearing Office. The Room seems to be strong in its private finances, the Treasurer reporting a balance of $130,000 at the close of the fiscal year. It seems probable that the Stock Exchange Board will not interfere in the dealings in Gold, though some suggestions of the kind have been made since the recent difficulties.

After the late Boards the following quotations were made as compared with Monday night, the market closing steady:

CLOSING QUOTATIONS OCT. 18.

	Monday.	Tuesday.
United States 10-40s	108⅛	108¾
United States 5-20s of 1862	120⅛	120¾
United States 5-20 of 1867	118⅛	118⅛
American Gold Coin	130⅛	130⅛
Bills on London, 60 days	109⅛	109⅛
New Bonds of Tennessee	53½	55¾
Old Tennessees	60¾	61
North Carolina Bonds, new	40½	40¾
Old North Carolinas	47½	47
New-York Central	186⅛	189¼
Reading Railway	96⅜	96⅜
Chicago and Rock Island	107¼	107
Northwest Common	72	71¼
Northwest Preferred	84	83½
Pacific Mail Company	58¼	58½
St. Paul Preferred	81½	81
St. Paul Common	67⅜	67¾
Hudson River	169½	173
Lake Shore	92	91¼
Erie	30¼	30¼
Ohio and Mississippi	27	27

There was a fair demand for Money from the Brokers at 6@7 ₩ cent. We heard nothing new of Foreign Exchange; Bankers on London 109@109⅛ ₩ cent.

The following bids were made for the various Public Funds of the United States:

6 ₩ cent. reg., 1881	119¾	5-20 coupon. n. i., 1865	118
6 ₩ cent. coup., 1881	119¾	5-20 coupon, 1867	118
5-20 registered, 1862	115¾	5-20 coupon, 1868	118
5-20 coupon, 1862	120	10-40 registered	107¾
5-20 coupon, 1864	119¾	10-40 coupon	108⅜
5-20 coupon, 1865	119¾	6s Currency	107⅞

And the following for the State Bonds:

Illinois coup. 6s, 1877	101	Louisiana 6s, Lev. bds.	64
Illinois coup. 6s, 1879	101	California 7s	120
Indiana 5 ₩ cent.	98¾	Connecticut 6s	99
Mich. 6 ₩ cent., 1883	99¾	Rhode Island 6s	99
Mich. 7 ₩ cent., 1878	100	Alabama 8s	90
Tenn. 6s, ex coup.	61	New-York reg. B'y L.	107¾
Tenn. 6s, new bonds	55¾	N. Y. coup. B'y L.	107¼
Vir. 6s, ex coup.	50	N. Y. 7s, C'l L., 1870	99
Vir. 6s, new bonds	52½	N. Y. 6s, C'l L., 1872	100
Georgia 7s, new bds.	90¾	N. Y. 6s, C'l L., 1873	100
North Carolina 6s	47	N. Y. 6s, C'l L., 1874	100
North Car. 6s, n. bds.	40¾	N. Y. 6s, C'l L., 1875	100
N. Car. 6s, Spec. Tax.	43¾	N. Y. 6s, C'l L., 1877	100¼
Missouri 6s	87	N. Y. 6s, C'l L., 1878	101
Louisiana 6s	68	N. Y. 5s, C'l L., 1874	98

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, 1883	90¾	G. West. 2d M., 1893	81¾
N. Y. Cen. 6s, R. Est.	87¾	Galena & Chi. ext.	98
N. Y. Cen. 6s, Sub.	87¾	Chi. & R. I. 1st M.	99
Erie 7s, 3d Ind., 1883	83	Chi., R. I. & P.	94
Erie 7s, 4th Ind., 1880	78¾	Morris & Essex 1st M.	99¾
Erie 7s, 5th Ind., 1888	77¾	Morris & Essex 2d M.	91
H. R. 7s, 1st M., '69-70	99	Cleve. & Tol. S. F.	97
H. R. 7s, 2d M. S.F. '85	102¾	N. J. Cen. 2d M.	99
Harlem 1st M.	100	N. J. Cen. new bonds.	98½
C., B. & Q. 8 ₩ c. 1st M.	107¾	P., F. W. & C. 1st M.	98
M. So. 7 ₩ c. 2d M.	90¾	Cleve. & Pitts. 3d M.	90
M.S. & N.I.S.F. 7 ₩ c.	98¾	Cleve. & P. M. 4th M.	72
Pac. R. 7s, guar. Mo.	90	Chi. & Alton S. F.	78
Ill. Cen. 7 ₩ c., 1875	115	Chi. & Alton 1st M.	100
Alton & T. H. 1st M.	92¾	Chi. & Alton Inc.	85
Alton & T. H. 2d Pf.	80	Ohio & Miss., Con.	78
Alton & T. H. 2d in.	72	Dub. & S. C. 1st M.	90¾
Chi. & N. W. S. F.	90	Peninsula R. R. Bds.	85
Chi. & N. W. Int. B.	89	St. L. & Iron M. Bds.	81
Chi. & N. W. 1st M.	88¾	Mil. & St. P. 1st M., 8s.	100
Consol. 7 ₩ c. conv.	90	M. & S.P. 1st M., 7 3-10.	89
Lack. & West. Bonds.	92	Mil. & St. P. I. & M.d.	83
Del., L. & W. 1st M.	92	Chi. & Mil. 1st M.	87
Del., L. & W. 2d M.	82	Chi. & Gt. East. 1st M.	77
Tol. & W. 1st M. ex.	88	Chi. & [illegible] 1st M.	77¾
Tol. & W. 2d M.	82	Tol., P. & W., E. D.	85
Gt. West. 1st M., 1888.	93¾	Cen. Pacific Bonds.	91¾

And the following for the City Bank Stocks:

New-York	130	Bank of the Republic	118
Manhattan	149	Hanover	109
Merchants'	120	Irving	113
Mechanics'	142	Market	124
America	142	Nassau	106
North River	95	Corn Exchange	100
Tradesmen's	150	Continental	115
National	111	Commonwealth	110¾
Merch. Exchange	118	Importers' & Traders'	140
Seventh Ward	114	Park	165
State of New-York	111	Manuf's & Merch's	100
Commerce	123	Central National	111
Broadway	280	Fourth National	103¾
Ocean	92	Ninth National	114
Amer. Exchange	116	Gold Exchange	15
Chatham	170		

The Export Clearances of Domestic Produce for the week from the Port of New-York are of the Currency value of $4,149,217.

Earnings of the Pacific Railroad (of Missouri) for the first week in October, 1869: Passengers and mails, $24,311; freights, $36,316. Total, $60,627.

UNITED STATES TREASURY,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 19.

General balance yesterday	$91,294,182 61
Gold receipts	843,951 50
Gold payments	273,704 27
Gold balance	84,874,740 83
Currency receipts	3,246,930 40
Currency payments	3,315,923 55
Currency balance	6,542,529 44
General balance	91,892,477 43
Included in gold receipts—Customs	514,000 00

CLEARING HOUSE STATEMENT.

Exchange	$92,307,052 79
Balances	2,828,377 83

The following are the awards of Gold at the Treasury Office to-day, out of $3,128,000 bid for:

Name.	Amount.	Price.
Trevor & Colgate	$50,000	130.02
Trevor & Colgate	50,000	130.01
J. A. Garland	15,000	130.01
R. B. Drummond	6,000	130.00
Linder, Kingsley & Co.	5,000	130.09
Robinson, Cox & Co.	39,000	130.01
F. F. Hicks	5,000	130.03
Roche Bros. & Coffey	5,000	130.00
Elliott & Dunn	10,000	130.00
Gibson, Beadleson & Co.	65,000	130.04
Gibson, Beadleson & Co.	20,000	130.03
Gibson, Beadleson & Co.	10,000	130.02
Buckingham & Brown	10,000	130.01
C. S. Butler	20,000	130.01
Wm. Penrice	5,000	130.03
Glendenning, Davis & Amory	5,000	130.00
Kennedy, Hutchinson & Co.	50,000	130.05
Kennedy, Hutchinson & Co.	50,000	130.02
Schaffer Bros.	20,000	130.02
Day & Morse	14,000	130.00
A. Healey & Co.	4,000	130.00
C. H. Booth & Co.	5,500	130.02
Frank & Gans	30,000	130.01
Wallace & Fitch	4,500	130.00
Cunningham & Mead	5,000	130.01
Smith, Randolph & Co.	10,000	130.03
Smith, Randolph & Co.	10,000	130.05
J. B. Summerfield & Co.	10,000	130.02
J. B. Summerfield & Co.	10,000	130.01
J. B. Summerfield & Co.	10,000	130.00
Walker & Bulkley	5,000	130.01
Phelps, Dodge & Co.	50,000	130.01
E. Sweet & Co.	10,000	130.01
G. D. Arthur & Co.	50,000	130.01
G. D. Arthur & Co.	20,000	130.00
Lee, Bliss & Co.	10,000	130.01
M. Meyer	40,000	130.01
Fred. Neff	3,000	130.00
P. Hayden	10,000	130.03
S. Brush	5,000	130.02
S. Brush	5,000	130.00
Henry Mater & Co.	5,000	130.03
Henry Mater & Co.	5,000	130.05
Henry Mater & Co.	5,000	130.07
Pastor, Hardt & Lendgens	10,000	130.2.1
Blake, Bro. & Co.	50,000	130.03
Blake, Bro. & Co.	50,000	130.01
G. C. Magoun	100,000	130.00
Drexel, Winthrop & Co.	15,000	130.00
Total	$1,000,000	

The return from the Bank of England for the week ended the 6th of October gives the following results when compared with the previous week:

Rest	£3,066,928	Decrease....£647,105
Public deposits	3,971,069	Decrease....1,619,369
Other deposits	19,642,125	Increase....2,420,143
Government securities	15,211,953	Increase....1,394,026
Other securities	16,377,534	Decrease.... 319,963
Notes unemployed	9,361,000	Decrease.... 782,780

The amount of notes in circulation is £24,265,470, being an increase of £580,430; and the stock of bullion in both departments is £19,477,928, showing a decrease of £362,066 when compared with the preceding return. Subjoined is a comparison of the present position of the Bank of England and the prices of Consols and French Rentes with the corresponding week of last year:

	At Present.	Same week last Year.
Bullion	£19,477,928	£20,707,942
Reserve	10,212,458	11,060,030
Notes in circulation	24,265,470	24,647,912
Rate of discount	2½ ₩ cent.	2 ₩ cent.
Consols	93¾	94¾
French Rentes	71f. 40c.	69f. 22c.

The Paris *Journal Officiel* of Oct. 8 publishes the following official figures from the Bank of France:

	Sept. 29. Francs.	Oct. 7. Francs.
Capital of the bank	182,500,000	182,500,000
Profits in addition	7,044,776	7,044,776
Reserve of the bank	22,105,750	22,105,750
Landed property	4,000,000	4,000,000
Notes in circulation	1,394,352,900	1,359,746,800
Bank notes to order	47,562,391	47,007,759
Treasury account	194,965,105	177,893,010
Current accounts	350,323,982	331,766,303
Current branch banks	44,915,514	45,045,408
Dividends payable	1,313,271	1,256,473
Discounts	5,002,488	5,503,889
Rediscounted	991,660	991,660
Sundries	6,994,452	12,710,343
Total	2,262,072,292	2,197,572,173
Cash in hand	1,230,826,851	1,227,016,998
Commercial bills overdue	118,808	236,298
Commercial not yet due	369,471,233	304,691,292
Commercial branch banks	269,354,342	272,866,062
Advances on bullion	17,156,000	16,919,000
Branch banks	6,062,900	5,327,900
French public securities	17,792,100	18,137,200
Branch banks	7,565,250	7,976,100
On railway shares, &c.	39,081,000	39,042,200
By the branch banks	31,879,900	32,080,600
On Credit Foncier	1,048,800	1,058,700
Branches	1,161,700	1,179,300
To the State	60,000,000	60,000,000
Government stock reserve	12,980,750	12,980,750
Government disposable	80,605,187	80,605,187
Rentes immobiles	100,000,000	100,000,000
Hotel and furniture	9,155,380	9,155,780
Expenses of management	1,553,741	1,609,212
Sundries	6,280,348	6,639,603
Total	2,262,072,292	2,197,572,173

A meeting of the "Provision Dealers" of New-York and vicinity, who are members of the "Produce Exchange," will be held on the floor of the Exchange on Thursday, 21st inst., at 1 P. M., for the purpose of coöperating with the Chicago Pork Packer's Association and the trade generally relative to the "manufacturer's tax" lately imposed on the business of hog cutting and curing.

The Philadelphia *Ledger* of this morning says:

"The report of the anthracite coal tonnage for the past week has shown the effects of the recent freshet to have been more disastrous on the trade than did the previous week's report. The entire coal production of the week, as shown by the reports of the carrying companies, is but 221,012 tons, against 309,680 tons for the previous week, and the aggregate for the year 10,534,190 tons, against 11,051,823 tons to corresponding time last year, showing a decrease of 582,196 tons. It is believed that the next weekly report of the trade will show a further reduction as compared with that of last year, as some of the mines are still idle from differences with the workmen as to pay, and others are interrupted by injury from the freshet. Several of the carrying companies are also out of working condition. Of these, the Morris Canal is expected to be in order for business for half of the current week. The damage to this work was heavy, and the energy of its officers was exerted to the utmost to bring it into quick and active operation. At the time of the catastrophe the timber which was to be used in the repairs was in a raft, twenty miles above Easton, the iron bolts were in the mills, and the men who were to do the work were scattered about New-York and other cities. On the next Wednesday night the labor of repairing was commenced by 250 men, and by Saturday night last the work was so far completed as to warrant the announcement that boats would be passed to-day. It is now stated that the Lehigh Canal will not resume business until sometime between the 1st and 10th November. The Delaware Division, it is reported, will not be opened again this season, so extensive has been the damage. With these interruptions by canal there will necessarily be a heavier tonnage for the railroads, but there is scarcely a possibility that the loss in production can be overcome before the end of the season, leaving a very considerable amount of the necessary supply of anthracite coal to be furnished by rail through the Winter. During the past week the orders for coal have been very much increased, and freights from Port Richmond have stiffened materially. We now quote $2 50 ₩ ton as the minimum charge to Boston and like distances, while to out-of-the-way points, reached by small vessels, the charge is higher. The price of coal has not been advanced here by the heavier shippers, but at the mines we notice that operators working favorite kinds of coal have put up the prices 15 to 25 cents ₩ ton. In addition to this, we hear that the application of operators to the Reading Railroad Company for a reduction of tolls from the 1st of October has been declined, for the reason that it came too late in the season, and to grant it now would tend to break confidence in the established custom of the Company to carry at low tolls early in the season, as an inducement to consumers to lay in their supplies early, and thus spread the trade over a longer period of the year."

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ NEW-ORLEANS CITY BONDS.
Six per cent. coupon, interest payable in this City January and July, due 1st January, 1875, for sale at 75 and accrued interest by
MORTON, BLISS & CO., No. 30 Broad-st.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ THE KANSAS PACIFIC RAILWAY LOAN.—Secured by a Land Grant of Three Millions of Acres in Kansas and Colorado, a FIRST MORTGAGE upon the proposed extension of the great Kansas Pacific Railway from Sheridan, Kansas, to Denver, Colorado, and a mortgage upon the road now in successful operation for 437 miles, and *earning more than enough to pay the interest on this new loan.* This loan runs thirty years; pays seven per cent.; Principal and Interest PAYABLE IN GOLD. There is no better investment in the market. For Maps, Pamphlets and Circulars, address DABNEY, MORGAN & Co., No. 53 Exchange-place, and M. K. JESUP & COMP'Y, No. 12 Pine-st., New-York.

☞ SEVEN PER CENT. GOLD PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST FIRST MORTGAGE CONVERTIBLE SINKING FUND BONDS, FREE OF GOVERNMENT TAX.
Issued by the
BURLINGTON, CEDAR RAPIDS AND MINNESOTA RAILROAD COMPANY.
We confidently recommend these Bonds as a first-class investment.
At the price they yield about 10 per cent. interest per annum.
Only a limited amount are offered before advancing the rate.
Pamphlets and full particulars can be had on application.
HENRY CLEWS & CO.,
No. 32 Wall-st.,
Financial Agents of the Company.

☞ FIRST MORTGAGE LAND GRANT BONDS of Lake Superior and Mississippi Railroad Company. 7 per cent. gold interest, free of United States taxes. We recommend these bonds as a safe and profitable investment, producing nearly 10 per cent. per annum in currency, and in exchange for 5-20 bonds, yielding an increase of 45 per cent. in net annual income. Present price 96 and interest.
Full particulars furnished by
JAY COOKE & CO.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

NEW-YORK, Tuesday, Oct. 19, 1869.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been as follows:

Ashes, pkgs.	4	Hops, bales	2,351
Cotton, bales	2,268	Hides, No.	173
Copper, bbls.	101	Leather, sides	11,748
Copper, cakes	100	Spts. Turp., bbls.	330
Dried Fruit, pkgs	102	Tar, bbls.	212
Eggs, bbls.	975	Resin, bbls.	6,537
Flour, bbls.	21,591	Oil Cake, pkgs.	331
Wheat, bushels	48,634	Petroleum, ref., bbls.	3,527
Corn, bushels	7,608	Lard, pkgs.	40
Rye, bushels	1,428	Butter, pkgs.	6,192
Malt, bushels	3,000	Cheese, pkgs.	15,376
Barley, bushels	18,050	Tallow, pkgs.	169
Oats, bushels	58,135	Peanuts, bags	45
Grass-seed, bushels	402	Starch, boxes	235
Flaxseed, bushels	552	Tobacco, hhds.	90
Peas, bushels	1,070	Tobacco, boxes	432
B. E. Peas, bags	142	Whisky, bbls.	564
Cornmeal, bbls.	1,001	Wool, bales	62
Oatmeal, bbls.	153	Cottonseed, bags	117

The export clearances since our last, as reported at the Merchants' Exchange, Pine-street, have been as follows:

By the steamer *Russia*, for Liverpool—1 case Cigars, 22 packages Fruits, 3,000 bushels Wheat, 100 boxes Lobsters, 810 bales Cotton.

By the bark *W. H. Jenkins*, for Havre—94,735 gallons Crude Petroleum, 2,808 bbls. Benzine.

By the bark *Montreal*, for Liverpool—55 tons Oil Cake, 82,249 lbs. Oil Cake, 65 bales Cotton, 1,245 bbls. Flour, 50 tons Logwood, 29,487 bushels Wheat.

By the steamer *Silesia*, for Hamburg—10 bales Cassia, 100 bbls. Beef, 1,515 bales Tobacco, 23 cases Tobacco, 8,976 lbs. Manufactured Tobacco, 209 Oars, 100 kegs Nails, 73 cases Cigars, 1 case Hoes, 5 bbls. Varnish, 387 cases Sewing Machines, 13 cases Cudbear, 754 bales Cotton, 6 cases Hair Renewer, 20 cases Essential Oil, 25 bbls. Maizena, 21,829 lbs. Tallow, 16 cases Machinery, 15 pkgs. Packing, 2 cases Leather, 1 case Skins, 1 bale Kid, 3 cases Feathers, 100 cases Muskets, 8 cases Hardware.

ASHES—Have been lightly dealt in at $7 37@$7 62½ for Pots, and $9@$9 25 for Pearls, ₩ 100 lbs.

BEESWAX—Has been in limited demand at 41c.@42c. for Yellow, ₩ lb.

BOOTS AND SHOES—Have been in moderate supply and rather more inquired for at well supported prices, including Men's Thick Kip Boots at $2 50@$4 75; Boys', $1 75@$3 25; Youths', $1 37½@$2 55; Men's Calf Pegged, $3 25@$5 50; Men's Calf Sewed, $4@$6 50; Boys' Calf Pegged, $2@$3 75; Youths', $2@$2 75; Men's Kip Brogans, $1@$1 75; Men's Split Brogans, 95c.@$1 35; Boys' Kip and Split Brogans, 85c.@$1 30; Youths', 65c.@$1 10; Men's Split and Buff Balmorals, $1 50@$2 25; Men's Calf and Buff Balmorals, $1 50@$2 25; Men's Buff and Calf Congress, $1 75@$3 50; Boys' C, $1 25@$2; Youths', 90c.@$1 50; Women's Split and Kip Boots, 95c.@$1 40; Women's Split and Kip Balmorals, $1@$1 50; Women's Buff and Calf Balmorals, $1 25@$2 25; Ladies' Sewed Goat and Calf Boots, $1 75@$2 50; Ladies' Sewed Goat Balmorals, $2@$3; Misses' Pegged, Buff, Goat and Kid, $1 25@$1 75; Misses' Sewed, $1 50@$2 20; Children's Sewed, 75c.@$1 25; Children's Pegged, 60c.@$1 05; Ladies' City Made Gaiters, $1 75@$2; Ladies' Eastern Made, $1 05@$3; Misses' Eastern Made, 90c.@$1 75; Children's Eastern Made, 70c.@$1 10; Children's Fancy S. H. and Hoel Shoes, 40c.@$1 ₩ pair.

BRICKS—There has been rather more doing in this line at steady rates, including Common Hard at $4 75@$8 25; Croton at $16@$18, and Philadelphia Front at $40@$45 ₩ thousand.

CANDLES—Continue in limited request at former prices. Adamantine, light weights, 21c.@22c.; Plain Sperm, 48c. ₩ lb.

CEMENT—Is in request and steady at $2 for Rosendale ₩ bbl.

COAL—The demand has been somewhat brisker, and prices have been quoted firm for all kinds, including Liverpool Gas Cannel at $12@$13; Newcastle Gas at $9 50@$10, and Liverpool House Cannel at $17@$17 50 ₩ ton of 2,240 lbs. Anthracite at $7 50@$9 50 ₩ ton of 2,000 lbs.

COFFEE—Has been quoted firm, but has been inactive. The week's receipts of Rio, according to Messrs. WM. SCOTT & SONS, have been 15,731 bags; sales, 29,065 bags; stock in importers' hands, 91,049 bags here, and 112,249 bags at all the distributing ports. Cargo prices are quoted thus: Ordinary cargoes, 8¼c.@9c.; Fair cargoes, 9¼c.@10c.; Good cargoes, 10¼c.@11c.; Prime cargoes, 11¼c.@12c., gold, ₩ lb., in bond 45 and 60 days. We quote: Java, 22c.@24½c.; Maracaibo, 16¾c.@20¼c.; Laguayra, 16¾c.@17¾c.; Rio, 8¾c.@12c., in bond; Native Ceylon, 17¼c.@19¾c.; Jamaica, 15c.@16c.; Singapore, 20c.@22½c.; Costa Rica, 14½c.@18¾c.; Manila, 16c.@18c.; Mexican, 16c.@18c.; Savanilla, 14½c.@18c., gold, ₩ lb.

Stock of Rio in Importers' Hands.

At New-Orleans, bags	8,000
At Mobile, bags	1,500
At Baltimore, bags	11,700
At New-York, bags	91,049
Grand total, bags	112,249

COTTON—Has been more active and firmer; sales, 3,689 bales, (of which 546 bales were to arrive,) including 1,528 bales to shippers, 1,129 bales to spinners, 381 bales to speculators, and 650 bales in transit. Also, 1,650 bales for forward delivery, including 950 bales, basis of Low Middling, November, 25⅛c.@25¼c.; 200 bales, basis of Low Middling, December, 25⅛c.; 100 bales, basis of Low Middling, January, 26c.; 100 bales, basis of Low Middling, November, free on board at Charleston, 24⅜c.; 200 bales, basis of Low Middling, free on board at Mobile, 25c.; 100 bales, average Low Middling, free on board at Savannah, on private terms ₩ lb. Messrs. CORNWALL & ZERREGA are quoting as follows, in their letters for to-morrow's steamer, the

Closing Prices of Cotton:

	Uplands.	Mobile.	N. O.	Texas.
Ordinary	24¾	25	25¼	25¼
Good Ordinary	25¾	25¾	26	26¼
Low Middling	26¼	26¾	27	27¼
Middling	26¾	27	27¼	27¾

Movements of Cotton at this Port.	Bales.
Receipts thus far this week	8,422
Receipts last week	24,748
Receipts the preceding week	20,014
Receipts since Sept. 1	97,551
Receipts since Jan. 1	463,173
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1869	633,727
Receipts year ending Jan. 1, 1869	638,886
Export clearances since our last	1,639
Exports since Sept. 1	38,269
Exports since Jan. 1	220,671
Exports year ending Sept. 1, 1869	323,479
Exports year ending Jan. 1, 1869	333,557
Stock here	15,000

COCOA—The business in Caracas and Maracaibo has been confined to small lots for home consumption at equal to 20c. and 27c., gold, in bond, respectively, ₩ lb. Of Guayaquil, 275 bags have been disposed of at 13c., gold, free, and 50 bags on private terms, both for manufacturing.

DRUGS, DYES AND DYEWOODS—Have been generally quiet within our previous range.

FEATHERS—Some inquiry has been noted for live Geese at from 82½c.@90c. ₩ lb.

FISH—A fair trade has been reported in the leading articles, within our range: Dry Cod at $6 50@$7 50 ₩ cwt.; No. 1 Mackerel, $22 50@$28 50; No. 2 do., $11 75@$15 25; No. 3 do., $8 50@$12 75 ₩ bbl.; Pickled Herring, $5@$7 50 ₩ bbl.; Smoked Herring, 52c.@55c. for Scaled, and 40c.@45c. for No. 1 ₩ box.

FOREIGN LIQUORS—But little business has been transacted in any description. Prices have not varied essentially.

FLOUR AND MEAL—Desirable lots of low and medium grades of State and Western Flour have been in very moderate supply, and good request for shipment and home use at somewhat stronger prices, closing, however, a little irregular. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 13,850 bbls., in lots, including poor to common Superfine State and Western at $5 65@$6, very inferior to good Extra State at $6 10@$6 40, good to choice Spring Wheat Extra State at $6 40@$7, and poor to good shipping brands of round-hoop Extra Ohio at $6 15@$6 50 ₩ bbl. We quote:

Superfine State and Western	$5 65@$6 00
Extra State	6 10@ 7 00
Extra Illinois, Indiana, &c.	6 00@ 8 00
Extra Ohio, round-hoop shipping brands	6 10@ 6 50
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	6 50@ 8 25
Extra Genesee	7 00@ 8 25
Poor to Fancy Extra Missouri	6 20@ 9 75

Southern Flour has been in light supply and pretty fair request at rising prices; sales have been reported, since our last, of 600 bbls., in lots, at from $6 40@$7 for poor to fair Ordinary, and $7@$10 for fair Ordinary to very choice Extra, ₩ bbl. California Flour continues in slack demand at $6 25@$6 75 for Extra, ₩ 196 lbs. Rye Flour is more active at $4 85@$6 25 for inferior to very choice, ₩ bbl.; sales 530 bbls. Cornmeal is inactive at $5@$5 65 for Western, $5 25@$5 50 for Jersey, $6 15 for Southern, and $6 15@$6 25 for Brandywine, ₩ bbl. Buckwheat Flour continues inactive at from $4@$4 50 ₩ 100 lbs.

FRUIT—There has been more movement in foreign varieties, and prices have been quoted rather stronger in most instances. Layer Raisins have been in good request, and some 2,500 boxes have been placed at $3 40@$3 50 ₩ box. There has been an arrival of new crop, job lots from which have been sold at $4 50 ₩ box. Currants have been in moderate demand at from 11c.@12c. ₩ lb. Sardines have been inquired for, and 200 cases have been taken on private terms; quarter boxes are quoted at 18c., and halves at 32½c. Of Figs, 200 cases have been disposed of on private terms. Prunes have been moderately dealt in on the basis of 12c. ₩ lb.

GRAIN—Wheat has been more freely offered and purchased at reduced prices. The demand has been mainly for export. Sales have been reported since our last of 146,000 bushels, including White Western at $1 50@$1 70, chiefly at $1 51@$1 55; Red and Amber Western, very poor to choice, at from $1 30@$1 53, chiefly at $1 50@$1 52 for Amber, which closed heavily with about $1 50 as the best bid, and $1 39 for Red Illinois; No.

Spring, a small lot at $1 45; No. 2 Spring at $1 40@$1 42; No. 3 Spring at $1 25@$1 30½; rejected Spring at $1 19@$1 20; White Genesee at $1 52@$1 55; Red and Amber State at $1 50@$1 52; and White Southern, small lots, at $1 60@$1 62½ ₱ bushel. Corn has been depressed and lower, on a less active market. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 48,000 bushels, in lots, at 95c.@$1 05 for damaged and heated New Mixed Western; $1 08@$1 11 for poor to choice Mixed Western, closing at about $1 08 for the best here; $1 10@$1 12 for White; $1 12@$1 14 for Yellow Western, ₱ bushel. Rye has been quiet and heavy at $1 10@$1 16 for Western, and $1 18@$1 22 for State, ₱ bushel, from depot and delivered; sales, 2,500 bushels. Barley has been firm, and moderately inquired for. Sales have been reported of 9,000 bushels at $1 55 for Canada West, and $1 35 for State ₱ bushel. Barley Malt has been inactive at about previous figures. Oats have been moderately dealt in at easier and declining prices. Sales have been reported of 51,000 bushels, in lots, at 60c.@64c. for Jersey, Southern, Western and State, closing at about 60c.@61c. as the best bids for Western ₱ bushel. Export clearances have been 1,245 bbls. Flour and 37,487 bushels Wheat for Liverpool.

GUNNY BAGS AND BAGGING—Have been quiet but quoted steady at 16¾c.@17¼c., and 23c.@23¼c. respectively. Stock here, 9,000 bales Bags, and 5,000 bales Bagging; at Boston, 6,300 bales Bags and 5,800 bales Bagging.

HAY—Sale has been in fair request at 60c.@65c. for shipping, and 85c.@$1 15 for local use, ₱ 100 lbs. Straw is in demand at 60c.@$1 05 for Short and Long, ₱ 100 lbs.

HEMP—The demand has been moderate; holders have shown rather more firmness. Sales 3,900 bales Jute at from 4c. to 5c., gold, ₱ lb., now held higher. We quote: American at $195@$210 for undressed, and $260@$300, for dressed, ₱ ton; Jute at 4¼c.@5¼c., gold, ₱ lb.; Manila, 14c.@14¼c., gold; Sisal, 11½c.@12c., gold. Stock of Jute here, 7,600 bales, and at Boston, 6,400 bales. Stock of Jute Butts, 2,500 bales here and 7,600 bales at Boston.

HIDES—Have attracted more attention, and prices have favored sellers. Sales have been reported since our last of 14,270 Montevideo, part at 21½c., gold; 1,250 Entre Rios at 21½c., gold; 13,000 Buenos Ayres at 21½c.@22c., gold; 7,040 Orinoco, part at 21c., gold; 3,000 Dry-salted Parnahelba at 13c., gold; 3,500 Porto Cabello; 2,500 Matamoras, Dry and Dry-salted, and 2,000 Wet-salted Texas on private terms. We quote *Dry Hides* as follows: Buenos Ayres, 21@23 lbs., 21½c.@22c.; Buenos Ayres, 25@27 lbs., 21c.@22c., gold, selected; Buenos Ayres Seconds, 20@22 lbs., 18½c.@19c., gold, as they run; Montevideo, 20@23 lbs., 21c.@21½c.; Corrientes, 21@23 lbs., 20c.@20½c.; Rio Grande, 20@21 lbs., 21c.@21½c.; Orinoco, 20@23 lbs., 20½c.@21c.; California, 21@25 lbs., 19c.@20c., gold, selected; Central American, 18@22 lbs., 16c.@18c.; San Juan, 21@23 lbs., 16c.@16½c.; Matamoras, 23@25 lbs., 16c.@17c.; Vera Cruz, 18@19 lbs., 18c.@18½c.; Tampico, 20@22 lbs., 17c.@18½c.; Porto Cabello, 20@23 lbs., 16c.@18c.; Maracaibo, 20@23 lbs., 13½c.@14½c.; Bogota, 18@21 lbs., 17¼c.@18½c.; Truxillo, 17@19 lbs., 18c.@18½c.; Rio Hache, 17@20 lbs., 14c.@15c.; Curacoa, 18@22 lbs., 12½c.@14c.; Port-au-Platt, 16@18 lbs., 16c.@17c.; Bahia, 21@22 lbs., 16c.@17c., gold, as they run; Texas, 21@26 lbs., 20½c.@22c.; Western, 18@24 lbs., 19c.@20c.; Southern, 13@16 lbs., 20c.@22c., currency, as they run. And *Dry-Salted Hides* thus: Maracaibo, 30@32 lbs., 12c.@13c.; Maranham, 26@30 lbs., 12½c.@13½c.; Pernambuco, 28@29 lbs., 12½c.@13½c.; Matamoras, 28@32 lbs., 14c.@15c.; Savanilla, 25@28 lbs., 11½c.@12½c.; Bahia, 25@28 lbs., 11½c.@12½c.; Chili, 28@30 lbs., 15c.; Sandwich Islands, 28@32 lbs., 11½c.@12½c., gold, as they run; Southern and Western, 20@28 lbs., 17c.@19c., currency, as they run. And *Wet Salted Hides* thus: Buenos Ayres, 45@50 lbs., 11c.@11¼c.; Rio Grande, 45@50 lbs., 11¼c.@11½c.; California, 45@50 lbs. 11c.; Para, 35@40 lbs., 9c.@10c., gold, selected: New-Orleans, 50@70 lbs., 11c.@11½c.; Texas, 50@70 lbs., 12c.@12½c.; City Slaughter, Ox, 60@80 lbs., 12½c.@12¾c.; City Slaughter, Cow, 45@60 lbs., 12c.@12½c., currency, selected. And *Upper Leather* thus: Buenos Ayres and Rio Grande Kips, 10@13 lbs., 23½c.@24c., gold, selected; Minas, 15@18 lbs., 18c.@19c., gold, as they run; Sierra Leone, 9@10 lbs., 40c.@41c.; Gambia and Bissau, 8@9 lbs., 32c.@35c., currency, selected; Zanzibar, 10@12 lbs., 25c.@26c., currency, as they run.

HONEY—Has been very dull at 75c.@80c., gold, for Cuba, ₱ gallon.

HOPS—Have been in light demand at unaltered figures. We quote: New-York State, New, at 14c.@20c.; Eastern, New, at 12c.@18c.; Ohio at 12c.@15c.; Michigan, 12c.@16c. for common to fair; Yearlings, 4c.@8c.; Old Olds, 1c.@2c. ₱ lb. Receipts, 2,251 bales; exports, none.

LATHS—Eastern have been in demand and quoted steady at $3 ₱ M.

LEATHER—Sole has been in moderate demand at uniform prices, including Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, Heavy, 29½c.@31½c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, Middle, 30c.@31c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, Light, 30c.@31c.; Hemlock, California, Heavy, 28½c.@29½c.; Hemlock, California, Middle, 30c.@30½c.; Hemlock California, Light, 30c.@30½c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., Heavy, 26½c.@28½c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., Middle, 29c.@30c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., Light, 29c.@30c.; Hemlock, Good Damaged, all kinds and weights, 26c.@28c.; Hemlock, Poor, Damaged, all kinds and weights, 20c.@23c.; Hemlock, in the Rough, 35c.@39c.; Oak Slaughter, Heavy, 38c.@45c.; Oak Slaughter, Middle, 38c.@44c.; Oak Slaughter, Light, 38c.@40c.; Oak Slaughter, Cropped, Heavy, 38c.@42c.; Oak Slaughter, Cropped, Middle, 43c.@46c.; Oak Slaughter, Cropped, Light, 42c.@46c.; Oak Slaughter, in the Rough, Heavy, 38c.@44c.; Oak Slaughter, in the Rough, Middle, 38c.@42c.; Oak Slaughter, in the Rough, Light, 38c.@44c.; Oak Slaughter, Bellies, 22c.@23c. ₱ lb. The receipts to-day were 11,748 sides.

LIME—Rockland continues in demand at $1 65 for common and $1 75 for lump, ₱ bbl.

LUMBER—Has been in moderate request at previous figures, including Eastern Spruce within a range of $18@$21 ₱ 1,000 feet.

METALS—Ingot Copper has been in reduced supply and more request, at firmer prices, having been quoted at from 22½c.@23c. ₱ lb. Iron has been rather slow of sale and easier in price; sales 150 tons Eglinton Scotch Pig at $36 50@$37; 100 tons Glengarnock do. on private terms; and 150 tons No. 1 American at $39@$40 ₱ ton. Lead, Spelter and Zinc remain as last noticed. Tin has been quite dull. Straits continued at 32½c., gold, ₱ lb. A sale of 5 tons English was made at 31½c., gold, ₱ lb., cash. Nothing really new in Plates. We quote: Ingot Copper at 22½c.@23c. ₱ lb.; No. 1 American Pig Iron, $39@$41; No. 2 do., $37@$38 50; American Forge, $36; Scotch Pig, $33 50@$42; English and American Bar Iron, Refined, $82 50@$87 50 ₱ ton. Pig Lead, $6 42½@$6 87½, in gold, ₱ 100 lbs.; Foreign Spelter, $6 25@$6 30, in gold, ₱ 100 lbs.; Domestic do., $9@$12 ₱ 100 lbs., in currency. Straits Tin, 32½c., in gold, ₱ lb.; Banca Tin, 38c.@38½c., in gold, ₱ lb.; English, 31½c.@31¾c., in gold, ₱ lb.; I. C. Coke Plates, $6 75@$7 50; I. C. Charcoal do., $8 25@$8 75; Terne do., $5 75@$6 25, in gold, ₱ box. Zinc, 11½c.@12c. ₱ lb.

MOLASSES—Has been quiet but steady. Sales, 19 bbls. New-Orleans at 93c.; 34 hhds. Cuba Muscovado at 52c.@53c.; and, by auction, 60 hhds. Porto Rico at from 66½c.@69½c. ₱ gallon. We quote: Porto Rico at 50c.@73c.; Cuba at 35c.@58c.; New-Orleans at 80c.@95c. ₱ gallon; and in detail thus:

	Old Crop.	New Crop.
Cuba, Centrifugal and Mixed, ₱ gallon	35c.@37c.	37c.@40c.
Cuba, Clayed, ₱ gallon	37c.@42c.	45c.@50c.
Cuba, Muscovado, refining grades, ₱ gallon	—@—	48c.@52c.
Cuba, Muscovado, grocery grades, ₱ gallon	—@—	53c.@58c.
Porto Rico, ₱ gallon	—@—	50c.@73c.
English Islands, ₱ gallon	—@—	48c.@65c.
New-Orleans, ₱ gallon	—@—	80c.@95c.

NAVAL STORES—Resin has been more active, but buyers have had any existing advantage as to price. Sales have been reported of 3,100 bbls. common to good Strained at $2 20@$2 25; 280 bbls. No. 2 at $2 50@$2 65, and 370 bbls. No. 1 and Pale at from $4@$6 ₱ 280 lbs. The receipts were 3,527 bbls.; no exports. Tar has been quiet at declining prices; receipts, 212 bbls.; sales, 167 bbls. Washington at $3 ₱ bbl. Nothing new in Crude Turpentine. Spirits Turpentine has been slow of sale on the basis of 45½c.@46c. for merchantable, ₱ gallon; receipts, 330 bbls. We quote: Spirits Turpentine at 45½c.@47c., chiefly at 45½c.@46c., for merchantable, ₱ gallon; Crude, $3 45@$3 50; Resin at $2 20@$9 ₱ 280 lbs., the latter for Choice White; Tar at $2 75@$3 50; Pitch at $2 45@$2 62½ ₱ bbl.

OILS—A moderate inquiry has been reported for Linseed at drooping prices. Whale Oil has been very lightly called for, and only about 900 bbls. Northern have been sold during the week, for manufacturing purposes, on private terms. Sperm Oil has been in request, and 1,400 bbls. have been sold at $1 75@$1 78 ₱ gallon. Refined Whale and Sperm Oils have been quiet but steady. There has been rather more inquiry for Lard and Olive Oils, at uniform rates. Menhaden Oil has been quiet at unchanged figures. A limited call has been noted for Spermaceti. Crude Whale at 90c.@$1 08 for Southern and Western; Bleached Whale at $1 13@$1 15; Crude Sperm at $1 75@$1 78; Unbleached Sperm at $1 90@$1 92; Bleached Sperm at $1 95@$1 98; Lard Oil at $1 45@$1 55; Red Oil at 85c.@93c.; Linseed Oil at 98c.@$1, in casks and barrels; Olive at $1 47½@$1 50; Menhaden, 62c.@63½c.; Spermaceti, 44c.@45c.

NEW-BEDFORD MARKET—Week ending Oct. 18.—*Sperm*—Sales for the past week have been 610 bbls. on private terms. *Whale*—200 bbls. Whale have been sold on private terms.

Imports of Sperm and Whale Oil and Whalebone into the United States.

	Bbls. Sperm.	Bbls. Whale.	lbs. Bone.
Total week ending Oct. 18.	286	220	3,000
Previously, (corrected)	38,305	79,186	570,628
From Jan. 1 to date	38,591	79,406	573,628
Same time last year	43,134	67,137	771,497
Exports from Jan. 1 to date	17,773	139	227,046
Same time last year	12,859	7,927	574,058

—*Whalemen's Shipping List.*

PETROLEUM—The market has been less active and prices have favored buyers in most instances. Crude has been in light demand at 17¾c., in bulk, with sales of 450 bbls., and 24½c.@25c. in barrels, ₱ gallon. There were no receipts reported here; 780 bbls. arrived at Philadelphia. Refined Oil has been in less request and depressed in price, closing irregularly. Sales have been reported of 3,700 bbls. Standard White, for October, at 32 11-16c.@32¾c.; 1,500 bbls. do., for November, part at 32¾c.; and 2,000 bbls. do. November and December, on private terms. Also at Philadelphia, 5,500 bbls. Standard White, for October, at 32¼c.@32½c., closing at 32¼c.; 1,500 bbls. do., October to December, at 32¼c.; and 3,000 bbls. do., November and December, at 32¼c. ₱ gallon. The receipts were 3,527 bbls. here, and 4,760 bbls. at Philadelphia. Standard White, in cases, has been in light demand and weak in price at 38c.@38¼c., with sales of 2,250 cases, and Prime White at 39c.@39½c. ₱ gallon. Naphtha is quiet at 10¼c.@11c. and 16c.@16½c., in cases ₱ gallon. Empty barrels have been quoted at $2 40@$2 50 for Refined, and $2@$2 10 for Crude, each.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been depressed and lower on a restricted business. Sales have been reported since our last of 575 bbls., in lots, at $30 62@$31, chiefly at $30 62, cash, for Western Mess, $33 75@$34 for City Mess, $26 75@$28 75 for Prime Mess, and $25 25@$26 50 for Prime to Extra Prime, ₱ bbl. Dressed Hogs have been in more demand at 13½c. for City ₱ lb. Cutmeats are in request at full prices. Sales have been reported of equal to 135 pkgs., at 14¼c.@15¼c. for Dry-salted and Sweet-pickled Shoulders, 18c.@19c. for Dry-salted and Sweet-pickled Hams, and 19c.@23c. for Bagged Hams, ₱ lb., including 50 tierces Pickled Hams, for November delivery, at 17c. ₱ lb. Bacon has been quiet but firm. Lard has been in less request, at drooping prices. Sales have been reported of 530 tierces and bbls., in lots, at 16¾c.@18¼c. for Poor No. 1 to Choice Kettle-rendered, chiefly at 17¼c. for City, and 17¼c.@17¾c. for Good to Prime Steam ₱ lb. Beef has been in moderate demand at former figures, with sales reported of 150 bbls., in lots, at $8@$13 for Plain Mess; $12 50@$17 50 for Extra Mess, and $3 50@$5 50 for inferior grades barreled Mess Beef. Tierce Beef unaltered. Beef Hams are quiet at from $17@$26 ₱ bbl.; sales of 90 bbls., in lots. Butter has been less active and less buoyant. We quote State, Common to very Good, 28c.@43c.; Prime to Fancy, 45c.@52c., and Western, Inferior to Prime, 20c.@34c. ₱ lb. The receipts to-day were 6,192 pkgs. Cheese is in demand at from 10c.@18¾c., as the extremes, ₱ lb.; the receipts of the day were 15,378 boxes.

RICE—Has been quiet and heavy, including Carolina at $9@$9 25 for New, and $7 50@$9 for Old, and Rangoon at $7 25@$7 50 ₱ 100 lbs.

SALT—Is in request and buoyant, including Turk's Island at 47c.@48c.; Cadiz, 44c.@45c. ₱ bushel; Liverpool Ground at $1 65; Liverpool Fine at $2 50@$3 by the invoice, ₱ sack. Jobbers' store prices have been as follows: Turk's Island, 50c. ₱ bushel; Ashton's Liverpool Fine, $3 50@$3 60; Marshall's and Worthington's do., $3 50@$3 60; Higgins' do., $3 75@$3; Evans', Dean's, Faulk's Cheshire, &c., $2 50; Liverpool Ground, $1 75 ₱ sack, with the usual discount for cash.

SALTPETRE—Is inquired for at 7c. gold, ₱ lb.

SEEDS—Have been held firmly, but have been inactive. We quote: Clover, 12½c.@13½c. ₱ lb.; rough Flax, $2 30@$2 40; Timothy, $3 75@$4 25, currency, and Calcutta Linseed at $2 1⅞, gold, ₱ bushel.

SKINS—There has been rather more inquiry for the principal kinds, including Honduras Deer at 48c.; Nicaragua, 37½c.@40c.; Bolivar, 30c.@31c.; Sisal, 44c.; Vera Cruz, 42½c.@44c.; Central American, 43½c.@45c.; Puerto Cabello, 35c.@37½c.; Para, 46c.@48c., gold, ₱ lb. Tampico, Goat, 55c.@57½c.; Matamoras, 50c.@55c.; Vera Cruz, 50c.@62c., gold, ₱ lb.; Buenos Ayres, 50c.@55c.; Payta, 50c.@52½c.; Curacoa, 52c.; Cape, 45c.@50c., currency, ₱ lb.; Madras, 70c.@75c. each.

SOAP—Continues in demand, including Castile at 13c.@13½c.; Colgate's Pale, 9½c.; Family, 10c., and No. 1 at 7½c. ₱ lb.

SPICES—Have been held firmly, though not in much request, including Mace at $1 30; No. 1 Nutmegs at 97½c.@$1 02½; Cassia at 45c.@46c.; Cloves at 26c.@26½c.; Pepper at 24½c.@25c.; Pimento at 18¾c.@19c., Ginger at 12c.@12½c., gold, ₱ lb.

SUGARS—The offerings have been on a more liberal scale, and prices have been quoted a fraction easier for buyers, leading to a somewhat livelier business; sales have been reported, since our last, of 1,145 hhds. Cuba and Porto Rico at from 11¼c.@12¼c.; and 2,300 boxes Havana at 12¼c.@12½c., ₱ lb. Refined Sugars have been in rather limited request and cheaper ranging from 14½c.@16¼c., ₱ lb. Messrs. R. L. & A. STUART now quote their Refined Sugars thus: best Crushed, 16½c., Granulated, 16¼c., Ground, 16¼c., White, A, 15½c., Yellow, C, 14¼c., cash, ₱ lb.

TALLOW, &c.—There has been a fairly active demand for prime stock, partly for export, at firm prices. Sales have been reported of 172,000 lbs. Tallow at 11¼c.@11½c., chiefly at 11½c.; also, 35,000 lbs. Stearine at 18c.@20c., and 21,000 lbs. Grease at 10¾c.@13½c. ₱ lb.

TEAS—There has been a very moderate trade in most kinds at about previous prices, including Gunpowder and Imperial at from $1@$1 90; Hyson at from 90c.@$1 65; Young Hyson, 82½c.@$1 70; Uncolored Japan at from 80c.@$1 25; Oolong at 70c.@$1 60; Souchong and Congou at from 70c.@$1 50 ₱ lb.

TOBACCO—The market has been quiet but steady since our last. Sales have been reported of 113 hhds. Kentucky at 9c.@13½c.; 100 cases Connecticut Seed Leaf at 35c.@55c.; 72 cases State, part at 12½c.; 231 bales Havana, part at 92c.@$1 10, currency, free; and 25 bales Yara on private terms. We quote *Kentucky* thus: Common Lugs, 8¼c.@8¾c.; Good Lugs, 9c.@10½c.; Common Leaf, 9½c.@11¼c.; Medium Leaf, 10¼c.@12½c.; Good Leaf, 11½c.@13½c.; Fine Leaf, 12½c.@15c.; Selections, 14c.@17c. *Seed Leaf* thus: Old Crop—Connecticut Wrappers, 1865 and 1866 crops 18c.@40c.; Connecticut Wrappers, 1867 crop, 40c.@75c.; Connecticut Fillers, 1865 and 1866 crops, 11c.@13c.; New-York Wrappers, 1867 crop, 25c.@45c.; Ohio Wrappers, 1867 crop, 14c.@16c.; Pennsylvania Wrappers, 1865 and 1866 crops, 20c.@35c.; New-York, Ohio and Pennsylvania Fillers, 1865 and 1866, 10c.@11c. New Crop—Connecticut Wrappers, Good to Prime, 50c.@75c.; Connecticut Wrappers, Medium, 35c.@45c.; Connecticut Wrappers, ordinary, 28c.@32c.; Connecticut Seconds, 25c.@32c.; Connecticut Fillers, 12c.@16c.; New-York running lots, 18c.@25.; New-York Wrappers, 28c.@45c.; Ohio Wrappers, 25c.@55c.; Pennsylvania Wrappers, 25c.@60c.; Pennsylvania Binders and Common Wrappers mixed, 15c.@20c.; Pennsylvania Fillers, 12c.@13c.; New-York Fillers, 10c.@12½. *Spanish* thus: *Havana*—Common, 90c.@92½c.; Good, 97c.@1 02½; Fine, $1 05@$1 15. *Yara*—I cut, 75c.@82½c.; II cut, $1 05@$1 12; average, 87½c.@92½c. And *Manufactured* thus: Black Work—Common and Medium, 20c.@22c., in bond; Good and Fine, 25c.@30c., in bond. Bright Work—Common and Medium, 25c.@30c., in bond; Good and Fine, 35c.@55c., in bond.

WHALEBONE—Of the week's business Messrs. TAFT, LEE & Co. remark: "We have to report sales of 4,000 lbs. South Sea at 83c., and 2,500 lbs. Arctic at $1, gold, for export. Holders' ideas are considerably above those of buyers, and we do not anticipate much business during the remainder of the year, unless some unexpected news from the Northern fisheries should cause a decline in prices. Stock Oct. 11, 316,000 lbs.; received, 2,500 lbs.; total, 318,500 lbs. Stock for export, 6,500 lbs.; stock at date, 312,000 lbs.; stock in speculators hands, 41,000 lbs."

WHISKY—Has been in more demand and held with more firmness. Sales 270 bbls. in lots, at $1 20½@$1 21½ ₱ gallon. Receipts, 564 bbls.

FREIGHTS—Have been more active and firmer. For Liverpool there were taken 3,350 bales Cotton, by steamer, at ¼d.@5-16d. ₱ lb.; 1,500 bbls. Flour, part by sail, on private terms; 105,000 bushels Wheat, by sail, at 8d.; 6,000 bushels do., by steam, at 9½d. ₱ bushel, shipowners subsequently claiming higher figures, and offering very little room at even the advance; 2,000 bbls. Bone Dust, by sail, at 2s. 9d. ₱ bbl.; 6,500 boxes Cheese, at 30s. by sail and 45s. by steam; 120 hhds. Tallow, by steam, at 30s.@35s.; 100 boxes Bacon at 35s.@40s. ₱ ton. For London, 7,500 bushels Wheat, by sail, at 8¼d. ₱ bushel. For Glasgow, 4,500 bbls. Flour at 2s. 9d. by sail, and 3s. 6d. by steam; 23,000 bushels Wheat, by sail, and 10,000 bushels do. by steam, at 9d. ₱ bushel. For Cork and orders, an Italian bark with 3,200 quarters Wheat, at 7s. 9d., or, if direct, at 7s. 3d. ₱ quarter. For Oporto, 9,000 bushels Wheat on private terms. For Bremen, room for equal to 11,000 bbls. Petroleum at 5s. 7½d.@5s. 9d. ₱ bbl. For Havre, a British bark, with 3,500 bbls Petroleum, or its products, at 6s. ₱ bbl. For Trieste, equal to 6,100 bbls. Petroleum at 5s. 9d ₱ bbl.

FINANCIAL.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD
SEVEN PER CENT.
First Mortgage Bonds,
FOR SALE BY
VERMILYE & CO.
BANKERS,
Nos. 16 and 18 Nassau-st., New-York.

HACKENSACK AND NEW-YORK
EXTENSION RAILROAD CO.
SEVEN PER CENT.
FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS.

We offer for sale $75,000 of these bonds, at 80 and accrued interest. Interest payable 1st of May and November. Bonds payable 1st of May, 1880. Mortgage only $10,700 per mile.

CARPENTER & RICHARDS,
NO. 38 WALL-ST.

DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO.,
NO. 18 WALL-ST.,
Issue letters of credit for
TRAVELERS,
Available in all the principal cities of Europe, through
DREXEL, HARJES & CO.,
NO. 3 RUE SCRIBE,
PARIS.

FOR SALE—TEN PER CENT. CITY AND town bonds, in State of Illinois; first-class securities, of undoubted character, below par. Also, New-York City Railroad Stocks and Bonds, Insurance, Bank and Gaslight stocks, and a large variety of other stocks and bonds for profitable investments, at low rates, for sale by

ALBERT H. NICOLAY,
STOCK BROKER AND AUCTIONEER,
NO. 43 PINE-ST.

BOWLES BROTHERS & CO.,
BANKERS.

Paris, No. 12 Rue de la Paix; New-York, No. 19 William-st.; Boston, No. 76 State-st.

Issue bills on Paris and the Union Bank of London in sums to suit; also circular letters of credit for travelers, available throughout the world. Letters to their care for travelers registered on receipt and delivery.

Agents for the *Times* in Europe.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
issue COMMERCIAL and TRAVELERS' CREDITS
AVAILABLE in all PARTS of the WORLD.

NOTICE.

The following bonds were stolen from the safe of this Company on the morning of the 9th inst.: 9 Hudson River R. R. 1st Mortgage Bonds for $1,000 each, reg.; 1 U. S. 5-20 of '65, No. 4,405, for $10,000, reg.; 4 U. S. 5-20s for $5,090 each, reg.; 1 U. S. Currency Bond for $5,000, reg.; 2 N. Y. Bounty Bonds for $1,000 each, reg.; 1 U. S. 6 of '81, No. 8,761, for $5,000, reg.; 1 U. S. 6 of '81, No. 23,282, for $1,000, reg.; 7 City of Poughkeepsie Bounty Bonds, Nos. 44 to 50 inclusive, for $1,000 each; 1 U. S. 5-20 for $500, coupon; 1 U. S. 6s of '81, for $1,000 each, coupons. The above securities belong to this Company, and the following to other parties: 2 U. S. 6s of '81, for $1,000 each, coupons; 4 U. S. 6s of '81, for $100 each, coupons; 7 U. S. 6s of '81, Nos. 3,052, 4,227, 4,228, 9,975, 16,633, 18,131 and 19,889, for $100 each, coupons; 2 U. S. 6s of '81, Nos. 604, 2,923, for $50 each, coupons, and 3 U. S. 5-20s of '68, Nos. 1,318, 1,319 and 1,320, for $100 each, coupons.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying or negotiating any or either of the foregoing securities.

L. G. DODGE, Secretary of the Dutchess County Mutual Insurance Co.
POUGHKEEPSIE, Oct. 9, 1869.

LOST OR STOLEN.

In Boston, Mass., on or about Sept. 1, 1864, CERTIFICATE NO. 27,438, dated Oct. 23, 1863, for five shares of the stock of the Bank of Commerce in New-York, and CERTIFICATE dated Oct. 23, 1863, for five shares of the tock of the Bank of the Republic in New-York, both in the name of Geo. W. Baldwin.

Transfer of the above has been stopped, and new certificates applied for.

BALDWIN & WEEKS.

OFFICE OF THE HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD CO.,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 23, 1869.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY.—Please to take notice that a meeting of the stockholders of the Hudson River Railroad Company will be held at the office of said Company, No. 470 West 30th-st., in the City of New-York, on MONDAY, the first day of November A. D. 1869, at 1 o'clock P. M., to which meeting will be submitted an agreement entered into between the Directors of said Company and those of the New-York Central Railroad Company, for the consolidation of said companies and railroads, and a vote by ballot taken thereat, for the adoption or rejection of the same. By order of the Board of Directors. AUGUSTUS SCHELL, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE DUBUQUE AND SIOUX CITY RAILROAD COMPANY,
NO. 12 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK, Oct. 18, 1869.

NOTICE.—THE COMMISSIONERS FOR THE sinking fund bonds of the Company have this day designated the following for redemption: Nos. 761, 762, 765, 792, 799, 800, 801, 810 of $1,000 each, and Nos. 49, 52, 62 and 71 of $500 each. The bonds, with accrued interest, will be paid at this office on presentation. Interest will cease after the 1st of November next.

J. B. DUMONT, Assistant Secretary.

OFFICE OF HAMPSHIRE AND BALTIMORE COAL CO.,
NO. 70 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Oct. 14, 1869.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREholders of this Company for the election of seven directors for the ensuing year, will be held, as above, on THURSDAY, the 21st inst.

The polls will be open at 12 M. and close at 1 P. M.

SAMUEL M. POND, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
NO. 141 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Oct. 12, 1869.

AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS OF this Company for the ensuing year will be held at the office of this Company on MONDAY, the first day of November next. The polls will be open from 1 to 2 o'clock P. M.

WM. RAYNOR, Secretary.

FINANCIAL.

SOUTHERN CENTRAL
RAILROAD
OF NEW-YORK.
FIRST MORTGAGE
THIRTY-YEAR Seven per Cent.
SINKING FUND BONDS,
AMOUNTING TO
$1,500,000
INTEREST PAYABLE SEMI-ANNUALLY,
FEB. 1, AND AUG. 1, IN NEW-YORK.

These Bonds are amply secured upon the Railway from New-York State line near Waverley to Lake Ontario, at Fair Haven, a part of which is completed, and the rest is under construction.

$2,000,000

Has been already expended on the works. It is a First Mortgage upon the entire Road, the Rolling Stock and Franchises of this First-Class Railway, which by the 1st of January will be in

Successful Operation for 70 Miles,

That Section from Owego to Auburn is one of the richest farming districts in Western New-York.

In addition to this the Bonds are also secured by a

SINKING FUND

Of 1 per cent. per annum from the net earnings of the Company to be placed in the hands of Trustees for accumulation and for the liquidation of the debt thus created.

The avails of the Bonds now offered for sale will be devoted to the construction of the Road from Owego to the State line, to the completion of the Road from Auburn north to Lake Ontario, to the erection of necessary buildings, and to the purchase of additional Rolling Stock for the proper equipment of the Road.

The Avails of the Bonds will be Ample to Complete and Thoroughly Equip the Entire Line.

THE BONDS HAVE
THIRTY YEARS TO RUN,
From Aug. 1, 1869, and will pay
SEVEN PER CENT.
Semi-annually, on Feb. 1 and Aug. 1.

FOUR HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS OF THE LOAN HAVE ALREADY BEEN NEGOTIATED.

The undersigned now offer the balance of

$1,100,000

At 87½ and Accrued Interest.

At their present price they will pay nearly NINE PER CENT.

Pamphlets and maps, giving full information, will be sent on application.

VERMILYE & CO.,
BANKERS,
Nos. 16 and 18 Nassau-st., New-York.

A. V. B. VAN DYCK,
STOCK, BOND AND GOLD BROKER,
No. 30 Broad-st.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF the NATIONAL SHOE AND LEATHER BANK, New-York, at the close of business, Oct. 9, 1869:

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts		$2,603,289 98
Overdrafts		438 73
United States Bonds to secure circulation		1,086,300 00
Other stocks, bonds and mortgages		21,000 00
Due from other national banks		298,027 79
Due from other banks and bankers		40,860 96
Banking House		175,000 00
Current expenses	$21,438 97	
Taxes paid	16,456 78—	37,895 75
Premiums		115,345 69
Cash items, including stamps		60,243 68
Exchanges for Clearing House		854,558 13
Bills of other national banks		49,500 00
Fractional currency, including nickels		4,700 00
Specie, viz.: Coin	$1,309 70	
Gold Treasury notes	19,520 00	
Gold checks on other banks	4,174 03—	25,003 73
Legal tender notes		115,000 00
Three per cent. Certificates, stamped for Clearing House		650,000 00
Total		$6,137,164 44

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$1,500,000 00
Surplus fund		500,000 00
Discount	$32,263 85	
Interest	74,622 44	
Profit and loss	147,695 40—	254,581 69
National bank circulation, outstanding		902,088 00
State bank circulation, outstanding		8,471 00
Individual deposits	$1,739,880 13	
Certified checks	470,969 78	
Cashier's checks outstanding	160,000 00—	2,370,849 91
Due to national banks		364,324 67
Due to other banks and bankers		233,734 17
Unpaid dividends		3,115 00
Total		$6,137,164 44

I, JOHN M. CRANE, Cashier of the National Shoe and Leather Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. J. M. CRANE, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 19th October, 1869. WILLIAM H. BARKER, Notary Public, New-York.

Correct—Attest:
A. V. STOUT,
N. T. PORTER,
W. W. HUNTINGTON, } Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF the THIRD NATIONAL BANK of the City of New-York, at the close of business on the 9th day of October, 1869.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$2,698,326 43
Overdrafts	11,491 61
United States bonds to secure circulation	975,000 00
Other stocks, bonds and mortgages	358,560 00
Due from other national banks	191,141 34
Furniture and fixtures	2,000 00
Current expenses	17,653 36
Taxes paid	12,807 28
Cash items (including stamps)	5,866 82
Exchanges for Clearing House	614,542 41
Bills of other national banks	9,861 00
Fractional currency (including nickels)	3,719 87
Specie, viz.: Coin	499 18
Gold Treasury notes	735,000 00
Legal-tender notes	817,557 00
Three per cent. certificates, for Clearing House purposes	120,000 00
Three per cent. certificates	75,000 00
Total	$6,679,026 30

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$1,000,000 00
Surplus fund	200,000 00
Discount	16,228 70
Exchange	9,765 27
Interest	11,730 27
Profit and loss	6,802 91
National bank circulation outstanding	796,762 00
Individual deposits	1,488,394 46
Certified checks	285,530 75
Due to national banks	2,643,343 12
Due to other banks and bankers	220,443 82
Dividends unpaid	25 00
Total	$6,679,026 30

I, FERDINAND BLANKENHORN, Assistant Cashier of the Third National Bank of the City of New-York, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

F. BLANKENHORN, Assistant Cashier.

State of New-York, County of New-York: Subscribed and sworn to before me this 16th day of October, 1869.

SAMUEL A. PHILLIPS, Notary Public for City and County of New-York.

Correct—Attest:
PARKER HANDY,
CHARLES LANIER,
JAMES WINSLOW, } Directors.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of AUGUSTUS T. STOUT, bankrupt—Assignee's sale in bankruptcy.—Notice is hereby given that the following described items of property, being the estate of the above-named bankrupt, will be sold at public auction on the 4th day of November, 1869, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, by Johnson & Miller, auctioneers, at their office, No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York City: 1,943 shares Montrose Gold Company stock, 3,500 shares Hoffman Petroleum Company, 75 shares Ocean Petroleum Company, 40 shares Blood Farm Petroleum Company, 64 shares Block House Mining Company, 4 bonds, $500 each, Mount Carbon Rolling Mill Company, a mortgage from the Bunker Hill Petroleum Company for $3,000, the equity as mortgagee in the house and land occupied by said Stout in the town of Piscataway, Middlesex County, N. J.; also, the equity as mortgagee in the furniture, utensils, horses, cow and carriages on said premises; interest in the purchase of Wilson Farm, interest in the Hibbard Farm, notes of J. G. Sweet for $1,000 and $2,000, and account $54; notes of Henry B. Snowden, for $200 and $200, check for $20; check of Abraham Platt for $140; check of John B. Conover, $300; notes of Geo. C. Farrar for $3,060 90, $3,020 50 and $2,885 60; notes of L. J. Belloni, Jr., for $865, $3,060 40, check for $500; note of Robert Belloni for $6,370 29; due bill of C. J. Barrett, $350; note of J. H. Voorhees, $8,000, check for $5,000; notes of E. B. Gulick, $55; John A. Walling, $10; J. M. Steele, $100; L. A. Powelson, $447 95; G. W. Appleton, $532 55; E. Baker, $488 46; Walter Lawton, $1,068 15; checks of M. F. Webb, $100, $125, account $28; (all the foregoing are past due.) Note of G. L. Stout, $2,000; accounts against H. M. Gillman, $116; Nelson Dunham, $935; Langdon Rolling Mill, $25; Mary Brown, $125; C. Powelson, $575. The following accounts subject to offsets: Thomas Stout, $1,758; J. W. Stout, $1,425; J. S. Dunham, $960; John Letson, $119; M. C. Peck, $135; Lewis Applegate, $721; W. Priestley, $591; L. J. Belloni, Jr., $1,045; Geo. C. Farrar, $6,262. A judgment against Randolph Martin, $3,479; a judgment against Geo. H. Clark, $6,625.

RUFUS K. McHARG, Assignee,
No. 77 Cedar-st.

o13-law3wW*

$25,000 WANTED ON BOND AND mortgage on improved City property that cost $60,000. Any party having the amount to invest can be abundantly satisfied with the security. No brokers need reply. Address F. J. EDGERTON, Box No. 332 Post-Office.

FINANCIAL.

VERMILYE & CO.
BANKERS,
16 and 18 Nassau-st., New-York.

DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES AND IN GOLD AND GOLD COUPONS.

CLOSING PRICES.
NEW-YORK, Oct. 19, 1869—3 P. M.

	Buy	Sell.		Buy	Sell.
Registered, 1881	119¼	120	5-20 Coupon, '67	118	118¼
Coupon, 1881	119¾	120	5-20 Coupon, '68	118	118¼
5-20 Regis., 1862	115¼	115¾	10-40 Registered	108¼	108¾
5-20 Coupon, '62	120¼	120¾	10-40 Coupon	108¼	108¾
5-20 Coupon, '64	119¼	119¾	Gold	130⅛	130¼
5-20 Coupon, '65	119¾	119¾	U. S. Cur. Pac.	107¾	108
5-20 Coupon, '65, Jan. and July	118	118¼			

BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION
RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD,
MAKING LIBERAL ADVANCES.
INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

BANKING HOUSE OF
JAY COOKE & CO.
NEW-YORK, PHILADELPHIA AND WASHINGTON.
NO. 20 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.

We buy, sell and exchange, at most liberal rates, all issues of

GOVERNMENT BONDS

and bonds of Lake Superior and Mississippi Railroad Company, and execute orders for purchase and sale of

STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.

WE NEGOTIATE RAILROAD AND MUNICIPAL LOANS, receive deposits, subject to check, allowing interest, and transact a general banking business.

JAY COOKE & CO.

COLLECTIONS.
Howes & Macy, Bankers,
(The same as an Incorporated Bank,)
NO. 30 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,
Have unusual facilities for making Collections on any part of the Union or Canada, with immediate Returns, at the very lowest Current Rates.
4 PER CENT. ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS

STUYVESANT & D'WOLF,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
No. 23 Wall-st., corner Broad.

OFFICE OF THE THIRD-AV. RAILROAD COMPANY,
3D-AV., BETWEEN 65TH AND 66TH STS.,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 20, 1869.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Third-av. Railroad Company for the election of thirteen Directors, and for three Inspectors of Election for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Company, on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 10, inst. The polls will be open from 2 to 4 o'clock P. M. The transfer books of the Company will be closed until Nov. 11, inst. By order of the Board. CHARLES S. ARTHUR, Secretary.

SAVINGS BANKS.

MUTUAL BENEFIT SAVINGS BANK,
No. 166 Nassau-st., *Sun* Building, opposite City Hall.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST allowed, free of tax.

One dollar will commence an account. On Special Deposits check books furnished, and interest allowed on daily balances.

Savings Deposits made on or before Oct. 20 draw interest from Oct. 1.

Call for a circular, containing valuable information.

CHARLES K. GRAHAM, President.
A. L. PRITCHARD,
RICHARD VOSE, } Vice-Presidents.
GEO. H. BENEDICT, Secretary.
THEO. W. MORRIS, Chairman Executive Committee.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
No. 96 WARREN-ST., NEW-YORK.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on all sums from $1 to $5,000, free from Government tax. Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Deposits made on or before Oct. 20 will draw interest from Oct. 1.

WALTER W. CONCKLIN, Pres.
VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Sec.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK,
58 BOWERY, SOUTHEAST CORNER CANAL-ST.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON ALL SUMS FROM FIVE TO FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS.

Money deposited now or on or before Oct. 20 will draw interest from Oct. 1, payable in January and July.

Bank open every day from 10 to 3, and also in the evenings of MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, from 5 to 7.

Bank books in English, German and French.

E. A. QUINTARD, President.
SEYMOUR A. BUNCE, Secretary.

METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK,
Nos. 1 and 3 3d-av., New-York, opposite Cooper Institute.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on all sums of $5 and upward.

Money deposited on or before Oct. 20 will draw interest from Oct. 1.

ONE DOLLAR RECEIVED ON DEPOSIT.

INTEREST COMMENCES on Oct. 1, and is PAYABLE Jan. 1.

ISAAC T. SMITH, President.
T. W. LILLIE, Secretary.

All deposits made on or before Oct. 20 will draw interest from the 1st of October. Six per Cent. interest paid on all sums of $1 to $5,000.

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,
Corner 3d-av. and 26th-st.

Open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on the evenings of Monday, Wednesday and Saturday from 6 to 8 o'clock. SPENCER K. GREEN, President.

WM. B. BIBBINS, Secretary.

EXCELSIOR SAVINGS BANK,
No. 368 6th-av., Booth's Building.

Six per cent. interest paid. Money deposited on or before Oct. 20 will draw interest from the 1st.

WM. M. GILES, President.
H. K. THURBAR, HUGH MURRAY, Vice-Presidents.
ISAAC S. BARRETT, Secretary.

PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK,
No. 1,146 Broadway, between 26th and 27th sts.
INTEREST SIX PER CENT.
MONEY DEPOSITED NOW WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM NOV. 1.
CHARLES PECK, President.
CHARLES T. RODGERS, Secretary.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,
CHATHAM-SQUARE AND NEW BOWERY.
Deposits made now draw interest from Oct. 1.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON ALL SUMS FROM $1 TO $5,000.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK, NOS. 396 and 398 Canal-st., corner of Laight-st. 6 per cent. interest on $5 to $5,000. Money deposited on or before Oct. 20 will draw interest from Oct. 1. ASSETS, $6,799,396 71.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK, 8TH-AV., corner of 14th-st. Six per cent. interest paid on all sums from $5 to $5,000. Deposits made on or before Oct. 20 will draw interest from Oct. 1.

C. W. BRINCKERHOFF, Secretary.
R. H. BULL, President.
J. R. KEELER, Vice-Pres.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF THE EAGLE FIRE COMPANY,
NO. 71 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 7, 1869.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF TEN (10) per Cent. has this day been declared, payable on demand, free of Government tax.

By order of the Board of Directors,

A. J. CLINTON,
Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE DRY DOCK, E. BROADWAY AND BATTERY R. R. CO., E. 14TH-ST. AND AVENUE B,
NEW YORK, Oct. 18, 1869.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Company have declared their usual quarterly dividend, free of Government tax, payable on and after 1st November next, at the office of the Company. Transfer books will close 20th instant, until 2d November. WM. WHITE, President.

THE NATIONAL MECHANICS' BANKING ASSOCIATION
OF NEW-YORK, NEW-YORK, Oct. 19, 1869.

THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS have this day declared a dividend of Five (5) per Cent., payable to stockholders on and after the 1st day of November next, free of all taxes.

The transfer books will be closed from this date to Nov. 1. By order. F. CHANDLER, Cashier.

THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 19, 1869.

A DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. free of all taxes has been declared on the capital of this bank, payable on and after Nov. 1.

The transfer books will be closed from this date and reopen on the 2d November.

E. WILLSON, Cashier.

UNION NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 19, 1869.

DIVIDEND.—A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER Cent. has been declared by this bank, free from all taxation, payable on the 1st day of November next, to which date the transfer books will remain closed.

JAMES M. LEWIS, Cashier.

PACIFIC BANK, NEW-YORK, Oct. 13, 1869.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared an extra Dividend of Four (4) per Cent. free from Government tax, payable on and after 1st day of November. R. BUCK, Cashier.

DIVIDENDS.

THE ST. LOUIS AND ST. JOSEPH RAILROAD CO.

Notice is hereby given that the Coupons of the St. Louis and St. Joseph Railroad Company due Nov. 1 next, 1869, will, if desired, be cashed in Gold, Free of Government Tax, at the Banking Office of Messrs. Tanner & Co., No. 49 Wall-st., New-York, less the rebate at the rate of 5 Per Cent. per annum in Gold from the time of presentation until Nov. 1 next.

L. M. LAWSON,
President.

AUCTION SALES.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER, Auctioneers.

ART NOTICE.

IMPORTANT SALE OF FINE ORIGINAL OIL PAINTINGS BY EUROPEAN ARTISTS,
"VILHELM COLLECTION,"

Now on Exhibition at the Leeds Art Galleries, Nos. 817 and 819 Broadway, southwest corner 12th-st.,

TO BE SOLD AT AUCTION,
on the evenings of
TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY, Oct. 19 and 20.

This celebrated collection of the modern FRENCH, FLEMISH and DUSSELDORF schools, comprising in part works of the following masters, viz.:

Eug Verboeckhoven,	Leclerq,	Musin,
	Hagelstein,	Delachaux,
Robbe,	Weiser,	Kruseman,
H. Ronner,	Arnaux,	L. De Beul,
De Beul,	Masseweins,	Ceriez,
Van Severdonck,	H. De Beul,	H. Hue,
Berlin,	De Bylandt,	Carabain,
Dielmann,	Robart,	Unterberger,
Verwee,	Janssens,	Koelhoff.
Boulanger,	Coumont,	

All original by celebrated masters.

Also, a superb collection of fine ENGRAVINGS, COPIES OF POMPEIAN FRESCOES, FRENCH PHOTOGRAPHS and VENETIAN VIEWS, collected abroad by a well-known author of this City.

Also,
THE ODALISQUE and DOLCE FAR NIENTE,
by PROF. F. MARTINEZ,

and a number of fine pictures by favorite American and European artists, to be sold by order of receiver, without reserve, to pay advances, &c.

Gallery now open for exhibition day and evening until sale.

BARKER & THEALL, Auctioneers.

LARGE SALE OF
FIRE-PROOF SAFES
AT AUCTION.
WILL BE SOLD AT AUCTION ON
WEDNESDAY, OCT. 20,
AT 11 O'CLOCK A. M., AT THE STORE
NO. 43 CORTLANDT-ST.,
next door to the Merchants' Hotel.
THE ENTIRE STOCK OF THE CELEBRATED
WILDER PATENT SALAMANDER SAFES,
COMPRISING ALL SIZES.

These Safes are well known to be the best Fire-Proof Safes made in the world; were all manufactured under the personal superintendence of Mr. Wilder, and are all warranted perfectly free from dampness. Now is the time to secure the best Safes made, at low prices, as the whole stock will be sold to close up accounts, without reserve, FOR CASH.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT FURNITURE, FRENCH PLATE MIRRORS, BRONZE STATUETTES, &c., AT AUCTION.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 20, 1869, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the private residence No. 233 East 12th-st., between 2d and 3d avs., the entire furniture in said house, consisting of elegant carved rosewood parlor suites, in satin, damask and silk reps; rosewood centre tables, rosewood and gilt cabinet, rosewood arm chairs, in satin damask, satin damask and reps; window curtains, gilt cornices, French plate pier and mantel mirrors, black walnut dining table and chairs, black walnut buffet, black walnut lounges, black walnut bedsteads, bureaus and washstands; black walnut book case, black walnut cabinet, black walnut sofas, arm and side chairs; marbel mantel clock, spring and hair mattresses. Moquet, Wilton and Brussels carpets, oilcloth, &c., together with an assortment of china and glassware, with which the sale will commence.

Catalogues now ready at the auctioneers' office, No. 3 Pine-st.

WM. M. LITTLE, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE BY W. W. BACKUS & CO.

The entire furniture (nearly 300 lots by catalogue) of the private residence No. 38 West 47th-st., (near 5th-av.) will be sold without reserve on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 20, 1869, at 10½ A. M., consisting of three rosewood drawing room suites, in crimson and gold satin; carved rosewood etagere, two solid rosewood Gothic reception chairs, in crimson and gold satin; elegant centre and side tables, parlor vases and ornaments; velvet, Brussels and three-ply carpets; solid mahogany and black-walnut chamber sets, chairs, lounges and rockers; spring and curled hair mattresses, solid black-walnut extension dining table and sideboard, black-walnut dining chairs and lounge, in green rep; complete sets of chinaware, kitchen tables, furniture, &c. Also, files of the New-York *Herald, Tribune* and *Times*, and *Frank Leslie's* and *Harper's Weekly* during the war.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, HORSES, CARRIAGES, FARMING UTENSILS, &C., AT AUCTION.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, Oct. 21, 1869, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the private RESIDENCE OF GEORGE W. DEVOE, ON CLINTON-AV., NEAR CENTRAL-AV., FORDHAM RIDGE:

Black walnut arm chairs, black walnut library desk, black walnut bookcase, black walnut bedsteads, bureaus, washstands, lounges, &c.; mirror, linen shades, gilt cornices, oil paintings, hall stand, hall chairs, carpets, oil-cloths, &c., &c.

Also, same time and place, horses, carriages, buggies, harness, blankets, robes, cow, fowls, and a large assortment of farming utensils.

Maps now ready at the auctioneer's office, No. 3 Pine-st.

E. NICHOLS & CO., Auctioneers.

AUCTION NOTICE.—LARGE AND PEREMPTORY sale of elegant household furniture, THIS (Wednesday) AFTERNOON, Oct. 20, at 2 o'clock, at the large brown-stone residence, No. 118 West 26th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.; magnificent rosewood pianoforte, full seven octave, stool and cover; five elegant parlor suites, covered with satin brocatel and French reps; 50 velvet Brussels carpets, 24 pair lace curtains, pier and mantel mirrors, bronzes, figures, clocks, statuary, 75 oil paintings by eminent artists, etageres, tables, Turkish chairs, lounges, 10 rosewood and walnut chamber suites, 10 bedsteads, 10 bureaus, washstands, commodes, 20 hair and spring mattresses, sheets, blankets, quilts, bed lounges, chairs, rockers, sofas, 2 walnut sideboards, 2 extension tables, 24 dining chairs, glass, china and silverware, table cutlery, &c. Sale positive.

JAMES M. MILLER, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL THIS DAY,
WEDNESDAY, Oct. 20, 1869,
At 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway.
By order of Executors.

The valuable plot of land on the northeast corner of 11th-av. and 87th-st. Sale positive without any reservation. Part of the purchase money may remain on bond and mortgage.

Maps at the office of the auctioneer.

AUCTION NOTICE.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER, Auctioneers; salesrooms, Nos. 95 Chambers and 77 Reade sts.; art galleries, Nos. 817 and 819 Broadway.

We call the attention of our friends and the public to the great facilities now offered by us for the disposal of furniture, fancy goods, paintings and works of art, horses and carriages, real estate, stocks, bonds and general merchandise.

HENRY H. LEEDS,
ALLEN B. MINER.

A. M. CRISTALER, Auctioneer.

SALE OF FINE OIL PAINTINGS, BY A. M. CRISTALAR, ON THURSDAY, OCT. 21, AT 12 M., AT No. 598 Broadway, near Metropolitan Hotel.

A valuable collection of modern and ancient

OIL PAINTINGS

From European masters, now on exhibition.

WILLIAM ELLIOTT, Auctioneer.

CAMELLIA JAPONICAS AT AUCTION—On FRIDAY, 22d inst., at 11 A. M., at YOUNG & ELLIOTT'S, No. 9 John-st. Mr. Andrew Dryburgh, of Philadelphia, will offer a superior assortment of over 500 specimen plants, from one to ten feet in height, all in fine order and well set with flower buds.

CLINTON HALL BOOK SALESROOMS AND ART GALLERIES, LEAVITT, STREBEIGH & CO. AUCTIONEERS.—THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, Oct. 21, 22 and 23, commencing at 7 o'clock each evening, sale of a part of the private library of A. J. Cathcal, Esq., comprising a choice collection of books, many scarce classical works, &c., &c.

Catalogues ready. Books on exhibition.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY at David's Island, New-York Harbor.—On WEDNESDAY, Oct. 20, at 12 o'clock M., a large amount of medicines, instruments, dressings, bedding, furniture, &c., will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder. Sale positive. Goods to be moved within forty-eight hours from time of purchase by the purchaser. The New-Haven Railroad cars, stopping at New-Rochelle, will convey persons desiring to attend the sale.

MILLINERY.

VELVET BONNETS $10—VELVET BONNETS, $5; elegant velvet bonnets $15, warranted worth $30; felt hats, children's hats and feathers.

L. BINNS' Millinery, No. 577 Broadway,
and No. 889 Broadway.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CHLORODYNE.

The most wonderful remedy ever discovered. Caution and advice to invalids: Beware of spurious imitations of

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE, the original and only genuine, which is the best, safest and most effectual remedy for COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, DIARRHŒA, COLIC, CRAMP, NEURALGIA.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is publicly acknowledged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most effectual remedy ever discovered.

To prevent fraud, the Government have authorised a stamp, with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 65c., $1 10 and $2 15, by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, No. 33 Great Russell-st., Bloomsbury, London. Agents in New-York—J. ASPINWALL, William-st.; F. C. WELLS & CO., No. 192 Fulton-st.

DRY GOODS.

NOVELTIES IN
MILLINERY GOODS,
AT EDWARD RIDLEY & SON'S.

SASH RIBBONS ARE LOWER IN PRICE.
BONNET RIBBONS FROM AUCTION,
5 CENTS, 10 CENTS, 15 CENTS, 20 CENTS, 25 CENTS, AND UP.
FULL LINE OF PLAID VELVETS.

We Have Fine Shades in Black and Colored Silk Velvets,

AT $1, $1 50, $2 AND UPWARD.
EXAMINE OUR STOCK OF SATINS.
ALL THE FASHIONABLE SHADES IN KID GLOVES, FROM $1 A PAIR, WARRANTED EVERYWAY. GOOD KID GLOVES AT 20 CENTS, AT 25 CENTS, AT 50 CENTS, AT 75 CENTS.

NEW VARIETIES IN FALL GLOVES AND HOSIERY.

CHEAP UNDERGARMENTS, 75 CENTS, $1 CENTS, AND $1 EACH. BARGAINS IN LADIES' TIES, BOWS, SCARFS, &C., EMBROIDERIES, COLLARS, CUFFS, SLEEVES, LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, &C., YANKEE NOTIONS, SAMPLES, SLIPPERS, BERLIN WOOLS, FANCY GOODS, PERFUMERY, SOAPS, DOLLS, BASKETS, &C., ALL CHEAP. SPECIALTIES, LEATHER BAGS AND SATCHELS. 75 CENTS, $1, $1 25, $1 40, $1 60, AND $1 90 EACH. OUR CORSETS ARE CHEAP ESPECIALLY, AT 75 CENTS, $1, $1 50, $2, $2 50, AND $3. WE HAVE GOOD CORSETS AT 50 AND 65 CENTS.

DRESS AND CLOAK TRIMMINGS.

BUTTONS, SILK FRINGES, RIBBON VELVETS, &C., &C.
EVERYTHING NEW.

LARGEST STOCK OF FEATHERS, PLUMES, FLOWERS AND BIRDS TO SELECT FROM IN THIS CITY.

EDWARD RIDLEY & SON,
Nos. 309, 311, 311½ Grand-st., and Nos. 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st., corner store, fifth block east from the Bowery.

MILLINERS
AND COUNTRY STOREKEEPERS
WILL FIND
IN OUR STOCK DESIRABLE GOODS, CHEAP.
JOBBING ROOMS UP STAIRS.
EDWARD RIDLEY & SON,
Nos. 309, 311 and 311½ Grand, and Nos. 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st., corner store, fifth block east from Bowery.

AT EDWARD RIDLEY & SON'S.

BONNET ROOMS CROWDED WITH NOVELTIES TO-DAY,
BOTH TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED,
FROM LOW TO VERY FINEST GRADES,
UNDER REGULAR PRICES.

EDWARD RIDLEY & SON.
Nos. 309, 311, 311½ Grand-st., and Nos. 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st., corner store, fifth block east from the Bowery.

A CARD.

Since fire destroyed our warehouse, Feb. 12, 1867, we have had no suitable accommodations for the transaction of our business.

It is therefore with satisfaction that we inform our friends that we shall remove on the 1st of November to

NO. 328 BROADWAY.

We have now in store a large Stock of Goods adapted to the season, which we shall sell before removal. To do this we offer many articles below the market price.

Close buyers from every section of the country are invited to notice this.

S. B. CHITTENDEN & CO.,
Until 1st November,
No. 358 Broadway.
New-York, Oct. 14, 1869.

RICH LACES
AND EMBROIDERIES.
RIBBONS
AND
DRESS TRIMMINGS.
FRINGES, GALOONS AND HEADINGS,
SASHES, SCARFS AND BOWS, IN
ROMAN COLORS
AND
SCOTCH PLAIDS.
Novelties for the Fall trade in every department.
MILLER & GRANT,
NO. 879 BROADWAY, between 18th and 19th sts.
A LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO THE TRADE.

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!
AT IMMENSE REDUCTIONS.
J. R. TERRY,
No. 19 Union-square.

1870.—STYLES OF SWISS LACE CURTAINS received in advance at KELTY'S CURTAIN STORE, Broadway, near Grand-st. Also a complete assortment of Nottingham and all other curtains, furniture and slip coverings, at wholesale or retail, at low prices.

N. B.—A large assortment of new styles of first-class FURNITURE at fair prices at No. 661 Broadway, opposite Bond-st.

G. L. & J. B. KELTY & CO.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN CAN receive 30 per cent. above the actual value for their cast-off wearing apparel, carpets, jewelry, diamonds, &c., by calling or addressing a note to Mr. or Mrs. H., at their new establishment, No. 1¼ Clinton-place, 8th-st., corner of Broadway, under Rochester Hotel.

TOYS—RETAIL AT STAVELEY'S, NO. 870 Broadway, near 18th-st. A fine assortment of Toys.

FURNITURE.

FIRST-CLASS FURNITURE,
AT GREATLY-REDUCED PRICES, AT
BRAUNSDORF & METZ'S.

Warerooms Nos. 125 and 127 Rivington-st., between Essex and Norfolk sts. Manufactories, Nos. 132 to 138 Essex-st.

ALL GOODS WARRANTED.

MEDICAL.

LOSS OF MANHOOD, OR IMPOTENCE, resulting from the follies of youth, or other cause; young, middle-aged, or even old men, permanently restored to manly vigor. Those afflicted should be careful and find the right place. Dr. LEWIS has given his special attention to the cure of private diseases without mercury for the last forty years in New-York City. Office No. 7 Beach-st.

DR. R. COBBETT, MEMBER OF the N. Y. University Medical College, and R. C. Surgeons, London, can be consulted privately on certain diseases. A practice of 34 years, 30 of which have been a specialty, enables him to make speedy and permanent cures or no charge. Office 20 Centre-st., near Chambers. A private entrance at 6 City Hall-place.

IRRITABLE BLADDER CAUSED by piles; stricture—its instant curability; frequent identity of symptoms of the two diseases; a lecture to his surgical class, by EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D., editor of the *Scalpel*. See No. 46. Inclose 50 cents to Box No. 3,121. Office hours from 8 to 9, 1 to 3, and 7 to 9 evenings, at No. 42 5th-av.

A $5 BOTTLE OF DR. HUNTERS' Botanic Cordial restores the vigor of youth in ten days; gives health, strength and vigor to the most debilitated. Forty years' practice. New office, No. 56 Bond-st.

DR. HUNTER, NO. 56 BOND-ST., ONE door from Bowery, (late of No. 3 Division-st.,) can cure worse cases of private diseases, without mercury, in shorter time than any other physician, or no charge. Consultation and medicine, $5.

DR. E. B. FOOTE, AUTHOR OF "Medical Common Sense," may be consulted in person or by letter at his office, No. 120 Lexington-av., corner of East 28th-st. Office hours from 10 A. M. till 4 P. M. Consultation free.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IMMEDIately by Dr. EVANS, No. 94 Chatham-st., by Dr. Evans' Magical Invigorator; lost manhood restored in fifteen minutes. Price $5 per package.

LOST MANHOOD IS RESTORED IN FIFteen minutes certain, by Dr. EVANS' Magical Invigorators. Price $5 per package. Cure guaranteed of impotency.

NERVOUS DEBILITY AND COMplaints of either sex cured immediately by Dr. EVANS, No. 94 Chatham-st. Physical vigor restored by his Elixir.

YOUNG MEN WHO SUFFER FROM habits which render marriage impossible and destroy mind and body should apply for EVANS' Elixir. Office, No. 94 Chatham-st.

HELP FOR THE UNFORTUNATE of either sex in sealed letter free of charge. Apply to or address Dr. EVANS, No. 94 Chatham-st., New-York.

RELIEF FOR CONSUMPTIVES.—INstitution for the treatment of diseases of the chest, No. 20 West 24th-st. Hours 10 to 3, except Sunday.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CANVASSERS OF ELECTION.

IN BOARD OF SUPERVISORS, Sept. 13, 1869.

Resolved, That the County of New-York be and is hereby divided for the next election into twelve return districts, viz.:

First District—First, Second, Third and Fifth Wards—Returns to be made to Supervisor Henry Smith, at New Court-house.

Second District—Fourth and Sixth Wards—Returns to be made to Supervisor Walter Roche, No. 314 Pearl-street.

Third District—Seventh and Thirteenth Wards—Returns to be made to Supervisor William M. Tweed, No. 197 Henry-street.

Fourth District—Tenth and Fourteenth Wards—Returns to be made to Supervisor James Hayes, No. 206 Elm-street.

Fifth District—Eleventh and Seventeenth Wards—Returns to be made to Supervisor Gerson N. Herrman, No. 297 East Tenth-street.

Sixth District—Eighth and Ninth Wards—Returns to be made to Supervisor Andrew Bleakley, New Court-house.

Seventh District—Fifteenth Ward—Returns to be made to Supervisor Orison Blunt, No. 118 Ninth-street.

Eighth District—Sixteenth and Twentieth Wards—Returns to be made to Supervisor Isaac J. Oliver, No. 234 West Thirty-eighth-street.

Ninth District—Eighteenth and Twenty-first Wards—Returns to be made to Supervisor Andreas Willmann, No. 207 East Twenty-first street.

Tenth District—Twenty-second Ward—Returns to be made to Supervisor John Brice, No. 422 West Thirty-third-street.

Eleventh District—Twelfth Ward—Returns to be made to Supervisor Smith Ely, Jr., No. 103 Gold-street.

Twelfth District—Nineteenth Ward—Returns to be made to Supervisor John Fox, New Court-house.

—and that the Chairman of each Board of Canvassers of the several election districts in each return district shall return the original statements, together with a copy of the poll-list at the General Election to be held in November, and deliver the same to the Supervisor who is herein designated for receiving the same.

Adopted by the Board of Supervisors Sept. 17, 1869.
Approved by the Mayor Sept. 18, 1869.
JOSEPH B. YOUNG, Clerk.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—PUBLIC NOtice is hereby given to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands affected thereby, that the following assessments have been completed and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz.:

First—For laying crosswalk opposite number one hundred and eleven South-street.

Second—For laying crosswalk from number four hundred and ninety-one Washington-street to Clinton Market.

Third—For laying crosswalk in West-street, from number thirty-two to pier number five.

Fourth—For laying crosswalk corner of Chrystie and Stanton streets.

Fifth—For laying crosswalk in Whitehall-street, opposite number forty-nine.

Sixth—For flagging Thirty-eighth-street, between First and Second avenues.

Seventh—For flagging in front of numbers five hundred and twenty-two, five hundred and twenty-four and five hundred and twenty-six West Thirty-fifth-street.

Eighth—For building sewers between Seventy-ninth and Eighty-sixth streets, and between Avenue A and Third-avenue.

The limits embraced by such assessment include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land situated on:

First—From number one hundred and seven to number one hundred and fifteen South-street.

Second—Both sides of Washington-street, between Canal and Spring streets.

Third—West-street, between Morris and Rector streets.

Four—Both sides of Chrystie-street, between Stanton and Rivington streets, and the southerly side of Stanton-street, between Bowery and Forsyth-street.

Fifth—Numbers forty-five, forty-seven and forty-nine Whitehall-street, and Front-street, between Whitehall and Moore streets.

Sixth—Both sides of Thirty-eighth-street, between First and Second avenues.

Seventh—Numbers five hundred and twenty-two, five hundred and twenty-four and five hundred and twenty-six West Thirty-fifth-street.

Eighth—Both sides of First-avenue, between Seventy-ninth and Eighty-fourth streets; both sides of Eightieth-street, between First and Third avenues; both sides of Eighty-second-street, between First and Second avenues; both sides of Eighty-third-street, between Avenue A and Third-avenue; and both sides of Eighty-fourth and Eighty-fifth streets, between Second and Third avenues.

All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named assessments, and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections, in writing, to Emanuel B. Hart, Chairman of the Board of Assessors, at their office, number nineteen Chatham-street, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

EMANUEL B. HART,
RICHARD TWEED,
THOMAS B. ASTEN,
RICHARD M. HENRY,
Board of Assessors.

OFFICE BOARD OF ASSESSORS,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 13, 1869.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—PUBLIC NOtice is hereby given to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands affected thereby that the following assessments have been completed and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz.:

First—For building sewer in Tenth-avenue, between Fifty-ninth and Sixty-first-streets, with branches in Sixtieth and Sixty-first streets.

Second—For laying Belgian pavement in Thomas-street, from Church to Hudson-street.

Third—For laying Belgian pavement in One Hundred and Twenty-fourth-street, from Fifth to Sixth-avenue.

Fourth—For regulating, grading, setting curb and gutter stones and flagging Sixty-sixth-street, from Third to Fifth-avenue.

Fifth—For flagging Morton-street, from Washington to West-street.

Sixth—For setting curb and gutter stones in Fifty-sixth-street, from Third to Fifth-avenue.

The limits embraced by such assessment include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land, situated on

First—Both sides of Tenth-avenue, between Fifty-ninth and Sixty-first streets, and both sides of Sixtieth and Sixty-first streets, between Ninth and Tenth avenues.

Second—Both sides of Thomas-street, between Church and Hudson streets, and the intersecting streets, to the extent of half the block.

Third—Both sides One Hundred and Twenty-fourth-street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues, and the intersecting streets, to the extent of half the block.

Fourth—Both sides of Sixty-sixth-street, between Third and Fifth avenues, and the intersecting streets to the extent of half the block.

Fifth—The southerly side of Morton-street, between Washington and West streets.

Sixth—Both sides of Fifty-sixth-street, between Third and Sixth avenues.

All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named assessments, and who are opposed to the same or either of them, are requested to present their objections in writing to Emanuel B. Hart, Chairman of the Board of Assessors, at their office, No. 19 Chambers-street, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

EMANUEL B. HART,
RICHARD TWEED,
THOMAS B. ASTEN,
RICHARD M. HENRY,
Board of Assessors.

OFFICE BOARD OF ASSESSORS, NEW-YORK, Oct. 18, 1869.

SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER of the application of the Commissioners of the Central Park, for and in behalf of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York relative to opening Seventieth-street, from Eighth-avenue to Tenth-avenue, in the City of New-York.

We, the undersigned, Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment in the above-entitled matter, hereby give notice to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants, of all houses and lots and improved or unimproved lands affected thereby, and to all others whom it may concern, to wit:

That we have completed our estimate and assessment, and that all persons interested in these proceedings, or in any of the lands affected thereby, and who may be opposed to the same, do present their objections in writing duly verified, to William H. Tracy, Esq., our Chairman, at the office of the Commissioners, No. 82 Nassau-street, (Room No. 42,) in this City, on or before the twenty-seventh day of October, 1869, and that we, the said Commissioners, will hear parties so objecting within the ten week days next after the said twenty-seventh day of October, 1869, and for that purpose will be in attendance at our said office on each of said ten days at 2 o'clock P. M.

That the abstract of the said estimate and assessment, together with our maps, and also the affidavits, estimates and other documents which were used by us in making our report, have been deposited in the Street Commissioner's office, in the City of New-York, there to remain until the eighth day of November, 1869.

That the limits embraced by the assessment aforesaid are as follows, to wit: All those lots, pieces or parcels of land, lying and being on Seventieth-street, in the City of New-York, between the Eighth-avenue and a point distant four hundred feet westerly from the westerly side of Tenth-avenue, and extending on either side of Seventieth-street half the distance to the next street thereto; and

That our report herein will be presented to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a Special Term thereof, to be held in the new Court-house, at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on the seventeenth day of November, 1869, at the opening of the Court on that day, and that then and there, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard thereon, a motion will be made that the said report be confirmed.

Dated NEW-YORK, Sept. 21, 1869.

WILLIAM H. TRACY,
J. TOWNSEND CONNOLLY, } Commissioners.
J. J. MARRIN,

SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER of the application of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York relative to the widening and straightening of Broadway, between Thirty-fourth-street and Fifty-ninth-street; and also the making of that part of Broadway, between Thirty-second and Thirty-fifth streets, and that part between Forty-second and Forty-seventh streets, of a greater width than one hundred feet, in the City of New-York.—Pursuant to statutes in such case made and provided, the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, hereby give notice that, in compliance with the act of the Legislature of the people of the State of New-York, entitled "An act to alter the map or plan of the City of New-York, and to carry the alterations into effect," passed May 17, 1869, three-fifths being present, they intend to apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a Special Term of said Court, to be held before the Honorable Albert Cardozo, Justice, in Room No. 12, second story, in the new Court House, at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on WEDNESDAY, the 10th day of November, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard thereon, for the appointment of Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment, in the above-entitled matter; that the nature and extent of the improvement hereby intended is the widening of Broadway to the width of one hundred feet, and the straightening of the same, between Thirty-fourth-street and Fifty-ninth-street, and also the making of that part of Broadway between Thirty-second-street and Thirty-fifth-street, and between Forty-second-street and Forty-seventh-street, of a greater width than one hundred feet, in the City of New-York, in the manner provided by said act of said Legislature. RICHARD O'GORMAN, Counsel to the Corporation.

Dated NEW-YORK, Oct. 15, 1869.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—PURSUANT to an order of Hon. William H. Onderdonk, Surrogate of the County of Queens, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of WILLIAM R. MILES, late of the town of North Hempstead, in the said County of Queens, deceased, to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at the place of business of William A. Miles, No. 39 Chrystie-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 1st day of January next.—Dated JUNE 18, 1869.

MARTHA M. MILES, Executrix.
WILLIAM A. MILES,
CHARLES H. BAILEY, } Executors.

je18-law6mW*

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, OCT. 20, 1869.

Amusements this Evening.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE FAIR.
At the Empire City Rink, 3d-av., near 63d-st.
GRAND EXHIBITION. Open Day and Evening.

BOOTH'S THEATRE.
23d-st., corner 6th-av.
MARY WARNER. Leading characters by Miss Bateman, Mr. George Jordan and Mr. Hamilton.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
8th-av., corner 23d-st.
CHARLES O'MALLEY. Leading characters by Mr. Edward Falconer, Miss Lisa Weber.

WALLACK'S THEATRE,
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
AN UNEQUAL MATCH. Characters by Messrs. Stoddart, Ringgold, Miss Madeline Henriques, &c.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, between Prince and Houston sts.
EAST LYNNE. Leading character by Miss Lucille Western.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.
24th-st., near 5th-av.
AS YOU LIKE IT. Leading characters by Mrs. Scott-Siddons and Mrs. Clara Jennings.

FRENCH THEATRE,
14th-st., near 6th-av.
SAM. Leading character by Mr. F. S. Chanfrau.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Broadway, near Bleecker-st.
STREETS OF NEW-YORK. Leading characters by Messrs. Mortimer, Studley and Miss Eliza Newton.

BOWERY THEATRE,
Bowery, near Canal-st.
TICKET-OF-LEAVE MAN and VOL-AU-VENT (pantomine.)

WOOD'S MUSEUM.
Broadway, corner 30th-st.
Afternoon—PEARL OF SAVOY. Evening—FLICK FLOCK. Large collection of curiosities.

THE TAMMANY.
14th-st., near 3d-av.
BURLESQUE, PANTOMIME, ATHLETIC FEATS, BALLET, &c.

STEINWAY HALL,
14th-st., near 4th-av.
GRAND CONCERT. By Senorita Maria Cortes and assistants.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
14th-st. and Irving-place.
FEATS OF MAGIC AND LEGERDEMAIN, by Professor Hermann.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.
No. 585 Broadway.
NEGRO MINSTRELSY. Birch, Wambold, Bernard, Backus, &c.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.
14th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.
EXHIBITION OF EQUESTRIAN AND ATHLETIC FEATS.

SOMERVILLE ART GALLERY.
5th-av., corner 14th-st.
EXHIBITION OF PAINTINGS. "THE NINE MUSES."

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Two copies, one year	5
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An extra copy to getter-up of club, and a splendid steel engraving of the late HENRY J. RAYMOND.	
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Five copies, one year	8
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Notice.

We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. We cannot return rejected communications, nor preserve manuscripts, unless specially requested so to do.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the TIMES are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

☞ Advertisements for the WEEKLY TIMES must be handed in before 10 o'clock this evening.

Our Circulation.

The subscription list and the daily sales of the TIMES are now greater than at any period within the last six months, and are rapidly increasing. The fact is mentioned for the information of friends and in reply to the misstatements of enemies.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

EUROPE.

The discovery of a conspiracy to surrender the barracks at San Mateo, Spain, to the insurgents is reported; and the Captain of the garrison, who was implicated, has been arrested. Before the attack on Valencia the national troops suffered severe losses in skirmishing.

The *Opinion Nacional* says there is an understanding between the Republicans of Spain and the Cubans by which the latter is to furnish means and receive their independence when the Republic is established.

Marshal BAZAINE has been made Commander-in-Chief of the Imperial Guard of France, and General DE FAILLY succeeds him as Commander of the Third Army Corps.

The rumored Ministerial changes are officially denied. The Ministerial Council has met at Compiègne to deliberate on a project of law. NAPOLEON has written a congratulatory letter to Prince CHARLES of Roumania on the occasion of his marriage.

The Republican manifesto is not liked by the Radical Press at Paris. Deputies BANCEL, SIMON, FERRY and PELLETAN were present at the Opposition meeting on Monday, in order, it is said, to explain their recent conduct. At a public meeting on Monday evening several of the ultra Radical deputies are reported to have been roughly handled by the crowd.

A strike is apprehended among the switchmen employed on the railway lines entering Paris. The places of business in the city, it is expected, will be open to-day, notwithstanding the strike of the merchants' clerks, which still continues; 9,000, it is estimated, are engaged in the movement.

The French Cable Company have been forbidden, it is said, by a Committee of the shareholders, to distribute 5,000 shares among the projectors of the enterprise.

CUBA.

The Havana *Diaro de la Marina* of yesterday publishes three intercepted dispatches which, if true, are said to show that the insurrectionary movement in Spain is the work of Cuban leaders. Additional troops have left Havana for the seat of war, and twenty rebels are reported to have sued for pardon at Cienfuegos.

The *Cuba*, at Wilmington, N. C., was yesterday surrendered to Lieutenant-Commander PIERSON, of the *Frolic*, who demanded the vessel under a direct order from the President. Trouble is apprehended at Wilmington from the men, who are now in the city, unrestrained by their officers, and an extra Police force has been put on duty.

GENERAL.

In the Virginia Legislature, yesterday, the Walker Republican candidates, Lieutenant-Governor JOHN F. LEWIS and JOHN W. JOHNSON, were chosen United States Senators.

In the Tennessee Legislature, yesterday, two ballots for Senator were taken in the House, and one in the Senate, but no choice was made. JOHNSON was ahead in both branches, but is not sufficiently strong to render his election certain. ETHERIDGE was second. The balloting will be continued to-day.

The majority for Governor HAYES in Ohio is 8,078. The Legislature stands Senate one, House three Republican majority.

The new President of Harvard College, CHARLES WILLIAM ELIOT, was publicly inaugurated at Cambridge, yesterday, in the presence of the State officers and a large body of spectators.

The authorities of the Dominion are alarmed by a report that the Fenians have chartered and equipped a gunboat with hostile intentions upon the Canadian towns on the upper lakes. They have accordingly taken active measures to resist the invasion.

Extensive arrangements are making in Louisville, Ky., for the reunion of the Army of the Tennessee, which meets in that city on the 18th and 19th of November.

A violent snow storm is reported as having occurred in St. Louis, Mo., yesterday, which extended through the States of Illinois and Kansas.

The Grand Commandery Masonic procession in Cleveland, Ohio, yesterday, was a very imposing display. Commanderies from Erie, Penn., and Detroit, Mich., were present, and 1,500 Masons were in line.

The State Fair of Virginia opened yesterday at Richmond.

A Stock Exchange has been organised in Chicago, Ill., and is to open about the 1st of November. D. H. DENTER has been chosen the President.

A woman named MARY CALLAHAN has been arrested in Utica charged with murdering her child, an infant, the body of which was found yesterday afternoon.

The railroad stock and registered bonds stolen recently from the Insurance office in Poughkeepsie have been returned to the Company by mail.

A man named MALACHIE, at Arcola, Ill., on Thursday, and a married woman named HUEBNER, at Chicago, on Monday, were both burned to death by the explosion of a kerosene lamp.

LOCAL.

The order of Good Samaritans held a meeting, last evening, at the Allen-street Methodist Episcopal Church, and was addressed by GEO. H. HICK, of Philadelphia. The speaker gave an account of the order, which was founded in this City in 1847, and took strong ground in favor of prohibitoral legislation, which he believed would become general in this country in his own lifetime.

The return game, yesterday, between the Atlantics and Mutuals, resulted in a victory for the latter, by a score of twelve to five. In the first match, the Mutuals were defeated.

A sudden and vigorous raid was made yesterday on the down-town lottery dealers, for violating the law requiring them to pay a special tax. Several lottery men were arrested, and were held by United States Commissioner SHIELDS in $500 each to appear for examination.

Hon. HORACE GREELEY delivered his popular lecture, entitled "Self-made Men," before a crowded audience at the Fortieth-street Presbyterian Church, near Lexington-avenue, last evening.

Father HYACINTHE was visited at the Fifth-avenue Hotel by several prominent gentlemen, ecclesiastics and others, yesterday. Among them were Drs. FRENCH, BIGELOW and IRENÆUS PRIME.

The directors of the New-York Juvenile Asylum visited that institution yesterday afternoon. The visitors were entertained by the children with singing and other vocal exercises, and Rev. G. J. MAGINNIS and others delivered appropriate addresses.

PORTER CORNELIUS BLISS, Esq., late Secretary of Legation at Paraguay, at the meeting of the Long Island Historical Society, last evening, gave an interesting narrative of his experience in the Paraguayan war. He also gave a brief and graphic account of the general character of the people and their history.

The Brooklyn Art Society will commence the erection of their new building on Montague-street, adjoining the Academy of Music, soon. It is to cost $100,000, exclusive of the lots. The next reception will take place at the Academy, Dec. 6.

The Carrying Trade—The Question of Subsidy.

The tendency of very common and very simple matters to surround themselves, in the course of ages, with a kind of mystery, after several generations have talked a good deal about them, without clearly understanding them, has been very well illustrated in the case of the carrying trade. There is no maritime country in the civilized world which did not after the age of discovery had been entered on, and transoceanic trade and possessions began to be thought of importance, resort to legislation for the encouragement of domestic shipbuilding and shipsailing, and the object was in all cases the same—the building up of naval power for military purposes. Each government not only wanted to have as much territory beyond the sea as it could get hold of, but it wanted to have ships and steamers in abundance, ready for use, whenever it got into war. The royal navies wanted men, and most traders, as soon as peaceful commerce was interrupted, were ready to turn their hand to privateering, so that for a long time the navigation acts, with discriminations against foreign vessels, were universally acknowledged to be in the main military measures. The mercantile marine was nursed as a kind of training school for the fighting fleet.

As commerce grew, and Government machinery became better organized and more efficient, the merchant service gradually lost its importance for military purposes. People began gradually to value the carrying trade simply as a branch of industry in which money was to be made. Its relation to the natural powers of offence and defence fell into the background, and merchants proclaimed boldly that their principal reason for desiring to carry goods on the high seas was to make a good profit on their capital.

The merchant vessel has ceased to be regarded as anything but a machine costing so much and expected to yield so much. Had no change taken place in the art of navigation, it is probable that the old idea that something would happen to the country which did not keep up a large merchant fleet, even at a loss, would by this time have died out, and capital would have been left to seek or avoid ocean transportation just as it is left to seek or avoid railroads, or stage coaches, without let or hindrance. But about twenty years ago it was discovered that steamboats could not only be used for long voyages, but that the length of their trips could be calculated with almost as much accuracy as those of railroad trains. They thus offered such means of regular and punctual communication with foreign countries, as had never previously been more than dreamed of, and to England, as the greatest colonial and commercial Power of the world, the discovery was of immense importance. It abolished at one stroke half the distance to all her colonies and foreign customers. But to run lines of steamers twenty-five years ago, regularly and at short intervals, on ocean lines, and of such size and capacity as to make the service sure and efficient, was an undertaking which no private capitalists would risk. The passenger traffic was very small and not likely to increase rapidly. It was doubtful whether any goods would bear the expense of steam transportation, and in short the whole enterprise was new, and its commercial results very uncertain.

She, therefore, making out what was then her policy with regard to all her foreign possessions, voted large subsidies in aid of steamboat lines, which would take mails rapidly and regularly to North America, the West Indies, India, Gibraltar and the Cape of Good Hope, and the steamboats were soon running, and running with admirable punctuality and safety. The effect of this, on the world at large, was at once to revive the dying faith in the political importance of the carrying trade. "There is that cunning old sinner England," said other nations, "paying people to run big steamers; she knows what she is about; she knows what is necessary to secure maritime supremacy, and national safety; but don't let us use her steamers. True, she runs them at a loss, so that we can use them for less than cost; but there is more in the matter than appears on the surface. Let us pay people to run big steamers too, and in that way we shall be even with her." Accordingly subsidized steamers began to appear in every direction. Austria and France started them in the Mediterranean. The United States put afloat the Collins line on the Atlantic, while reserving the California trade by the Navigation act, in itself the equivalent of a subsidy. Every country, too, flattered itself that in having a line of steamers of its own, no matter what its cost, it was, in some mysterious manner, contributing to the national greatness, and proportionately abasing the foreigner.

The state of things is now totally changed. Steam navigation has been brought to such perfection, and so far cheapened, that for all but the bulkiest goods the saving of time effected by steam transport fully compensates for the additional cost. The growth of commerce and travel has been so great that a dozen lines of steamers, splendidly fitted up, now ply with profit on waters where twenty years ago one could not live. The carrying trade has become enormously valuable. In order to get hold of as much of it as possible France, England, Germany, and even Spain, are abandoning their old policy of protecting shipbuilding, and letting everybody buy his ships where he can, provided he employs Frenchmen or Englishmen or Germans in working them, and the profits are reaped by native owners, and fitters, and brokers, and warehousemen, and provision dealers, and wine merchants; in other words, they are sacrificing the little business to the great, and are trusting to individual energy and enterprise to do what government aid did not succeed in doing. Even England is withdrawing her subsidies from the leading lines. The Cunard ships are receiving the last that will probably ever be paid to a steamer on the American lines.

Under these circumstances, it is somewhat curious to see from the proceedings before the Congressional Committee which has been inquiring into the causes of the decay of the American shipping interest, that the subsidy system has still its advocates among ourselves, and that "they never open their mouths," as the Irishman said, "without putting the foot in it." If our object be to have as many ships of our own as possible, we must, in order to produce them, and enable them to keep the sea, so far reduce the cost of construction as to put our builders on an equality with foreigners; but this the subsidy men will not agree to; so they propose the eminently sensible arrangement of employing a large force of revenue officers to collect taxes on iron, on timber, on cordage, on pitch and tar, on wines, provisions, coal and machinery, and having lost a considerable portion of the amount in the collection, solemnly and with a great flourish of trumpets, pay the balance back in the form of a Government donation to the very men from whom they have received it—namely, the shipbuilders.

If, on the other hand, our object is to have as many sailors as possible, and to procure employment for as large a quantity of our own capital and as large a number of our own people as possible, in the business of ocean transport, our course is clearly to let our people buy their steamers where they please, provided they man them with Americans, and add their profits to the stock of American capital. But this our subsidy men will not hear of either, for they hold that to get the full virtue out of the carrying trade, the ships also must be home-made. So they sagely say to persons desirous of engaging in the business of ocean transport: "It is quite true, you cannot get your ships built at home as cheaply as you can get them built abroad, and therefore cannot engage in the carrying trade except at a loss. But a carrying trade we are determined to have somehow—so you just buy your ships at home; what it costs you more than a Clyde-built ship goes into the Treasury, and then after we get it we will draw it out and pay it back to you as a subsidy, and thus you will be able to beat the foreigners all to nothing, besides having the satisfaction of feeling that you have the Government at your back. It is true that in this way you will probably cause a loss instead of a gain to the country by your business, but we shall at least have the satisfaction of knowing that there is a line of American steamers afloat, and that a certain number of Americans can go to Europe every year under their own flag. You may not see the use of this yourselves, and we confess it is somewhat mysterious; but if there was not something in it, England would never have done it. By-and-by we shall find it out."

Our article of yesterday on "Republican Nominations for the Legislature" has elicited explanations and qualifying statements from friends of some of the gentlemen therein named. With regard to two only correction seems necessary. Senator MATTHEW HALE is not nominated for reëlection solely because of his own action in removing to Albany, where he now practices his profession as a member of the well-known law firm of which the late Mr. PETER CAGGER was the head. The objections to his course grew out of the contest for the United States Senatorship, and in no manner affected the uprightness of his character or the purity of his conduct. As the author of the stringent Bribery bill of last session, he excited himself to check in the only effectual way the corruption which has disgraced both branches of the Legislature. Again, JAMES A. RICHMOND suffers unjustly in being classed with the Erastus Elys of the Assembly. There were objections among members of his own party to his course in supporting the New-York School bill, and out of that measure much feeling at the time arose. But it were unfair to rank him with the members whose votes were purchasable. He cultivated the confidence of his party, and even in the matter objected to acted under the advice of leading Republicans.

How the Money Goes in Congress.

A well-known contributor to the *Atlantic Monthly* calls attention to the waste of public money which goes on in and around Congress. He condemns the pictures under the dome and elsewhere, in common with most other critics who have any cultivated taste to boast of. He is severe in his remarks upon the young lady who managed to cajole Congressmen into awarding her a large sum of money, in advance, for executing a "statue" of President LINCOLN. Mr. PARTON does not give us his impressions of the clay model prepared by the young lady in question. Perhaps he did not see it. Those who did will sincerely hope that it will be some time before the statue itself is finished.

What puzzles our contemporary most is the charge made for carrying on the daily work of Congress. A session costs the country $4,000,000—a good round sum, considering the little we get for it. Each day entails upon us an expense of $33,000. But there is something more than this to wonder at, if we look into the details. The Fortieth Congress used up nearly eleven hundred penknives, costing about three dollars each, and, of course, the members did not pay for them. The country is so rich, and has so few taxes to pay, that prodigality in Congress is a venial fault. Besides penknives, such necessary articles as snuff, tobacco, pocket scissors, hair-brushes and "extra morocco desks," have been furnished by a grateful nation to its representatives. Among the items is this very startling one: "12 cotton stay-laces, $6." Can such things be? We presume the stay-laces were not dear at the price, but is there no dark mystery concealed under the supply of them? Does some intelligent patriot keep his family in such articles at the cost of his country? Or does Congress give stay-laces to "sculptresses," as well as money for European tours? Or is there a Congressman somewhere in the background who is proud of his figure, and has revived the old custom of wearing stays to keep it in shape? Let us have a committee on the subject. The "revelations" would be a change on the usual style of such reports.

It costs $2,144 65 to transport the body of a defunct Congressman to his home, and that when the distance is only short. The people may well hope that their representatives will manage to survive their term of office. They ought to be examined by a medical man before being put on the nomination ticket. Sometimes there is a "call of the House," and absent members have to be hunted up from all parts. The Sergeant-at-Arms is allowed to charge $5 20 for every truant whom he thus captures. How his heart must rejoice when a prolonged "fillibustering" movement is going on, and the majority of members go home to bed. He may bring up a hundred in one day, and thus bag $520 as his perquisites. Stationery is an article which most members of Congress use by the cartload. Has Mr. PARTON ever made a tour of the rooms of our legislators during the session? If so, he ought not to be so much at a loss, as he says he is, to account for the enormous quantity consumed. There are many ways of getting rid of good writing paper.

Our contemporary advises the abolition of all the allowances now given to members of Congress, and the substitution of one fixed sum as salary instead. The "franking privilege" is the first abuse that ought to be put an end to. Now a Congressman may send almost anything under his frank, from a stay-lace to a pair of top-boots. It amounts to nothing more nor less than a wholesale robbery of the nation—*somebody* must pay for everything that a Congressman uses, and of course the poor taxpayer is the victim. The *Atlantic* say that other nations are no better off than we—but two blacks don't make a white. Will Congress reform itself, or wait until an indignant people takes it in hand?

Our State Reform Schools.

Among the institutions regarding whose management the State Commissioners of Public Charities offer suggestions, in their late report, the two "Houses of Refuge" at New-York and Rochester are specially interesting.

The key question on this subject—and, indeed, on the subject of institutional charities in general—is, whether what is called the "congregate system" is a wise one. That is to say, is it wise to collect the boys who are so vicious already that they need to be put under restraint, or should they not, on the other hand, be brought under the influence of family associations and a genuine home influence, where germs of gratitude, gallantry and courtesy may be fostered. It is a difficult question in practice—and one not wholly easy of solution even in theory, where it depends, of course, on the view we may take of the possibility of turning the vicious nature into ways of virtue. The natural impulse when reform schools were first started was, to collect in one spot all the unruly or vagrant children. But, after all, it was the rude resort of necessity—and its plea was, and is, that in this way we can *corral*, as it were, the unmanageable, and so bring them under restraint, while at the same time we "rid society" of their mischief and of the taint of their example.

We do not now pretend that this, which is perhaps the shortest cut to dispensing charity and to managing vagrants and criminals, will not, from its obvious ease, continue to be taken; but it is nevertheless true that the healthful influence of the family, and particularly of women, is at present a sad lack to the herded tenants of the Houses of Refuge and the Penitentiaries. The Commissioners do not give their opinion on this question, but they tell us they have it under consideration, and that it shall be treated fully in a subsequent report. It is really, we presume, the obvious *practical* difficulty in the way that operates against the experiment of the change.

A novel suggestion has been made by the Commissioners that reformatories and not prisons and penitentiaries are the proper places to send all convicted persons under twenty-one years of age. "Their sentences," we are told, "should be reformation sentences, and they should be able to earn their discharge by good conduct. A new institution might be established which should embrace all young men of this class between 16 and 21. This is believed to be the great need of the hour." We are glad to repeat the suggestion for the sake of public thought and discussion, while expressing the conviction, nevertheless, that criminals who have arrived at the age of 18 or 21 are pretty likely, in this country at least, to be already professional characters.

We are told, however, that the managers of the Houses of Refuge have had great success in applying the rule, that "punishment should be made to consist, as far as possible, in the taking away of privileges conceded to good conduct," and especially the privilege of discharge from the institution. What seems to us as desirable in this connection, is that the last stage in the reform process should be comparatively free from restraint, and more like the career of self-control which is met by the youth on leaving the institution. To arouse ambition to do good and creditable things, because they are good and creditable, is, upon the whole, to implant a motive under which the pupil is most likely to train himself to a useful and honorable life.

It is noteworthy that the Commissioners advocate a schoolship, despite the sharp attack on that institution in the Massachusetts Board's report. But they make a very good distinction in the plan they propose—namely, instead of committing vicious boys directly from the streets to the ships, as in Boston, they would select boys to send to it from the House of Refuge, and so make the ship a species of reward. This strikes us as a decided improvement on the other plan.

It is evident, at all events, from the report of the Commissioners, that this branch of their labors has been carefully considered, with good results, and with still better promise.

The Fisheries.

The subjoined statement, which we take from the editorial columns of the *Tribune*, is important if true:

> "We have received intelligence of the interesting fact that the Gloucester fishermen, irritated at the frequent and persistent interference of British cruisers in their legitimate pursuits, and determined to submit no longer to expulsion from waters in which they believe themselves entitled to cruise, applied some time ago for legal advice as to the extent of their right to resist, and acting under this advice, have armed themselves abundantly with Enfield rifles on their last two or three voyages, with the firm resolution of maintaining their position by force in case of molestation by meddlesome revenue cutters. The patience of the fishermen is exhausted; and being now satisfied that their just privileges have been invaded, they will not hesitate to make quick work of any British crew that may overstep what, according to their instructions, is its proper authority."

The interference of British cruisers with American fishermen is always provoking, because originating in a pretension which is as unwarranted as it is absurd and unjust. But the Gloucester fishermen will act on unwise advice if they take a grave international question into their own hands, and repel interference by force. Out of a collision of this nature serious complications between the two nations would inevitably arise.

The "legal advice" on which, according to the *Tribune*, the fishermen are preparing to act, differs widely from that Mr. WEBSTER, as Secretary of State, gave to the same class in 1852. Referring to the conflicting claims of the American fishermen and of the Provincial authorities, and the determination of the latter, with the aid of British vessels, to enforce their construction of the convention of 1818, he wrote:

> "The immediate effect will be the loss of the valuable Fall fishing to American fishermen; a complete interruption of the extensive fishing business of New-England, attended by constant collisions of the most unpleasant and exciting character, which may end in the destruction of human life, in the involvement of the Government in questions of a very serious nature, threatening the peace of the two countries. Not agreeing that the construction thus put upon the treaty is conformable to the intentions of the contracting parties, this information is, however, made public to the end that those concerned in the American fisheries may perceive how the case at present stands and be upon their guard. The whole subject will engage the immediate attention of the Government."

The difficulties apprehended by Mr. WEBSTER were for the time averted by the Reciprocity Treaty, and they recurred with the abrogation of that arrangement. The Provinces have since been more conciliatory. But the old source of trouble still exists, and mischief-makers may profit by it to produce international complications.

The subject should once more engage the attention of the Government. Our fishermen have rights which are overruled by a stupid construction of the convention between the two countries; but Enfield rifles in the hands of Gloucester fishermen are not the best means of making wrong right. In the interest of peace, not less than of an important industry, the Government should take the whole matter in its keeping.

An extraordinary emigration party was made up a little while ago in the County of Mayo, Ireland. Three children, aged respectively 11, 6 and 4, agreed to start from their native village and make their way to Chicago! Their father had sent them a ticket to take them from Liverpool to New-York, and armed with that and the sum of ten shillings, they set out on their travels. The poor children, we are told, had not even a wrapper to protect them "from the cold and rain and storms of the Atlantic in the late months of Autumn." They had nothing on but cotton frocks and "skimpy Summer shawls." But they had plenty of courage, and the hope of rejoining their father carried them on in hope and confidence. Fortunately for them, a gentleman met them and assisted them on their way to Liverpool, from whence they took ship in safety for New-York. It would be hard if these children were not taken good care of by the father whom they have traveled so far to meet again.

The pulpit has not yet properly apprehended the improvements which enterprising lawyers have introduced into the laws regulating marriage. In a sermon delivered on Sunday last, the preacher warned the unmarried portion of his congregation to be careful how they selected their partners in life. He spoke of the marriage state as one affecting the happiness of a man and woman all their days. Can he still cling to this old-fashioned notion? It used to be the case that man and wife expected to live with each other until "death did them part," but we have altered all that. Is it to be supposed that we could go on in the old humdrum style forever? A man may now have as many wives in the year as there are seasons. Women seem to think none the worse of a suitor because he has ridded himself of one wife by false pretences and knavery. Is it the law that is at fault, or what people call the spirit of the age? It is at least tolerably certain that in the long run women will not be the gainers by the systematic desecration of the marriage tie, and that is a point worth the consideration of those "female liberation societies" which, down to the present time, have done nothing but give breakfasts and luncheons, and quarrel with each other.

The effort of Tammany to revive the waning love of the Germans for the Ring by falsifying an occurrence in a Police Station House, has resulted in disastrous failure. A German emigrant, taken very much intoxicated to a Station House, had managed to give himself while there some severe cuts and bruises. Taking advantage of the circumstance that three policemen were needed to replace the prisoner, who had escaped from his cell, and that a struggle had occurred between them, an intense indignation, in which the Germans were called upon to sympathize, was professed against the Police as a Republican institution. Thanks to the untiring exertions of various Tammany officials, it has been fully proved that the man was not clubbed in or out of any Station House; and so the Birkle outrage ceases to be political capital for the Sachems.

Minister WASHBURNE has applied for more money. He cannot keep up the French Mission on the salary allowed by Congress. Therefore he must have $15,000 gold for "contingent expenses." It would be interesting to have heard the opinions of Representative WASHBURNE on that proposition. When in Congress he had an exceedingly keen scent for appeals of this kind. He used to call them "jobs," and demand the resignation or removal of the caitiff presuming to come forward with them. But now Mr. WASHBURNE has found out for himself where the shoe pinches. The Minister at Paris is certainly not well paid. He gets $17,500 a year—and there *are* Americans who expect him to entertain them out of that sum. England pays its Minister to France $50,000 a year, gold, (£10,000,) and the Government also provides a residence rent free. It allows the Secretary of the Legation £1,000 a year and £200 for house rent. We do not say that this is an example to be followed, but perhaps the disproportion between the pay of Lord LYONS and that of Mr. WASHBURNE may have made an impression on the mind of the latter functionary. It would require all the personal influence of the whilome "Father of the House" to carry through his present application.

Certainly Mr. BOUCICAULT is the neatest hand at concocting an advertisement now extant. He is worth the attention of proprietors of bitters, scents, healing ointment and life-giving pills. They ought to hire him to prepare "catch" paragraphs. When "Formosa" was produced he managed to get up a discussion on its alleged indecency, but, unfortunately, people soon saw through the trick. Now he has taken a higher flight. He has outdone the most successful hits of BARNUM. A play called "Lost at Sea," said by the London papers to be the worst Mr. BOUCICAULT ever wrote—which is going very far—was about to be played at the Princess'. Mr. B., as the *Daily News* informs us, at once fired off his latest advertising dodge at the Princess of WALES. He wrote to warn her that the play "contained a scene somewhat more startling than usual, and that he should be grieved if it were to cause any pain or uneasiness to the Princess in her delicate state of health." The Princess instructed some one to write to the eminent dramatist to assure him that she would steel her nerves before going to the theatre, and not be frightened. The *News* compares Mr. BOUCICAULT to *Nick Bottom*. But this is an insult to genius. Mr. BOUCICAULT is a great man, and does credit to the age in which it is his good luck to live.

Some of the English journals pay a well-deserved tribute to a remarkable man who died a few weeks ago—Mr. THOMAS WATTS, of the British Museum Library. His short, squat figure will be remembered by any one who has ever had occasion to use the reading room of that institution. Mr. WATTS was an example of the difficulties against which a man without powerful friends has to contend in England. He knew more than any one living about the Museum Library, and yet for years he was kept in a subordinate position, while a man who happened to be a favorite with the late Prince Consort was put into the post of honor and profit. Mr. WATTS had three-quarters of a million of books under his charge, and it is no exaggeration to say that he *knew* them all—he could tell an inquirer exactly where he could find any information of which he was in search and would put his hand in an instant on any volume that happened to be wanted. His memory never failed him. He was always burrowing among books, and his immense acquaintance with foreign languages—he knew almost as many as Cardinal MEZZOFANTI—enabled him to enrich the Library with selections from the literature of other nations. The Museum is now said to have "the best English library in England or the world, the best Russian library out of Russia, the best German out of Germany, the best Spanish out of Spain, and so for every language from Italian to Icelandic, from Polish to Portuguese." This is exclusively owing to the exertions of Mr. WATTS. It is only within a recent period that he obtained that recognition of his merits which ought to have encouraged him years ago, and he did not live long to enjoy his reward.

A protest just published in Havana, and signed by over 3,000 of its citizens, seems to express the largely prevalent sentiments of the Spanish and native residents of the island with considerable accuracy. It has always been doubted by impartial observers whether much of the importance of the insurrection was not due to the efforts of persons who either sought political notoriety here, or sought to profit by it without reference to the gaining by Cuba of independence. The document now made public distinctly repudiates any desire for the sale of Cuba, or for its partition from Spain by any other means. Not only this, but it denounces in the strongest terms any of the Cubans and Spaniards who entertain the idea of such separation. Not one of the protestants, the paper affirms, but would die to prevent such a result. Their only rallying cry which, in such a case, their lips will utter, will be "Long live Spain—death to traitors."

Brothers-in-law and cousins are not always a comfort in the family, but pugilists at least know how to turn the relationship to account. Here is "JEM MACE," that hero of a hundred fights, carrying his cousin LEOPOLD about the country merely to knock him down for the amusement of the public. A lively way of "seeing America" is that which fate has forced upon LEOPOLD. The change of air and scene, combined with gentle exercise, will, doubtless, do him a great deal of good. The more hard knocks he receives the better the spectators are pleased, and as JEM can hit wherever and whenever he likes, LEOPOLD's position in life must be a very enviable one. When he is tired of it, and wishes to retire, there are plenty of people who would be willing to lend MACE a relative or two to go on with. He cannot expect his own family connections to last out many years, and his method of treatment can only be acquired by more study than people generally are able to devote to it. He may borrow a brother-in-law on very easy terms.

Mr. GLADSTONE's extraordinary run of ecclesiastical patronage—only equaled in extent by that exercised by Lord PALMERSTON during his tenure of power—seems likely to involve him in serious trouble. During the earlier part of his political career his undisguised sympathy with the ultra High Church movement made him the object of a deep-rooted aversion on the part of the Evangelicals, from the effects of which he suffered long and seriously. Now, his appointment to important Sees of "Broad Churchmen" like Dr. TEMPLE—of *Essays and Reviews*—and Dr. HARVEY GOODWIN has brought upon him the hostility of a very powerful combination of both "Highs" and "Lows," headed by two eminently representative men—Dr. PUSEY and Lord SHAFTESBURY. There are the elements in this affair of a very serious nature. Theological questions in England enter much more largely into political struggles than is the case here. Mr. GLADSTONE's power and usefulness as a statesman in settling the Irish land question, or a dozen other purely political problems, is likely to be impaired, or even destroyed, by his exercise of a power as Prime Minister which he cannot renounce, and which as an earnest theologian he is bound to exercise according to the dictates of his individual conscience.

Another member of the British aristocracy has come to grief—Lord CHARLES G. A. HAMILTON, the heir of the Premier Peerage of Scotland. This young gentleman is now only in his 22d year, but by dint of strenuous efforts he has managed to run himself "over head and ears" into debt. A little while ago he found that the Sheriff's officers were after him, and the chase soon became so hot that it was not easy to move out of doors in safety. Now there is a cabman in London, named SAWYER, who knows every Sheriff's officer by sight, and to this humble friend of the aristocracy Lord CHARLES repaired in his extremity. Numerous traps were set for the bird, but the watchful SAWYER detected them all, and drove his client about from one end of the town to the other, just as if he did not owe a penny in the world. But to every debtor the fatal hour comes. A posse of Sheriffs was stationed in a certain street one day to wait for the slippery cabman, the "top Sawyer," as one may say, of his calling. The moment his vehicle rounded the corner they seized the horse's head, and a bailiff jumped into the cab. Lord CHARLES at the same moment sprung out on the other side. An exciting hunt now took place, all the bailiffs going in full cry after the future Duke of HAMILTON. Eventually they run him down, and carried him off to the "Sponging House." The Marquis of HASTINGS, the Duke of NEWCASTLE, the Earl of WESTMORELAND, Lord HAMILTON, to say nothing of others whose cases have not been made so public, have all gone to the bad within a year or so. The aristocracy is keeping up its credit, and the future head of it—the Prince of WALES—will find it eminently suited to his tastes.

It is proper enough that Mr. ADOLPH SUTRO should use his utmost endeavors to carry out the project for the tunnel which bears his name, provided he appeals for aid to the quarter most immediately concerned. Therefore, his address recently delivered, at Virginia City, to the citizens of Nevada, is not to be objected to. The fault hitherto has been that he sought at the hands of Congress the expenditures of money which is gathered from the whole country, to further an enterprise which is in no respect national. If the prospects of what the tunnel is to effect are really so brilliant and certain as he represents them to be, the locality to be benefited should be only too well pleased to bear the cost. Whatever way the Sutro Tunnel scheme is regarded, one fact must remain beyond dispute. It is a business undertaking; and it is the business of Nevada mining which is to reap the advantage. If the mining interests of that State view the matter as he does, let them prove it by their coöperation. Mr. SUTRO now declares that he will not again apply to Congress. Let the declaration be noted, and adherence to it enforced. There is no difficulty in raising money enough for the greatest undertakings, if it can be shown that they will pay. He is endeavoring to show the Nevada people that this particular undertaking will pay very handsomely. Realization of the plan will follow belief in it; and if any Eastern capitalists choose to join him, of course they can. But no dipping into the public purse, if you please, either now or at any future time.

A correspondent calls attention to the urgent necessity of an up-town ferry to connect with the Central Railroad of New-Jersey, for the accommodation of persons dwelling on that line, who do business in the upper part of the City. The rapid strides of trade toward the northern end of the island would seem to justify the call. As it is merchants and others of the class we have named lose an hour or more of valuable time, daily, in coming and going by way of the Liberty-street ferry. Each of the other New-Jersey railroads connecting with New-York has two ferries—the old New-Jersey to Cortlandt and Desbrosses streets; the Erie to Chambers and Twenty-third streets; and the Morris and Essex to Barclay and Christopher streets. Will the Central open a ferry to Fourteenth-street, or thereabouts? It would prove a good investment.

Mr. HENRY DE BERGH, who is aiming at a truly good work, whatever may be said in ridicule of it, might sometimes do a good turn to that ill-fated creature, the turtle. The method of cutting it up *before* it is quite dead is said by those who are in the secret, to be bad enough, but its tortures ere its last hours arrive, must still worse. The turtle is laid upon its back on the pavement, with its head perched on a cigar box, and a notice stuck upon its defenceless breast to the effect that it will be made into soup on a given day. What must be the state of mind of a susceptible turtle, thus compelled to announce its own approaching doom! Little boys poke sticks into its eyes and tickle its mouth with straws. The wretched creature might reconcile itself to these polite attentions, but to be made to invite the crowd to feast off it next day at fifty cents a plateful, must be a bitter trial. Even a turtle has its feelings, and its final reflections on the cruelty of mankind may possibly derive a keener pang from the misery of having to advertise its own soup.

EUROPEAN NEWS BY MAIL.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMSHIP JAVA.

The steamship *Java*, from Liverpool Oct. 9, and Queenstown Oct. 10, reached this port yesterday. Her news is later by one day than that at hand by the *Pereire*.

DISTURBED SPAIN.

Progress of the Republican Insurrection—Suspension of the Constitution by the Cortes—Retirement of the Republican Deputies in a Body—Revolutionary Manifestoes—Spread of the Insurrection Through the South.

From Our Own Correspondent.

MADRID, Wednesday, Oct. 6, 1869.

With a fatuity which seems likely to lead them to ruin, the Government carried their proposition to suspend the constitutional guarantees, last night, and from this day forth the lives and liberties of the Spanish people are at the mercy of General PRIM and his companions. The debate occupied exactly twenty-two hours. Its report of the debate will be issued to-day, but too late for me to give you a summary of the speeches by the present mail. By the next, I shall, however, be able to do so. Meantime it may interest your readers to see what the suspension act really amounts to. The following are its clauses:

ARTICLE 1. During the armed insurrection there shall be suspended the guarantees consigned in articles 2, 5, 6, and paragraph 1, 2, 3 of article 17 of the Constitution of the State.

ART. 2. The Government shall be authorized to declare the state of siege in any part of the Spanish territory they see fit.

ART. 3. The Government shall render an account to the Cortes Constituyentes of the use they may have made of these authorizations when the events are dominated which render indispensable the application of this law.

The part of the Constitution referred to, and which is now entirely suspended reads thus:

"No one can enter into the domicile of a Spaniard or foreigner without his consent, except in urgent cases, such as fire, inundation, &c. Outside of these, entrance into the domicile and registration of papers and effects can only be decreed by a competent Judge, and must always be verified by day.

No Spaniard can be compelled to change his domicile or residence except by virtue of an executory sentence.

No Spaniard can be deprived of the right of emitting freely his ideas and opinions, by speech, writing or printing; or of the right of peaceful public meeting; or of the right of association for all objects not contrary to public morals."

The principal speakers on the Republican side were MM. CASTELAR, ORENSE, FIGUERAS, LORIN, GARRIDO, &c. On that of the Government, Ministers SAGASTA, PRIM, TOPETE, SILVELA and several of their most devoted adherents. Each side accused the other of bringing about the present state of insurrection, and much bitterness was displayed by all. The debate ended last night in the withdrawal of the Republican Deputies in a body from the Cortes, which they had threatened to do if the bill passed. PRIM used all his efforts to induce them to remain, but as his arguments involved what M. CASTELAR designated as a counsel and a menace, they declined, M. CASTELAR remarking that "before the first they might have reconsidered their decision, but before the second—never!". Thus the die is cast, and Spain is left to the discretion of her present rulers, unchecked by the wholesome influence of the compact little Republican phalanx.

THE INSURRECTION.

The insurrection seems to be undiminished; indeed, if we can judge from the defective information we get in Madrid, it is on the increase. It has already spread over the best and richest provinces of Spain, and if it were not considered serious, one can barely understand the Government taking such extraordinary and invidious measures to put it down. It began, as your readers are aware, in Barcelona, and quickly spread to the surrounding regions. It is headed in Catalonia by ADOLFO IVARIZTI, one of the Cortes Deputies, and also one of the editors of the *Igualdad*. Many proclamations have been put out by the insurgents. Though interesting, their length precludes their publication here.

From Catalonia the movement has extended to Andalusia, where it is headed by the Deputy PAUL and by SALVOCHEA. It has run through Galicia, Murcia, Aragon, and, in fact, all Spain. No fewer than fifteen of the Deputies are at the head of military organizations. The Government report sundry encounters and defeats of the rebels, particularly one by General BALDRICH over the insurgents of Reus and Valls, which they say resulted in eighty killed and 300 wounded, but the fact is our isolation at Madrid continues, and until we get further details it is folly to attempt to enlarge on the rumors emanating from both sides.

The *Igualdad* (Republican organ) of to-day says on this score:

"In the complete absence of communications which exists with Catalonia, and owing to the fact of the Government using the telegraph exclusively, it is difficult to define exactly the position of the Republican movement in our provinces. We reject many of the affirmations of the *Gazette* and of the Ministers, as we rejected, with indignation the news which the Government of GONZALES BRAVO gave of the first acts of the rising of September against the Bourbon dynasty. The official telegrams given at the time of the events of Cadiz and Malaga, completely false and calumnious as they were, offer sufficient proof of the veracity of our Governors, and of the confidence with which the good faith of Señor SAGASTA should inspire us."

One fact reaches us on good authority, and that is the proclamation of the Republic in Reus. It took place on Friday last, and has given the Government some anxiety. At the sound of the cornet the volunteers, who were all under arms, occupied all the streets and public places, and subsequently, to the music of the "Riego" and other popular hymns, marched to the Plaza de la Constitution. The Ex-Alcalde, Don ANTONIO SOLER, appeared in the balcony of the Town Hall and announced that the Ayuntamiento had resigned their powers into the hands of the Republican Junta, of which he was the President. The Revolutionary Junta next issued a proclamation and declaration of principles.

There were only a few cavalry soldiers in the town, and they were allowed to depart for Tarragona. The insurgents took possession of their barracks, in which they found 200 guns, plenty of swords and a large quantity of ammunition. There soon followed a second proclamation of the Junta, ordering all the inhabitants to give up their arms, except those who belonged to the volunteers, or who, being over 15 years of age, gave in their names as members of a new volunteer brigade, sworn to the Republic. It concluded thus: "The thief, assassin or incendiary captured by the revolutionary authorities will be shot immediately." The Government statement is that the insurgents ultimately evacuated the town and joined those of Valls, where they committed all sorts of excesses, and were ultimately beaten by General BALDRICH, and dispersed with great loss.

Government Accounts of Recent Incidents.

From the Gazette, Oct. 3.

The rebels of Igulado, in Catalonia, yesterday decamped on learning that the troops were near. The latter reëstablished the Ayuntamiento, and returned toward Barcelona. The insurgents make exactions and commit all sorts of excesses and vexations on the pueblos through which they pass. Troops are in active pursuit. General BALDRICH, named Commander-in-Chief of the operations, sailed yesterday for Tarragona, to put himself at the head of the troops who were marching upon Reus. Colonel CADORNIGA

ARAGON.

The small party of Civil Guards who were in Barbastro had shut themselves up in their guard-house. Under the guarantee of the President and individuals of the revolutionary junta, occupying the town, who solemnly offered them safe conduct if they would leave the place. They did so, but the rebels broke their word, they killed one civil guard, wounded two, and ill-treated all the rest. After having exacted contributions from various proprietors they (the rebels) abandoned the place. Sarinena was also abandoned by the revolters, who sent an envoy to the chief of the Cazadores de Figueras, asking indulgence for all of them. In Huesca complete tranquillity.

ANDALUSIA.

At 11 yesterday morning the Republican SALVOCHEA, with 200 armed men from Paterna, entered Medina Sidonia, and after seizing money, arms and ammunition he marched to Alcala de los Gazules. Learning that Comandante PRADO was approaching, they returned to Medina Sidonia. The Ayuntamiento and some armed citizens had fortified themselves in the Town Hall, resolved to resist the insurgents until the troops should arrive.

GRANADA.

A Republican party entered Vilches yesterday, seizing all the arms they could find and the funds of the Ayunciamento, breaking the telegraphic instruments and destroying the posts. They cut the bridge No. 46 on the railway between Despenaperros and Santa Elena. The trains were detained some hours until the bridge was repaired. The commanders of the Volunteers of Liberty of Granada have offered their most decided support to the civil and military authorities to sustain order.

VALENCIA.

Two hundred armed men from Bemajar (Murcia) commanded by Don IERVUCINA POVEDA, of Murcia, by the director of the Normal School, and others, presented themselves in Espinardo, and seized some of the guns of the volunteers deposited there. The military commander of Murcia went in pursuit with the troops of the garrison, leaving the latter place to the care of two battalions of volunteers, whose attitude was very patriotic. At 4 o'clock yesterday morning one of the arches of the railway bridge over the River Serbol, between Valencia and Tarragona, was burnt. It has been restored.

GALICIA.

At 7 yesterday morning the Republicans of Orense surprised the Civil Governor, the Military Commandant, the first official of the Civil Governor, and some officers of the army. The Secretary of the Civil Governor, putting himself at the head of thirty soldiers, sustained a severe struggle with them. One Lieutenant was killed and two soldiers wounded. At 7 in the evening the insurgents abandoned the population, taking £2,700 from the public funds, and carrying off with them the Civil and Military Governors and the Commandant of the Carabineers. They went toward Rivadavia. Brigadier CUEVILLAS, who was in Orense, took charge of the military command, and, assisted by some individuals of the Ayuntamiento and many of the inhabitants, reëstablished order.

From the Gazette, Oct. 4.

The telegraph from Tortosa, Catalonia, communicates yesterday that the insurgents of Reus had evacuated the city, directing themselves to Rindecolls and Valls, where, according to private news, they had burned the archives and committed assassinations. Yesterday morning a party rose near Lerida, commanded by the Provincial Diputados, Don IGNACIO SOL and Don FRANCISCO CARIN, and another commanded by PLA, the President of the Republican Club, entered into Balaguer, dissolved the Ayuntamiento, and proclaimed the republic. The telegraphic lines which communicated with Barcelona being cut again yesterday morning, there is no news from that place, in which, however, tranquillity was completely reëstablished. In Tarragona and Tortosa no novelty.

ANDALUSIA.

The column pursuing the rebels having arrived at Medina Sidonia, tranquillity was reëstablished, and the tribunals returned to their duties. SALVOCHEA entered Alcala de los Cazules yesterday at daybreak. The Deputy to the Cortes, Señor PAUL, with forty armed men and four cart-loads of guns and ammunition, presented himself yesterday in Sotillo de Trobar, two leagues from Jerez, continuing in the direction of Palomar.

ARAGON.

The battalions of Cadiz entered Barbastro yesterday and proceeded without resistance to the disarmament of the Republican volunteers. The insurgents of that city return many of them to their homes, others ask indulgence, and some direct themselves to the mountains.

VALENCIA.

The insurgents of Murcia were attacked and dispersed, by the small column which went in pursuit of them. Two prisoners were taken. Many ask indulgence, and the rest of the party have fled disanimated to the Campo de Zenete. In Uldecena a party of insurgents entered the night before last, commanded by PICAPEDRERO, of Tortosa. Forces of the army, Civil Guard and Carabineers, are in pursuit. The Alcalde of Mora de Ebro, with other Republicans, is going round the pueblos of Gandesa inciting them to rebel. The volunteers of Flix, Benisanet and Mirabel, animated by the best spirit, have placed themselves under the orders of the Military Comandante of Moro de Ebro, to sustain order.

GALICIA.

In Orense complete tranquillity is reëstablished. The movement there had no other importance than the capture of a squad of national soldiers, who were surprised, and being without better forces to oppose to those of the insurgents, were obliged to march with them. The rebels took the road to Portugal, pursued by the troops under Brigadier SCHELBY.

GRANADA.

The insurrectionary party under Don JOSE PLAZA, who committed the excesses in Vilches on Sunday, was completely defeated and put into flight by the Civil Guards, who pursued them. The rails and wires to Despenaperros are restored. In the other provinces tranquillity remains. Numerous forces of the army, Civil Guard, Carabineers and Volunteers of Liberty pursue the insurgents rapidly and energetically in all directions.

[*From the Gazette, Oct. 5.*]

The rebels of Reus, Catalonia, have gone toward Priorato, fearing the castigation they were about to receive from the troops. The city was completely tranquil. The Civil Governor deposed the Ayuntamiento and dissolved the volunteers. In Valls the insurgents have committed all sorts of excesses. They assassinated ten persons, and burnt all the archives and registers of property, together with many houses. Columns, commanded by General BALDRICH, Brigadiers PALACIOS, LAGUNERA, and other officers, are making forced marches in all directions, and working in combination to circumvent the insurgents. The rebels under PLA and other members of the Federal compact continue in Balaguer, having deserted those of Yollula. The military Governor of Lerida has gone to that place with a strong force of infantry and cavalry. A small group have proclaimed the Republic in La Junquera, and cut the telegraphic wires, thus preventing communication with Barcelona.

ANDALUSIA.

The party of insurgents under SALVOCHEA abandoned Alcala yesterday on hearing of the troops under Lieutenant-Colonel GURREA, directing themselves to the Mountains of Ubrique. This party have been committing fearful excesses. The people salute and receive with enthusiasm the troops who are in pursuit of them. The Deputy PAUL entered Arcos on Sunday morning with 200 men. He proclaimed the Republic, and issued an edict for the delivery of arms, with penalty of death to those who refused to unite with him. Various forces are marching in his pursuit.

VALENCIA.

The insurgents of Murcia were beaten and completely destroyed yesterday, by the column of Commandante ALDEA, between Beniagan and Torreaguero, leaving on the field five killed and eight prisoners, (one wounded,) among whom was the leader; also thirty-two rifled guns, sundry provisions and effects of war. Four soldiers were wounded. The commandante was also slightly wounded in the cheek. In Sueca a party rose yesterday, who are actively pursued. Six companies of Volunteers of Liberty are marching from Cartagena, possessed of the greatest enthusiasm, to sustain order in Pozo-Estrecho, Palma, Albayor and Algar.

GALICIA.

The rebels of Orense continue marching in the direction of Portugal, pursued by the column of Brigadier SCHELLY, and by another of Civil Guard and Carabineers.

THE BYRON SCANDAL.

An Unpublished Letter from the Dead Poet—Mr. Murray on the Destruction of his Autobiography.

A new monthly journal, a "Record of Literature, Learning, Science and Art," has just appeared in London. The contents of the first number, dated Oct. 9, are made especially notable by including two interesting documents bearing upon the Byron controversy.

The first document is a letter written by Lord BYRON in 1817. It was given to Mr. MATTHEW GREGORY LEWIS for circulation among friends in England, and was found among his papers upon his death. It reads as follows:

It has been intimated to me that the persons understood to be the legal advisers of Lady BYRON have declared their lips to be sealed up on the cause of the separation between her and myself. If their lips are sealed up they are not sealed up by me, and the greatest favor they can confer upon me will be to open them. From the first hour in which I was apprised of the intentions of the NOEL family to the last communication between Lady BYRON and myself in the character of wife and husband, (a period of some months,) I called repeatedly and in vain for a statement of their or her charges, and it was chiefly in consequence of Lady BYRON'S claiming (in a letter still existing) a promise on my part to consent to a separation, if such was really her wish, that I consented at all; this claim and the exasperating and inexpiable manner in which their object was pursued, which rendered it next to an im- [illegible] which may discuss the [illegible] in the most public manner.

Mr. HOBHOUSE made this proposition on my part, viz., to abrogate all prior intentions, and go into Court the very day before the separation was signed, and it was declined by the other party, as also the publication of the correspondence during the previous discussion. These propositions I beg here to repeat, and to call upon her and hers to say their worst, pledging myself to meet their allegations, whatever they may be, and only too happy to be informed at last of their real nature.

(Signed,) BYRON.

AUG. 9, 1817.

P. S.—I have been, and am now, utterly ignorant of what description her allegations, charges, or whatever name they may have assumed, are; and am as little aware for what purpose they have been kept back—unless it was to sanction the most infamous calumnies by silence.

(Signed,) BYRON.

LA MIRA, NEAR VENICE.

The second consists of an epistle to Mr. MURRAY, who writes thus:

OCT. 6. ALBEMARLE-STREET.

To the Editor of the Academy:

SIR: There are a few points connected with the destruction of BYRON'S Autobiography upon which a great deal of misconception exists, and upon which I should therefore be glad to say a few words.

1. To those who doubt the entire destruction of the manuscript, I may state that I was eye-witness to the burning of it, and of the only copy existing of it, in the drawing room of No. 50 Albemarle-street.

2. The proposal to destroy it originated, I believe, with my father, the late Mr. JOHN MURRAY; and his reason for making it, (as he has stated in a letter to Mr. R. W. HORTON, printed in No. 186 of the *Quarterly Review*,) was his "regard for Lord BYRON'S memory and respect for his surviving family," * * * "since it was surmised that the publication might be injurious to the former and painful to the latter." The friends of Lord and Lady BYRON "united in wishing for its destruction." The following persons were previously consulted as a matter of courtesy, and were present at the burning: Mr. HOBHOUSE, as executor and friend of Lord BYRON; Colonel DOYLE, as a friend of Lady BYRON, (who had actually offered £2,000 for the MS., which she did not pay;) Mr. WILMOT HORTON, as friend of the Hon. Mrs. LEIGH; my father, and Mr. MOORE, who alone for some time opposed the destruction.

3. The MS. was, at the time of its destruction, the absolute property of my father, having been purchased by him in November, 1821, from Mr. MOORE (to whom Lord BYRON had given it) for £2,000, in consideration of which sum MOORE covenanted to edit the papers, and to supply an account of the subsequent events of Lord BYRON'S life. On May 6, 1822, however, a second deed was executed, at Mr. MOORE'S request, giving to him the power of redeeming the MS., "during the life of the said Lord BYRON," on the repayment by either of them of the £2,000. This condition MOORE did not fulfill; consequently his interest in the MS. entirely ceased on BYRON'S death, by which event the value of the MS. was greatly enhanced, probably doubled. This fact, no doubt, rendered Mr. MOORE more than ever anxious to recover the autobiography, and he had secured the advance of £2,000 on loan from friends in the city to enable him to do this.

The MS., however, by general consent, was destroyed, Mr. MOORE, though reluctantly, concurring. MOORE then paid to Mr. MURRAY the £2,000, for which payment BYRON'S friends offered to reimburse him; but he refused. So matters rested until 1828, when the appearance of LEIGH HUNT'S *Byron and his Contemporaries* convinced my father that an authentic life of BYRON was demanded, for which only MOORE and he were possessed of the necessary materials. He sherefore arranged with MOORE to prepare the *Life, Letters and Journals of Lord Byron*, published in 1830. For this MOORE received the sum of £1,600. But (and this is the point which, in justice to my father's memory, I am anxious to state) over and above the sum so paid, Mr. MURRAY discharged MOORE'S bond with his creditors, upon which he had raised the £2,000 paid by him immediately after BYRON'S death, together with the interest thereon and other charges, amounting to £1,020 more. Thus making a total sum of £8,620. (Signed,) JOHN MURRAY.

THE ORIENT.

Political Testament of Fuad Pasha, Addressed to the Sultan.

The *Levant Herald* publishes a long document under this title, which, it says, is of the very highest interest. We take the following passages from the alleged testament:

NICE, Jan. 3, 1869.

SIRE: I have but a few days, perhaps only a few hours more to live, and I wish to devote them to the accomplishment of a sacred duty. I desire to lay at the feet of your Majesty the expression of my last ideas,—sad ideas, the bitter fruit of a long and unhappy career. When this writing shall be placed under your Majesty's eyes I shall no longer be of this world. On this occasion, therefore, you may listen to me without mistrust. The voice from a tomb is always sincere. God has intrusted you with a mission as glorious as it is full of perils. In order to accomplish it worthily your Majesty must endeavor to fully realize one great and painful truth: The Empire of the Osmanlis is in danger. The rapid progress of our neighbors, and the inconceivable faults of our ancestors, have placed us at the present day in an extremely critical position; and, in order to obviate a terrible catastrophe, your Majesty is bound to break with a past world and to guide us toward new destinies. Some ignorant patriots seek to make you believe that with our ancient means we can reëstablish our ancient greatness. A fatal error! an unpardonable illusion! True, if our neighbors remained still in the same state as in the days of our forefathers, our former means might have sufficed to render your Majesty the arbiter of Europe. But alas! our European neighbors are far from being what they were. For the last two centuries they have all been moving forward, and all have left us far behind. Certainly, we also have made progress. Your actual Government is much more enlightened and possesses much greater resources than that of your ancestors. But, unhappily, this relative superiority is far from sufficing for the requirements of our age. * * * Happily this first law of our nature is in entire conformity with the spirit of the Mussulman religion. For Islamism combines all true doctrines which have for their essential object the progress of the world and the perfecting of humanity. Those who would assume, in the name of that religion, to enchain the onward march of our society, far from being Mussulmans, are but insensate unbelievers. All other religions are bound up with dogmas and unchangeable principles which are so many barriers against the progress of the human mind. Islamism alone, free from all the trammels of mysteries and infallible Churches, renders it our sacred duty to advance with the world, to develop all our intellectual faculties to the utmost, and to seek instruction and the light of science, not in Arabia, not among Mussulman nations solely, but abroad, in China, to the furthest confines of the globe. * * * Thus, nothing prevents us from borrowing the new laws and the new appliances invented by Europe. I have studied our religion sufficiently to discern its true spirit. I have my head still clear enough to weigh the value of my ideas; and assuredly it is not at the moment in which I am about to abandon life in order to present myself before the Supreme Judge of the Universe, that I would venture to betray my Sovereign, my country and my creed. I assure you, then, with the most profound conviction, that in all these institutions of which Europe gives us the eqample, there nothing, absolutely nothing, contrary to the spirit of our religion. * * * The indifference of England to the events of Central Asia astonishes and alarms me. What alarms me most, however, is the considerable change which the pacification of the Caucassian provinces has brought about in the position of Russia. To me it is beyond doubt, that in any future events the most serious attacks of the Russians will be directed against our provinces of Asia Minor. Your Majesty should, therefore, strive unintermittingly to organize our forces. Who knows if our allies will always be free to come in time to our aid? A domestic quarrel in Europe, and a BISMARCK in Russia, might change the face of the world. I can conceive of many acts of folly of all governments; it is even one of their prerogatives to commit them. But I confess I have been unable to fathom the profound wisdom of the Government which, with such strange indifference, permits the most frightful despotism in the world to put itself at the head of a hundred million barbarians, and arm them with all the appliances of civilization; to swallow up at every step provinces and kingdoms as large as France; and while it hems in Asia with its arms, and, on the other hand, undermines Europe by the agency of Panslavism, comes forward periodically protesting its love for peace, and its sincere resolution no more to seek for further conquests. * * * I know that the greater part of our Mussulmans will curse me as a *ghiaour* and an enemy of our religion. I forgive their anger, for they can understand neither my sentiments nor my language. They will one day come to know that I, a *ghiaour*, an "impious innovator," have been much more religious, much more truly a Mussulman, than the ignorant zealots who have covered me with their maledictions. They will recognize, but unhappily too late, that I have striven more than any other martyr to save the religion and the empire which they would have led to an inevitable ruin. The first law of every institution, human or divine, is the law of self-preservation. And, in all our reforms, what have I sought but the preservation of Islam? Only that, instead of seeking it in blind submission to ancient prejudices, I have endeavored to find it in those luminous paths which the God himself of Islam has traced before us, as he has traced them before all the nations of the earth. My weak and trembling hand refuses to proceed further. In concluding these lines, I beg your Majesty will deign to give your attention to the dying words of an unhappy servant, who, in the midst of human weakness, always loved his fellow-men, labored constantly to accomplish all the good in his power, and who now, broken under the weight of his responsibility, quits the world without regret, and dies a resigned Mussulman, delivering up his soul to the Supreme Judge, who is at once compassionate and merciful.

According to later telegrams, the authenticity of this testament is denied by the nephew of FUAD PASHA, but the *Herald* maintains its belief in it.

AMUSEMENTS.

Theatrical.

"AS YOU LIKE IT" AT THE FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.

The delicious comedy, whose every scene carries us away into green fields, by sylvan shades and sparkling waters, and whose almost every line is freighted with melodious philosophy, was repeated at the Fifth-avenue Theatre, last night, for the purpose of enabling Mrs. SCOTT-SIDDONS and Mrs. CLARA JENNINGS to change the parts they had essayed on the previous evening, and to appear respectively as *Celia* and *Rosalind*. Both ladies, as might have been expected, were on their mettle, and both acted with great spirit and *abandon*. The playful raillery that makes up so much of the dialogue was given with unfailing vivacity, and the attention of the audience was consequently never permitted to wander. "As You Like It" is a play the depth and fullness of whose poetry is scarcely ever rendered in the theatre to the thorough satisfaction of a fastidious taste. The supernatural element which, in some other of the great master's works, is so hard to grasp and to realise, has not here to be coped with; and yet the peculiar vein of pensive moralizing, the air of sequestered repose, the profound yet not despairing melancholy, the sylvan sweetness that emit in the closet a certain ineffable aroma from this charming drama, are almost as hard adequately to convey on the stage as are the Furies of the Greek poet, or the witches and ghosts of the sublime Englishman. A fair and respectful approximation is perhaps all that we have a right to look for, and this is certainly afforded in the presentation of the comedy at the Fifth-avenue Theatre. A comparison of the merits of the two ladies who have alternated in the principal female characters would be an ungracious task, and one that is hardly called for. Mrs. SCOTT-SIDDONS is perhaps the more *spirituelle* of the two, and Mrs. CLARA JENNINGS the more conventionally finished actress. Both have succeeded in both parts in pleasing their audience, and this, presumably the main object of the alternation, has been completely attained. Mr. DAVIDGE'S *Touchstone* is, to our mind, a far better performance than his *Sir Toby Belch*, for one important reason, among others, that it avoids caricature. Mr. CLARKE'S *Orlando* is a little stagy and sonorous, but he looks and dresses the part very nicely indeed. Mr. HARKINS lacks elaboration and refinement for *Jaques*, but we have seen worse representatives of this difficult conception. Mr. RYNER'S *Adam* is respectable, and would be better were he quite sure of his lines. The piece is excellently mounted, and will help not a little in building up the reputation for good work worthily done that has been aimed at in this theatre under the present management and, in a creditable degree, already secured. "As You Like It" is to be repeated every night this week.

MISS WESTERN AT NIBLO'S.

Miss LUCILLE WESTERN, who, until lately was well-nigh inaccessible to her Brooklyn and East Side admirers, is now filling an engagement at Niblo's Theatre. She acts in "East Lynne" nightly, and at a *matinée* Saturday, assuming the dual character she has made peculiarly her own, and in which her graceful acting makes a deep impression on a large portion of the community. Miss WESTERN'S engagement at Niblo's extends over the coming week, and at its close that of the vivacious LOTTA begins.

HERMANN THE PRESTIDIGITATEUR.

We have seen the last of HERMANN the prestidigitator. Mr. HERMANN'S physician has forbidden him from appearing in public for the present, and we learn it is the magician's intention to return to Europe at once and retire into private life. Mr. HERMANN will leave here many admirers and countless friends, won by rare qualities of head and heart.

POSTPONEMENT OF MR. COLE'S READINGS.

It was announced that Mr. C. A. COLE would last night give an entertainment at Steinway Hall, consisting of "Readings, Ancient Songs and Ballads." To the disappointment, however, of those who went to assist, an *affiche* on the billboards intimated that, in consequence of Mr. COLE'S sudden and severe illness, the entertainment promised must necessarily be postponed. We presume that the pleasure will only be deferred, and that the public will have an opportunity of hearing Mr. COLE on another occasion.

Musical.

THE CONCERT SEASON.

The concert season has fairly commenced. A musical reunion occurs to-night and two take place to-morrow. This evening, at Steinway Hall, Señorita MARIA CORTES, a stranger to local audiences, will sing for the first time in this country. Signor FOSSATI, Señores BOY and SALCEDO, and Señorita FILOMENO will be the other *artistes*, and Signor BOSONI, an eminent musician of whom we shall be able to write in terms of warmest praise hereafter, will conduct. To-morrow Mlle. CARLOTTA PATTI reappears on the scene of her recent triumphs, and with Mmes. PRUME and RITTER, Herren HABELMANN and HERMANNS and Signor RONCONI, will entertain a numerous audience. A less notable, but hardly less agreeable affair than the latter, can be attended on the same date at Dodworth Hall. A concert will be given at that place Thursday by Mme. FAUSCHETTI-FAYE, who will be assisted musically by MM. DUCHESNE and GENOT and by Mlle. DUPUIS. Mlle. DUPUIS' engagement in New-Orleans has already had attention in these columns, and the wish expressed that she might be listened to at an earlier day than the representations she is to take part in elsewhere would allow will now be gratified. Besides her very valuable assistance and that of her associates above named, the coöperation of M. FAYE and of Mme. GAY is promised. These *artistes* are to act the French *proverbe* "Il faut qu'une porte soit ouverte ou fermée."

GERMAN OPERA IN BROOKLYN.

Two performances of German opera are to be given at the Brooklyn Academy this week. One occurs to-morrow, when "Martha" will be sung. The second will be given Friday, "Die Zauberfloete" then constituting the entertainment. The *artistes* are the German troupe who, a short time since, sang at the Stadt Theatre, in this City.

CURRENT NOTES.

WASHINGTON was fond of horses, and in a private letter written in 1785 showed how familiar he was with them. Alluding to the persistent demands of portrait painters, he said: "At first I was as impatient at the request, and as restive under the operation, as a colt is of the saddle. The next time I submited very reluctantly, but with less flouncing—now, no dray moves more readily to the thill than I do to the painter's chain."

News of the death of Mr. A. MORTON will be received with regret by the very large number of persons, to whom his name had long been familiar as a celebrated manufacturer of gold pens. Mr. MORTON died, aged 49, on the 12th inst. at the Metropolitan Hotel, in this City, after a short but painful illness. He was interred on Friday last, the 15th, at New-York Mills. He will long be remembered for the untiring tact and ability with which he built up a very large connection in his peculiar line of business; and for the personal qualities which gained for him the esteem and admiration of a wide circle of friends.

We learn with pleasure that Mr. FRANK LESLIE, the founder and proprietor of the illustrated newspaper which bears his name, has also become its editor. The announcement will gratify the reading public, who have long valued Mr. LESLIE'S journal, and will be accepted as an indication that its many excellencies will, if that be possible, be heightened and increased under his literary conduct.

A correspondent informs us that the Supervisor of Lee County, Iowa, refused to levy taxes to pay a judgment of the United States Circuit Court on bonds of the county given in payment of subscription to railway stock, and did not refuse to pay taxes due the United States, none such being due. He adds that the question at issue is one of jurisdiction, and that disloyalty has nothing to do with it. Perhaps not; but the word "rebellion," used by the Davenport *Gazette* and indorsed by other papers of the State, comes to pretty much the same thing.

Rev. ORANGE CLARK, the oldest Episcopal minister on the Pacific Coast, died in San Francisco on the 9th inst. He was a native of Massachusetts, graduated at Harvard College, and previous to going to California preached successively in Waterford, Delhi, Lockport and Rochester, N. Y., and Northampton and Quincy, Mass. He was 73 years of age.

Mobile claims to have dug up a petrified human heart. It is valued by its possessor as a precious relic of past ages, although there are plenty such of the present age carried about constantly by their possessors.

The Hartford *Courant* speaks a timely word for "the noble science and art of politics," but the reader must rid himself of some of his prejudice against a word before he can coincide with it in the opinion that "next to the ministry of the Christian religion, there is no nobler profession than that of the politician."

OBITUARY.

Hon. Victor M. Rice.

In the death of Mr. RICE, which occurred at Oneida on Sunday evening, the Republican Party of New-York has lost an able and zealous worker and the cause of public education in this State a judicious and intelligent supporter. From the inception of our present school system to the date of his death, he has been closely identified with it; and many of the important changes from time to time deemed necessary have been made through his instrumentality, and with his active and efficient coöperation.

VICTOR MOREAU RICE was born at Clymer, Chatauqua County, in this State, and was educated at Meadville College, in Pennsylvania. After his graduation he studied law at Mayville, in his native county, with Mr. WM. SMITH, who was then Surrogate. After his admission to the Bar he removed to Buffalo, and upon taking up his residence in that city he abandoned his profession and taught school for several years, and was the author of a system of penmanship. He afterward filled the office of Superintendent of Schools in that city. The ability which he displayed in the management of the Buffalo schools gave him more than a local reputation among those interested in the subject of education, and when, in 1854, the office of Superintendent of Public Instruction was created by the Legislature, Mr. RICE was selected and appointed to the position and continued for three years to discharge its duties. The ability he displayed proved conclusively that the choice was a judicious one. It was during his administration that the office of County School Commissioner was created, schools established on the Indian reservations, and the teachers' institutes in the counties throughout the State brought into more active operation. He retired in 1857, his term having expired, and was succeeded by H. H. VAN DYCK. In 1861 he was elected a member of the Assembly from Erie County, and during the session he distinguished himself in carrying through a number of measures calculated to improve the educational system.

In 1862 he was again appointed Superintendent of Public Instruction, and continued to hold the office for six years. During this period, having by experience been taught the necessity of many needed reforms, he succeeded in securing the passage of a number of laws revising all the statutes relating to education, and of others establishing several new normal schools throughout the State. But the greatest good which he accomplished, and which ranks him among the public benefactors of the age, was in making the common schools free in fact as well as in name, by abolishing the charge for instruction.

In 1868 Mr RICE went out of office. Although a strong Republican, he was not a politician in the usual acceptance of the term. A man of liberal culture, extended reading and wide observation, he had a good deal of the practical philosopher in his composition. He understood human nature well, and knew how to use it to advantage when some strong motive awakened his energies. He was popular, agreeable, of rather commanding presence, hopeful to the point of being visionary at times, an excellent talker, and, with a more energetic nature, would have ranked high as a public man. He had the ability to make himself felt in governmental or business affairs, and the power of endurance to sustain him in any labor, however arduous; but he was lacking in what may be termed the primary motive power, and opportunities which might have elevated him to position, were generally appropriated by his more active though less able contemporaries. At the time of his death he was on his way from New-York to his home in Buffalo. He was about 55 years of age.

Important Church Meeting To-Day.

Some months ago the General Synod of the Reformed Church issued an invitation to all evangelical denominations in the country to send delegates to meet in council for the purpose of devising means of uniting the various churches and extending the Gospel throughout the world. The circulars issued by the Synod met with a cordial reception, and a numerous gathering is looked for. The Convention will begin its session this afternoon, at 3 o'clock, in the Washington-square Reformed Church, in this City. Among those who will take part in the proceedings are Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER, Dr. S. H. TYNG, J. COTTON SMITH, Dr. MCCLINTOCK, and Bishop MCILVAINE. The Chairman of the Committee of Arrangements is the venerable Rev. Dr. MATTHEWS.

The Evening Republic.

DAILY NEWSPAPER.

Greatest necessity in every family—THE REPUBLIC

True happiness—Reading THE REPUBLIC.

The greatest curiosity—To see THE REPUBLIC.—

—*Advertisement.*

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Roughness, Redness, Blotches, Sunburn, Freckles and Tan disappear where it is applied, and a beautiful complexion of pure, satin-like texture is obtained. The plainest features are made to glow with healthful bloom and youthful beauty.

Remember, HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM is the thing that produces these effects, and any lady can secure it for 75 cents at any of our stores. Depot No. 21 Park-row, New-York. Use Lyon's Katharion for the Hair. —*Advertisement.*

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To restore and retain the bloom and freshness of beauty unimpaired, ladies should use BURNETT'S KALLISTON. For chafing of infants, and for any roughness of the skin, it has no equal. Unlike other cosmetics, it produces a healthy action of the capillaries. —*Advertisement.*

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Every style of fashionable clothing, ready-made and made to order.—*Advertisement.*

VERMONT SPRING WATER.—The great remedy for Cancer, Scrofula, Kidney Diseases, &c. "Get the best." W. H. SCHIEFFELIN & CO., —*Advertisement.* No. 170 William-st.

BEEF TEA IN THREE MINUTES.—Liebig's Extract of Beef, genuine; price reduced; the right thing for invalids and for family use. J. MILHAUS' SONS, No. 183 Broadway.—*Advertisement.*

HOME, SWEET HOME.—Use none but PRATT'S "Astral" Oil in your family. It will not explode.—*Advertisement.*

GENT'S HATS.—Elegant Fall styles at VAIL'S, No. 141 Fulton-street.—*Advertisement.*

NEW-YORK TIMES FOR EUROPE.

The EUROPEAN EDITION of the NEW-YORK TIMES is published THIS MORNING, and may be had at the counter of the publication office, in wrappers, ready for mailing. Price FIVE CENTS.

It will contain a full digest of news from all parts of the United States up to the latest moment, with such selections from the editorials and correspondence of the TIMES as may have interest for Americans residing abroad and for European subscribers.

Among other features of interest are presented the following:

Political Affairs of the Country, Domestic Correspondence, General Telegraphic News, Scientific Notes, Religious Affairs, Temperance Items, Local News, Washington Advices, General News, &c.

Ladies' French Kid Boots.—An entirely new stock, of the best designs and material. Misses and children's shoes. JOHN W. BURT, No. 841 Broadway, four doors below Union-square.

While Waiting for a Cough to go as it came, you are often laying the foundation for some pulmonary or bronchial affection. It is better to get rid of a cold at once by using that sure remedy, DR. D. JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT, which will cure the most stubborn cough, and relieve you of all anxiety as to dangerous consequences. Sold everywhere.

Neuralgia in the Head and Paralysis of the brain are caused by the use of lead and other metalic poisons in hair dyes and restorers. Test them by dropping the article on the hydriodate of potash, and if it produces a yellow color it shows the presence of lead, and should be rejected as fatal to the health. This infallible test when applied to the EGYPTIAN HAIR COLORING, produces no such result, proving its harmlessness over any other article. It has no sediment, leaves no stain, and perfectly safe. General Agent, GEORGE WM. SOUTHWICK, No. 46 Vesey-st., New-York.

Missisquoi Spring Water is the original and only mineral water that has wrought so many cures in diseases of the kidneys and all impurities of the blood. For sale by druggists everywhere, and at the depot. J. F. HENRY. Call or send for new pamphlet, No. 8 College-place.

Hair Dye, Hair Dye, Hair Dye.—The genuine W. A. BATCHELOR'S Hair Dye is the best in the world—the only perfect dye—harmless, reliable, instantaneous, black or brown. Sold everywhere, and properly applied at BATCHELOR'S Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond-st., New-York.

A. Morton, 25 Maiden-lane, New-York.

MORTON'S GOLD PENS.

MARRIED.

CLARK—SCRIVEN.—On Wednesday, Oct. 6, at the Parish Church of Withecombe Raleigh, Exmouth, Devonshire, England, by Rev. Henry Hussey, incumbent, ALFRED CORNING CLARK, youngest son of Edward Clark, Esq., and grandson of the late Ambrose L. Jordan, of New-York, to ELIZABETH SCRIVEN, youngest daughter of the late George Scriven, and niece of Dr. Samuel R. Percy, of New-York. The bride was attended by her cousins, Misses Emily, Jessie and Florence Wansbrough, of Shrewton Manor, and Miss Sarah S. Percy, of New-York, as bridesmaids, and was given away by her cousin, Admiral Sir Fairfax Moresby, G. C. B.

LONGACRE—EASTWICK.—On Wednesday, Oct. 6, in Trinity Church, Philadelphia, by Rev. Dr. McClintock, of Drew Theological Seminary, Rev. ANDREW LONGACRE, of New-York, to LYDIA ANNE, daughter of Andrew M. Eastwick, Esq., of Philadelphia.

DIED.

ALLYN.—Suddenly, on Tuesday, Oct. 19, TIMOTHY C. ALLYN, of this City, aged 40 years.

The remains will be taken to Hartford, Conn., for interment.

COWAN.—On Tuesday, Oct. 19, EMILY E. COWAN, eldest daughter of Amer and Anna M. Cowan, of consumption.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at her late residence, No. 262 Henry-st., on Thursday evening, at 7 o'clock.

FONDA.—On Thursday, Oct. 14, at Flora Falls, Rockland County, Judge THEODORE J. FONDA, formerly of New-York City.

GLIDDEN.—In Brooklyn, on Saturday, Oct. 16, suddenly, of paralysis, SAMUEL G. GLIDDEN, aged 53 years.

Funeral from his late residence, No. 354 Carlton-av., on Wednesday, at 1 o'clock P. M. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

JUDSON.—On Tuesday, Oct. 19, AMOS JUDSON, in the 84th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Thursday, at 2 o'clock P. M., from his late residence, No. 219 Powers-st., Brooklyn, E. D.

MILDEBERGER.—At Tarrytown, on Sunday, Oct. 17, NANCY, wife of John Mildeberger, in the 76th year of her age.

Funeral from her late residence on Wednesday, Oct. 20, at 2 o'clock P. M. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend. Carriages will be in waiting at the depot, Tarrytown, on the arrival of the 10½ o'clock morning train from 30th-st., Hudson River Railroad.

PEARSON.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Oct. 19, JANE STATIRA, wife of James F. Pearson, aged 34 years.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

PHELPS.—On Sunday, Oct. 17, Dr. JAMES L. PHELPS, in the 88th year of his age.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, Franklin-av., corner of Fulton-av., Brooklyn, on Wednesday afternoon, at 4 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend without further notice.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MR. BRYANT'S STORY.

Read Mr. BRYANT'S story in the LEDGER,

which is NOW READY and for sale everywhere.

The principle on which the LEDGER is conducted is

to publish the first and the best stories of the greatest

writers in the world. In the present number of the

LEDGER we commence the publication of a beauti-

ful Spanish tale which has been translated expressly

for the LEDGER by WILLIAM CULLEN BRY-

ANT, our great American poet. This is the first and

only story that Mr. BRYANT has ever translated. A

short time ago we published the first and only story

that Dr. TYNG ever wrote. Previous to that we pub-

lished the first and only story that HENRY WARD

BEECHER ever wrote; and at a still earlier period,

we published the first and only story that CHARLES

DICKENS ever wrote for an American publication.

In addition to these it will be remembered that we

published twelve first stories which were written ex-

pressly for the LEDGER by twelve distinguished

clergymen.

GOVERNOR HAWLEY, OF CONNECTICUT,

will speak at Cooper Institute

WEDNESDAY EVENING, Oct. 20.

PATENT OFFICES.

MUNN & CO., Editors *Scientific American*, No. 37 Park-row, New-York, have had nearly twenty-five years' experience in obtaining AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PATENTS. Opinions no charge. A pamphlet 108 pages of law and information free. Address as above.

HON. EDWARDS PIERREPONT

Will speak at Cooper Institute,

WEDNESDAY EVENING, Oct. 20.

WILBOR'S COD LIVER OIL AND LIME.—Persons who had been taking Cod Liver Oil will be pleased to learn that Dr. Wilbor has succeeded, from directions of several professional gentlemen, in combining the pure oil and lime in such a manner that it is pleasant to the taste, and its effects in lung complaints are truly wonderful. Very many persons whose cases were pronounced hopeless and who had taken the clear oil for a long time without marked effect, have been entirely cured by using this preparation. Be sure and get the genuine. Manufactured only by A. B. WILBOR, Chemist, No. 166 Court-st., Boston. Sold by all druggists.

HON. THOMAS FITCH, OF NEVADA,

Will speak at Cooper Institute, WEDNESDAY EVENING, Oct. 20.

HON. RUFUS F. ANDREWS

Will speak at the Cooper Institute on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Oct. 20.

SQUIRE & LANDER, NO. 97 FULTON st., New-York, is the best place to buy reliable watches, fine diamonds, choice jewelry and silver ware. Diamonds a specialty.

HON. E. DELAFIELD SMITH

Will speak at Cooper Institute on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Oct. 20.

$40 WILL PURCHASE A SET OF teeth on fine gold; $30 on platina; and $10 to $20 on vulcanite and aluminum, at Dr. WAIT & SON'S, "Dental Institute," No. 117 East 23d-st. Largest dental establishment in the City. Gas without extra charge.

AT GENIN'S FORMER SUPERINTENDENT'S—D'ANCONA, No. 22 5th-av.—hats, furs and fur alterations at twenty-five per cent. below Broadway prices.

LOOK AT KELTY'S ADVERTISEMENT in another part of this paper.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

SECOND EDITION NOW READY.

A SUCCESSFUL LAW BOOK!

ABBOTT'S DIGEST

OF THE

LAW OF CORPORATIONS.

The publishers respectfully announce that they now have ready a NEW EDITION of this extremely valuable work. A large edition was sold in three months, and the book has met with the highest commendation from the legal profession and from officers of moneyed corporations, public officers, &c.

This work gives the WHOLE LAW OF PUBLIC AND PRIVATE CORPORATIONS of every kind. It presents the American adjudications of general interest, and gives a full selection of English cases. There is no other work which is so valuable to all in any way connected with corporations. Issued in one extra large royal octavo volume, over 1,000 pages. Bound in best law sheep. Price $10. Sent by mail or express, prepaid, upon receipt of price.

BAKER, VOORHIS & CO., Law Publishers,

No. 66 Nassau-st., New-York.

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FOR NOVEMBER.

CONTENTS:

I. THE LIFE OF FATHER FABER.

II. ANGELA.

III. THE COUNCIL AND THE ROMAN CONGREGATIONS.

IV. AN OCTOBER REVERIE.

V. FREE RELIGION.

VI. MEMENTO MORI.

VII. REPLY OF THE PRESBYTERIAN ASSEMBLIES TO THE POPE'S LETTER.

VIII. A HERO, OR A HEROINE?

IX. THE IMMUTABILITY OF THE SPECIES.

X. HAYDN'S FIRST LESSONS IN MUSIC AND LOVE.

XI. A SKETCH OF THE IRISH VOLUNTEERS.

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Single copies, 50 cents. $5 per year.

THE CATHOLIC PUBLICATION SOCIETY.

LAWRENCE KEHOE, General Agent,

No. 126 Nassau-st., New-York.

ISSUED THIS DAY.

LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE,

THE NOVEMBER NUMBER.

WITH TWO FINE FULL-PAGE ENGRAVINGS.

CONTAINING

I.

THE VICAR OF BULLHAMPTON.

A NEW NOVEL OF GREAT INTEREST.

By ANTHONY TROLLOPE.

PART V. WITH TWO ILLUSTRATIONS.

II. DAUGHTERS OF TOIL. A Poem. By EVANGELINE M. JOHNSON.

III. WEAR AND TEAR. By Dr. S. WEIR MITCHELL.

IV. MURDER MOST FOUL.

V. FUEL.

VI. A CATCH. By R. H. STODDARD.

VII. BEYOND THE BREAKERS. A Novel. Part XI. By Hon. ROBERT DALE OWEN.

VIII. THE SATISFACTION USUAL AMONG GENTLEMEN.

IX. THE GREAT FLOOD.

X. JAFFA TO JERUSALEM.

XI. WATCHING FOR DAWN. A Poem. By Professor HENRY HARTSHORNE.

XII. GEORGE D. PRENTICE.

XIII. FIRST AND LAST OF THE BUCCANEERS.

XIV. RECOLLECTIONS OF AN ATTACHE.

XV. OUR MONTHLY GOSSIP.

XVI. LITERATURE OF THE DAY.

For sale at all the book and news stores. Yearly subscriptions, $4. Single number, 35 cents.

SPECIAL PREMIUM.

The numbers of Lippincott's Magazine for 1869, from July, containing the commencement of Mr. Trollope's story, will be mailed to any party sending one subscription ($4) to the Magazine for 1870, between this date and Dec. 1.

Lippincott's Magazine, with Sunday Magazine, $6 50 per annum; with Good Words for the Young, $5 50.

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J. B. LIPPINCOTT & CO., Publishers.

Nos. 715 and 717 Market-st., Philadelphia,

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HON. STEWART L. WOODFORD

Will speak at Cooper Institute, WEDNESDAY EVENING, Oct. 20.

PACKARD'S MONTHLY

For October

OUT TO-DAY.

CONTENTS:

Bayard Taylor's Second Home, by HOWARD GLYNDON; Facts About Working Women, (No. 3,) by ELEANOR KIRK; The Wall-street Menagerie, (poem,) by R. W. EASTERBROOKS; My First Fifty Miles Ride with the Cavalrymen, by A. L. REDDEN; A Frontier Desperado, by J. FRANKLIN FITTS; Birth-Place of Rip Van Winkle, by ELIHU BURRITT; Pharisee John, (poem,) by Mrs. M. A. KIDDER; An Evening with the Progressives; Valets de Place, by JUNIUS HENRI BROWNE; Women and Education, by Mrs. HANNAH MACL. SHEPARD; An Hour with a Life Convict, by NATHAN D. URNER; A Statistical View of the Woman Question, by CLARA NICOLSON; Thanksgiving Day, (poem,) by EDGAR FAWCETT. Editorial Department—Coming to the City; Sensation; The "Corner" in Gold and the Reporters; Individuality in Journalism; Aptness in Speech, &c. A new volume commences with January, when the Magazine, in all its attributes, will be greatly improved. Subscription price, $2 a year. Persons subscribing before the 1st of December will receive the October, November and December numbers gratuitously. Address S. S. PACKARD, Publisher, No. 937 Broadway, New-York.

NEW SCIENTIFIC BOOKS.

METALS USED IN CONSTRUCTION; Iron, Steel, Bessemer Metal, &c. By H. IOYNSON. 12mo, cloth, 75 cents.

HOW TO BECOME A SUCCESSFUL ENGINEER. Being Hints to Youths intending to adopt the Profession. By B. STUART. 12mo, cloth, 75 cents.

DICTIONARY OF MANUFACTURES, MINING MACHINERY, and the Industrial Arts. By GEORGE DODD. 12mo, cloth, $2.

REPORT ON MACHINERY AND PROCESSES OF THE INDUSTRIAL ARTS, and Apparatus of the Exact Sciences. By F. A. P. BARNARD, LL. D., Paris Universal Exposition, 1867. 8vo, cloth, illustrated, $5.

THE ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH, with descriptions of some of the apparatus. By ROBERT SABINE; second edition with additions. Illustrated. 12mo, cloth, $1 75.

*.*Copies of any of the above works sent free by mail, on receipt of price.

D. VAN NOSTRAND, Publisher,

No. 23 Murray-st. and No. 27 Warren-st.

RUSKIN'S MYSTERY OF LIFE.

JOHN WILEY & SON,

ASTOR-PLACE,

PUBLISH THIS DAY

THE MYSTERY OF LIFE

AND

ITS ARTS.

By JOHN RUSKIN. 1 vol., 12mo., cloth, 60c.

Recently published by the same author,

THE "QUEEN OF THE AIR."

1 vol., 12mo., cloth, $1.

ALSO,

NEW EDITIONS OF

MODERN PAINTERS.	5 vols., in box, plates....	$18
MODERN PAINTERS.	5 vols., without plates...	12
STORIES OF VENICE.	3 vols., in box............	7
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MISCELLANEOUS WORKS.	7 vols., in box.......	16
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Mailed and prepaid on the receipt of the price, or free by express if ordered in sets or a number of volumes.

READY OCT. 25.

GERMAN TALES. By B. AUERBACH,

Author of "On the Heights," &c. Price $1.

These Tales, now first published in this country, will add to the reputation of the author. The volume is the Seventh in Messrs. Roberts Brothers, "Handy Volume Series."

LETTERS EVERYWHERE. Stories and Rhymes for Children, 28 plates. Price $3.

LITTLE LASSES AND LADS. Colored plates by OSCAR PLETSCH. Price $3 50.

FROLICH'S PICTURE BOOK. 34 pictures. Price $2.

ROBERTS BROTHERS,

Publishers, Boston.

MAJOR HAGGERTY

Will speak at Cooper Institute on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Oct. 20.

POLITICAL.

REPUBLICAN MASS MEETING

AT COOPER INSTITUTE,

WEDNESDAY EVENING, OCT. 20, 8 O'CLOCK.

ADDRESSES BY

GOVERNOR HAWLEY, OF CONNECTICUT;

MAJOR-GENERAL JOHN L. SWIFT,

HON. EDWARDS PIERREPONT,

HON. THOMAS FITCH, OF NEVADA;

HON. E. DELAFIELD SMITH,

HON. FREEMAN J. FITHIAN,

HON. STEWART L. WOODFORD,

GENERAL JOHN COCHRANE,

HON. R. F. ANDREWS,

MAJOR HAGGERTY.

Let every Union voter attend.

ISAAC J. OLIVER, Chairman Committee.

ALEX. H. KEECH, Secretary.

SIXTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT Republican Organization, under the auspices of the Central Committee, met at Onderdenk's Hotel, No. 497 Grand-st., and appointed a Committee of Conference, to confer with other organizations in the district, consisting of Chas. F. Stiles, Wm. Daly and Wm. Love.

CHAS. CARRICK, Chairman.

GENERAL JOHN COCHRANE

Will speak at the Cooper Institute on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Oct. 20.

TWENTIETH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT Union Republican Association nominated Captain DAVID BABCOCK for Assembly.

AN IMPORTANT MEETING OF THE Nineteenth Ward Citizens' Association will take place THIS (Wednesday) EVENING at 8 o'clock, at Masonic Hall, 86th-st., near 3d-av.

JOHN FOLEY, President.

ASHER BARNETT, Secretary.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

A more unpleasant day than yesterday for a country sale can scarcely be imagined. Cold, raw, windy, dusty and generally disagreeable, yet despite all these drawbacks, five car loads of gentlemen and ladies accompanied Messrs. A. D. MELLICK, Jr., & BROTHER to Newark. Arriving at the Broad-street Station, a number of large six-horse stages were in waiting, which, being soon filled, carried the excursionists to the top of the hill overlooking Newark, known as Clinton-place. Here a collation was served, which was soon dispatched, the weather being too cold to enjoy it—all except the hot coffee, of which there was plenty, and for which there was great demand. The sale was not as successful as might be desired; about forty lots were knocked down, after which it was adjourned, the prices not being satisfactory. The auctioneers promised to put up the balance on a warmer day when people could bid with some little comfort. A noticeable fact was the absence of Newark people. One imagined that they would attend such a sale from curiosity, if for no other reason, but they did not; one lot only was sold to a Newarker, the rest were purchased by New-Yorkers. The train returned and landed its passengers in New-York about 5 o'clock.

To-day two sales of considerable importance will be made, one of very desirable New Jersey property; the other, an extensive tract on the Hudson River.

At Madison, N. J., Messrs. A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO. will offer 150 choice villa sites. Those who attended the previous sale made at this place need only to be notified of this one to make attendance sure. The delightful ride, the substantial lunch, the beautiful country and the excellent management, combined, made it one of the most agreeable sales of the season. Courteous attention to guests, and an evident desire to please, help a country sale, or indeed any other sale, greatly. If the auctioneers and their assistants are always ready to give information, and answer questions pleasantly, the first impressions are good and the people inquire further and learn more of the advantages of the property than they otherwise would. These facts this firm thoroughly understand, and their guests always return to New-York pleased and smiling. The lots to be sold to-day are even superior to those disposed of at the previous sale, and pretty lively competition is expected. Mr. O. H. PIERSON, who has frequently awakened the echoes of New-Jersey with his never-to-be-forgotten yell, will again exercise his lungs as auctioneer. The special train leaves the foot of Barclay-street at 10 A. M. A very few more tickets are left, which may be had at the auctioneers' office, No. 26 Pine-street.

At Boscobel, (beautiful wood,) Cruger's Station, Westchester County, N. Y., Messrs. JOHNSON & MILLER have a grand sale of 200 acres of land, in parcels of from two to six acres each. Any one acquainted with Hudson River scenery knows that there is no point on the river which affords more extended or enchanting views than the Highlands opposite Haverstraw Bay. This property is bounded on the one side by a stream of running water, on the east by the old Albany Post road, and on the west by the river. It is high, commands fine views, and is well adapted for handsome country residences. The lunches and complete arrangements attending Messrs. JOHNSON & MILLER's sales are too well known to need notice. Thousands have accompanied them on their various trips, and they have always received the attention due gentlemen and ladies. The auctioneers are always polite and attentive, their assistants competent and well-informed, and a day passed with these gentlemen at a suburban sale, is a day of pleasure as well as profit. Parties who desire to attend, but who have not yet secured their tickets, will do well to get them before 9 o'clock this morning, or they may miss the train. They may be had by respectable persons at the auctioneers' office, No. 25 Nassau-street.

To-morrow another very beautiful piece of Westchester County property will be disposed of, consisting of 300 plots of land at Oloff Park, near Kink,s Bridge. The Park is about half a mile from the City of New-York, and three-fourths of a mile from the nearest steamboat landing on the Harlem River. It adjoins Jerome Park, and furnishes admirable situations for pleasant residences adjacent to that fashionable resort. It is less than a quarter of a mile from Central-avenue, and about a mile from the Williams' Bridge station of the Harlem Railroad, while the adopted route of the New-York and Highland Suspension Bridge Railroad, which is to bring the grand line of the Pacific Railroad into the City of New-York, passes along one side of the property within less than 200 yards for a distance of half a mile, and a proposed site of a station is within a minute's walk. Under a recent act of the State Legislature, the Central Park Commissioners are charged with the duty of laying out the lower part of Westchester County, south of Yonkers and west of the Harlem Railroad, with streets, avenues and public places, and also of providing for proper drainage and water supply. The preliminary work is already commenced under this law. Oloff Park is in the heart of the district thus to be laid out, and is hence made, for most purposes, a part of the City of New-York. A visit to the property before the sale will be advantageous to all who think of purchasing. On Van Cortlandt-avenue a tent will be found where are always a few gentlemen familiar with the grounds and ready to give information. The special train will start from the Harlem Depot, corner of Fourth-avenue and Twenty-sixth-street, at 11 o'clock A. M. A collation will be served on its arrival. Attention is called to the advertisement in another column, where terms of sale and all other particulars are fully given.

The same day Messrs. A. D. MELLICK, Jr., & BROTHER will sell 100 villa plots, 50x100 feet each, on Pemberton, Lane, Field and Central avenues, and Elizabeth and Aletta streets, near Hyde Park, Plainfield, N. J. These desirable building plots lie upon the highest land on the Plains, in a part of the city regularly laid out in sixty feet streets and eighty feet avenues, all opened and graded at this point with perfect drainage, and a splendid and extended lookout upon the mountains. The water is pure, welling up in abundance in upper and secondary veins at a depth of 15 and 35 feet respectively. Many first-class business men from New-York and Brooklyn have already settled in Plainfield, and many more of the same sort are now building residences for their own use. Maps, free passes and particulars may be had at No. 26 Pine-street, or of D. C. HYDE, Esq., No. 6 Pine-street.

Auction Sales Yesterday.

NEWARK, N. J.

By A. D. Mellick, Jr., & Bro.

1 lot n. s. of Lincoln-av., 50x140	$395
1 lot adjoining on the east, 50x127	400
1 lot adjoining, 50x137	400
1 lot adjoining, 50x137	400
1 lot adjoining, 50x140	420
1 lot adjoining, 50x147	450
1 lot adjoining, 50x120	455
1 lot adjoining, 50x150	455
1 lot adjoining, 50x157	450
1 lot adjoining, 50x156	450
1 lot corner of Lincoln and Demarest avs., 50x175	480
All of the following are 50x175:	
1 lot on Lincoln-av., adj. the corner, same size	420
1 lot same side and size	395
1 lot same size, w. s. of last	400
1 lot adjoining the last	390
1 lot adjoining the last	385
1 lot adjoining the last	450
2 lots adjoining on the west end, each	470
1 lot south side of Lincoln-av	470
1 lot adjoining the last	485
2 lots west of last, each	485
1 lot adjoining the last	485
1 lot west of last	425
1 lot on south side of Clinton-av	520
1 lot adjoining the last	500
1 lot south side of Clinton-av	590
1 lot adjoining the last	530
1 lot adjoining the last	530
2 lots on the south side of same	480
1 lot adjoining last, on the east	440
1 lot adjoining last, on the east	440
1 lot 500 feet west of last, same avenue	440
1 lot adjoining last, west	490
1 lot south side Clintonia-av	490
1 lot adjoining last	480
1 lot adjoining	440
1 lot on south side of Lincoln-av	440
4 lots on south side, adjoining, each	420

Transfers of Real Estate.

NEW-YORK CITY.

Allen-st., e. s., 168.6 ft. n. of Stanton-st., 22x86	$9,353
Delancey-st., No. 45, 25x100	35,500
9th-st., n. s., 125 ft. e. of 2d-av., 25x92.3	10,025
22d-st., East, No. 206, 23.6x77.6	22,000
3[illegible]-st., n. s., 380 ft. w. of 9th-av., 16.3x98.9	17,000
51st-st., n. s., [illegible] ft. w. of 9th-av., 20x100.5	$8,650
104th-st., s. s., 225 ft. w. of 9th-av., 50x100.11	4,163
115th-st., n. s., 125 ft. w. of 4th-av., 18.9x100.11	5,000
124th-st., n. s., 125 ft. e. of 1st-av., 25x100.11	3,000
Avenue C, e. s., 46.11 ft. n. of 8th-st., 23.6x83	20,000
124th-st., s. s., 435 ft. w. of 5th-av., 25x99.11	nom.

Leases Recorded.

Broadway and Cortlandt-st., n. e. corner, 5 years, per year	$2,500
Delancey-st., No. 247, 5 years, per year	1,000
Leonard-st., No. 14, 7 years and 8 months, per year	868
23d-st., East, Nos. 241 and 243, 14 years; for the first 4 years, per year	3,400
For the last 10 years, per year	3,700
6th-av., No. 751, 4 years, per year	2,000

KINGS COUNTY.

Brooklyn.

Atlantic-st., n. s., 61.5 ft. w. of Powers-st., 18.2x80	$5,000
Bond-st., w. s., 40 ft. n. of Butler-st., 20x50	2,600
Centre-st., n. s., 71.11 ft. w. of Hamilton-av., 25x88.10	1,200
Douglass-st., n. s., 280 ft. e. of Hoyt-st., 20x100	3,900
Grand-st., n. s., 250 ft. w. of Olive-st., 50x100	4,000
Himrod-st., n. w. s., 300 ft. n. e. of Evergreen-av., 25x72.10x25x73.6	300
Jay-st., n. w. s., 250 ft. n. e. of Bushwick-av., 50x100	1,000
Monroe-st., s. s., 225 ft. e. of Marcy-av., 25x100	1,000
Pacific-st., s. s., 100 ft. w. of Schenectady-av., 25x100	3,000
Remsen-st., n. s., 100 ft. e. of Smith-st., 25x100	2,200
Richardson-st., w. s., 25 ft. e. of Lorimer-st., 75x66	800
River-st., s. s., 125 ft. e. of Kent-av., 64x200	5,000
Rodney-st. and Lee-av., n. w. corner, 22x122	17,000
Smith-st., e. s., 75 ft. s. of Wyckoff-st., 25x100	5,100
Smith-st., e. s., and s. s. of Land and Peters, 160x—	....
Hamilton-av., n. e. s., and n. w. s. of Gowanus Canal, 45x76	59,500
Trotter-st., e. s., 300 ft. s. of Green-av., 20x100	14,000
Van Buren-st., n. s., 458.4 ft. e. of Nostrand-av., 16x100	6,000
Old Brooklyn and Flatbush road, s. s., 132.3 ft. n. of Warren-st., 132.3x80x260x105x131x25x13	59,500
Wyckoff-st., n. s., 520 ft. w. of Carleton-av., 20.6x131	14,700
Wyckoff-st. and Vanderbilt-av., s. w. corner, 200	Nom.
1st-st., n. e. s., 100 ft. n. w. of 7th-av., 112x200	43,000
3d-st., w. s., 80 ft. s. of North 5th-st., 37x50	Nom.
12th-st., n. s., 292 ft. e. of 3d-av., 25x100	Nom.
18th-st., n. s., 525 ft. e. of 7th-av., 25x100.2	800
43d-st. and 2d-av., n. e. corner, 275x100.2	16,000
Bushwick-av. and Wyckoff-st., n. w. corner, 50x100	4,400
Bushwick-av., w. s., 50 ft. n. of Wyckoff-st., 25x100	3,800
Carleton-av., n. w. s., 325.10 ft. n. of Atlantic-av., 21x100	nom.
Clinton-av., w. s., [illegible] ft. n. of Park-av., 25x100	1,500
De Kalb and Lewis avs., n. e. corner, 20x100	22,000
De Kalb-av., n. s., 20 ft. e. of Lewis-av., 20x100	22,000
Liberty-av. and John-st., n. e. corner, 25x100	2,000
Tompkins-av., w. s., 25 ft. s. of Gates-av., 20x80	5,500
Lots Nos. 18, 19, 20, 35, 36, 37, 62, 63, 64, 163, 256, 269, 292, 322, 339, 361, 376, 377, 381, 382, 527, 530, 649, 650, 651, 652, 672, 673, 674, 675, 689, 690, 736, 759, 760, 776, 811, 812, 821, 823, Hay Scale map	1,000
Lots Nos. 54 to 56, R. Thompson's map	100

NEW-JERSEY.

Jersey City.

Pavonia-av., n. s., lots Nos. 13 and 14, B. W. R., 229, Cole's map, 50x100	$7,000
Warren-st., w. s., 55 ft. w. of Steuben-st., 20x59	3,000
Warren-st., w. s., 55 ft. w. of Steuben-st., 55 3-12x20	2,500
Pavonia-av., s. s. 201 ft. w. of Grove-st., 100x19x40x60x20	3,500

Weehawken.

Weehawken-st., lot No. 47, Herman Van Drele's property	$433

Union Township.

Lot No. 401, B. W. R., map of Weehawken Land and Ferry Association, 25x100	$275
Lot No. 402, B. W. R., same map, 23x100	100

Jersey City and Bergen.

Chestnut-av., 1.246x112x74x120x280x293x436; also, a tract in Mill Creek, 109x234	$110,000

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—ON 38TH-ST., NEAR 5TH-AV., by order of the executors, a first-class four-story brown-stone house, with back stairs, &c. Extra lot through to 39th-st., on which is a fine stable. The house will be sold with the handsome furniture, if desired. Price $90,000. Apply to
E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

THE METHODISTS OF NEW-YORK
ARE CORDIALLY INVITED
TO BE PRESENT AT THE
SECOND SALE OF PROPERTY
AT MADISON, N. J.,
BY A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO.,
ON WEDNESDAY NEXT.
SPECIAL TRAIN AND COLLATION.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY high-stoop brown-stone house 25 feet wide, situated in East 38th-st., near Madison-av. Possession at once, and furniture if desired. For full particulars, price, terms, &c., apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

LARGE CORNER LOT ON BROADWAY FOR SALE.—For sale, with possession May 1, 1870, the property No. 401 Broadway, northwest corner of Walker-st. and Broadway; lot 28x103. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO BUILDERS.—FRANK G. BROWN, NO. 58 Broadway, has for sale well-located lots, in plots to suit, and ready for immediate improvements, upon which good builders' loans will be advanced to proper parties.

TICKETS FOR THE GREAT SALE
OF A. D. MELLECK, JR., & BRO.,
AT
MADISON, N. J.,
CAN BE HAD AT THE
BARCLAY AND CHRISTOPHER STS.
DEPOTS
THIS MORNING
AFTER 9 A. M.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—FOUR-STORY brown-stone house in fee, No. 53 West 51st-st., north side, between 5th and 6th avs.; house 21x50, lot 100.5, with carpets, gas fixtures and shades; part can remain on mortgage. Inquire on the premises.

FOR SALE ON MURRAY HILL.—FOR sale, a property on 5th-av., 50x100 feet; first-class buildings, suitable for a hotel, club or institution; located near 42d-st. Price $120,000; ground in fee. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—FOR THE WINTER, FURNISHED—A first-class four-story extra-wide corner house, located on Union-square. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT!
TO REAL ESTATE PURCHASERS.
THE HOMESTEAD STATION, N. J., LOTS
TO BE SOLD
BY JOHNSON & MILLER,
ON MONDAY, OCT. 25,
ARE ONLY TEN MINUTES' RIDE FROM PAVONIA FERRY.
THEY ARE NEARER THAN CENTRAL PARK.
ONLY HALF THE DISTANCE TO HARLEM.
NOT SO FAR AS LAUREL HILL, NEWTOWN, WOODSIDE, GLENDALE OR EAST NEW-YORK.
THE COMMUNICATION AT ALL HOURS IS CONSTANT.
THE LOTS ARE AT AND NEAR THE DEPOT.
200 OF THEM WILL BE SOLD ABSOLUTELY AND WITHOUT RESERVE.
Special train will leave foot of Chambers-st., over Northern Railroad, at 10:30 o'clock on Monday morning, Oct. 25. For maps and free tickets apply to
JOHNSON & MILLER,
No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A FIRST-class residence near the Brooklyn Prospect Park; first-class neighborhood, and property rapidly improving in value; price, $16,000; $7,000 can remain; would exchange for house and lot worth from $7,000 to $9,000. Apply to J. H. HOBBY, No. 239 South-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—THREE-STORY HIGH-STOOP brick house No. 113 Keap-st., near Bedford-av., (the Prospect Park avenue,) 22x46.100; perfect order; near Roosevelt-st. and Division-av. Ferry from Grand-st. Apply to H. B. SCHOLES' foundry, Kent-av. and Rodney-st.

MADISON
IS ONE OF THE LOVLIEST TOWNS
IN NEW-JERSEY.
THE LOTS TO BE SOLD BY
A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO.,
ARE IMMEDIATELY OPPOSITE THE
DREW SEMINARY,
and command one of the finest views in the States.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

SOMETHING NEW,
STARTLING AND TRUE,
AT JOHNSON & MILLER'S
GREAT CRESSKILL, N. J., SALE,
ON WEDNESDAY, OCT. 27.
FIVE SPLENDID LOTS OF GROUND,
FREE AND CLEAR OF INCUMBRANCES,
WILL BE GIVEN AWAY TO THE
FIVE LARGEST PURCHASERS.
Cresskill is the second Station above Englewood. The lots are at and near the depot, splendidly situated. Secure your railroad tickets at once before they are gone. For further particulars see auction advertisement, and call for maps and railroad passes at the office of
JOHNSON & MILLER,
No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York.

FARM OR COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE AT WEST ISLIP.—A property of about 100 acres, a large part in wood, good fair buildings, and three trout ponds, at West Islip, is offered for sale for $35,000; bounded by the South Side Railroad on the north, and the South Side turnpike on the south, and about 2½ miles east of Babylon Depot. Inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—FOR A TERM of years, the hotel known as the BRIGHTON HOUSE, at Perth Amboy, with 11 acres of land; it contains about 80 rooms, is not far from the water, and has frequent communications with New-York by several routes daily. For particulars inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE HANDSOMEST COTTAGE in Westchester County, near Kingsbridge; house furnished; 1¼ acres ground, fronting two streets; abundance of shrubbery; all in complete order. Call on W. H. RAYNOR, No. 6 Pine-st., E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES and farms, a great variety, beautifully situated one hour from N. Y., for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season, or year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, 243 Broadway, N. Y., 9 to 11 A. M.; Orange, corner Main and Cone sts., 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE—IN THE VILLAGE OF FLUSHing, L. I., a quarter of a mile from the depot, a large house, every convenience, with one acre of land; terms easy; possession immediately. For further particulars inquire of R. W. LEAVITT & CO., No. 118 Wall-st., New-York.

IF YOU HAVE NEVER
BEEN OVER THE
MORRIS AND ESSEX RAILROAD,
GO WITH A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO.,
ON WEDNESDAY, TO MADISON,
AND ENJOY SOME OF THE
FINEST MOUNTAIN AND VALLEY SCENERY
IN THE STATE.
FREE TRAIN AND COLLATION.

FOR SALE—SUBURBAN RESIDENCE, TWO story and extension, (fifteen rooms,) carriage house, hennery, &c., with twelve lots; only five minutes from Glendale Depot, on South Side Railroad; terms easy. Apply at office No. 5 Beekman-st., Room 7.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

JAMES M. MILLER, Auctioneer.

THE GREAT SALE OF THE SEASON.

JAMES M. MILLER,

THURSDAY, OCT. 21, 1869, AT 12 M.,
WILL SELL ON THE PREMISES, WITHOUT RESERVE,
THREE HUNDRED PLOTS OF GROUND, CONTAINING 1,800 CITY LOTS,
AT

OLOFF PARK,

ADJOINING

JEROME PARK

on the north. This property has been a part of the Van Cortland estate for over two hundred years. It embraces some of the most beautiful land in Westchester County. The elevated portions are very picturesque, beautifully wooded, and afford extensive views. Oloff Park is half a mile from the City of New-York, three-quarters of a mile from steamboat landing on Harlem River, one mile from Fordham, one mile from William's Bridge, less than a quarter of a mile from Central-av. Application has been made by the New-York and Boston Railroad, which will probably be built and running in one year, for right of way through the northwest corner of Oloff Park, where it is proposed to erect a station. The park is in the heart of the district under the jurisdiction of the Central Park Commissioners.

The plots contain from one to forty city lots, and will be sold by the lot.

A special train will leave the Harlem Depot, corner 4th-av. and 26th-st., at 11 A. M. on the day of sale, for the grounds, where a collation will be provided. For tickets, maps and further information, which will only be given to persons of respectability, apply to the office of the auctioneer, No. 28 Pine-st.

Terms—Auctioneer's fees and ten per cent. on day of sale, thirty per cent. in thirty days, and sixty per cent. on mortgage.

NOTICE!

LORILLARD ESTATE,

FORDHAM, N. Y.

IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE SALE OF THIS PROPERTY NOT BEING COMPLETED, THE SALE IS UNAVOIDABLY

POSTPONED

UNTIL
TUESDAY, NOV. 30.
MAPS NOW READY AT THE OFFICE OF THE AUCTIONEERS,

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO.,

NO. 77 CEDAR-ST.

O. H. PIERSON, Auctioneer.

BY A. D. MELLICK, Jr., & BRO.,
Auctioneers and Dealers in New-Jersey Real Estate,
No. 26 Pine-st., New-York.
WEDNESDAY, Oct. 20, 1869,
At 12½ P. M., on the premises.
POSITIVE SALE WITHOUT RESERVE OF
ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY
MAGNIFICENT VILLA SITES AT
MADISON, N. J.

The great success of our last sale of the Edward Holland estate has decided the Madison Land Association to offer immediately the remainder of this beautiful property, which will be positively sold without reserve on the 20th inst.

"The bes[illegible] the wine has been kept till the last."

The property offered at our last sale was handsomely situated, but the lots to be sold on the 20th inst. are

TRULY MAGNIFICENTLY SITUATED,

commanding a view of over twenty miles of country, and are but ten minutes' walk from the Station and immediately opposite the Drew Seminary and the elegant residence of F. S. Lathrop, Esq.

Special train from the foot of Barclay-st., at 10 A. M. Collation on the arrival of the train.

Free passes, maps and full particulars at the office of
A. D. MELLICK, Jr., & BRO.,
No. 26 Pine-st. New-York.

O. H. PIERSON, Auctioneer.

BY A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO., No. 26 Pine-st. THURSDAY, Oct. 21, 1869, CLOSING OUT SALE.
THURSDAY, Oct. 21, 1869, at 12 P. M., on the premises,
ONE HUNDRED
VILLA SITES, 50x100,
at City of
PLAINFIELD, N. J., SOUTH SIDE,
Sixty minutes from New-York, situated on
PEMBERTON, CENTRAL, LANE AND FIELD AVS.,
and being a part of the
W. B. J. LANE HOMESTEAD.
WILL BE SOLD AT AUCTION WITHOUT RESERVE. SPECIAL TRAIN from foot of Liberty-st., at 11 A. M. LUNCH ON ARRIVAL OF THE TRAIN.
PLAINFIELD IS SIXTY-FIVE MINUTES FROM WALL-ST. CLEAN CARS. NO NEED OF CHANGE OF DRESS on account of DUST in the Central Railroad of New-Jersey. Exact on time, and plenty of room always.

Good schools, good laws, no rowdies, every city convenience, no further from Wall-st. in time than the Central Park, Prospect Park, Mott Haven, Paterson, Hackensack or Orange, and at much less prices for land. Pure mountain air, fine drives, pure water and good society. Good schools, private and public, good churches, and laws well administered by incorruptible Judges.

NO ROWDIES CAN LIVE IN PLAINFIELD.

Terms of sale easy.

For further particulars and free tickets, &c., inquire of
A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO.,
No. 26 Pine-st.,
Or
D. C. HYDE, No. 6 Pine-st.

O. H. PIERSON, Auctioneer.

BY A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO., auctioneers and dealers in New-Jersey real estate, No. 26 Pine-st.

TUESDAY, Oct. 26, at 12½ P. M., on the premises, absolute sale by order of W. C. Emmet, Jr., Esq., of the most desirable property in the vicinity of

MORRISTOWN, N. J.,

and the best improved of any ever sold at auction on the line of the Morris and Essex Railroad. The situation is most beautiful,

COMMANDING ONE OF THE LOVELIEST VIEWS IN NEW-JERSEY,

embracing the picturesque valley in which the Town of Morristown is located, Fort Nonesense beyond, and in the immediate foreground the

CHARMING POCAHONTAS LAKE.

The property has been divided into villa plots of from one-fourth of an acre to three acres, and will be positively sold to the highest bidder. A large amount of money has been expended in

PUTTING THE PROPERTY IN A FINE CONDITION,

the streets being as

HANDSOMELY GRADED

as if done by the Boulevard Commissioners.

The neighborhood is unexceptional, adjoining the elegant residence of the late E. Boonan Graves, Esq., and of W. C. Emmet, Jr., Esq.

A fine collation will be served before the sale.

A special train will leave the foot of Barclay-st. at 10 A. M.

Passes now ready.

Illustrated maps, showing the views from the property, will be in readiness six days before the sale.

Full particulars at the office of
A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

AT NO. 925 BROADWAY—BY STANLEY Day.—To let, No. 925 Broadway, second floor, $2,000. No. 618 Water, three lofts, $1,200; No. 884 Broadway, two floors, $1,800; No. 205 West 22d-st., $1,600; No. 189 East 33d, $1,600; No. 121 West 43d, $2,400; No. 701 2d-av., $1,600; also a large list of furnished and unfurnished City and country houses; also business property at greatly-reduced rentals. Inclose stamp for permits or circular.

TO LET—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, on 152d-st., commanding a full river view, a handsome house, with stable, and ten lots of ground, beautifully shaded; house contains fourteen rooms, besides the basement; is within three minutes' walk of Hudson River Depot, and very convenient to stores, churches, &c.; rent low. Apply to JOHN B. CHURCH & SON, No. 11 Pine-st.

TO RENT LOW, IMMEDIATE POSsession, a three-story high stoop brown stone house, with all the modern improvements; in perfect order, in 77th-st., near 4th-av.; the neighborhood is built up with first-class houses. Apply to RICHARD WILLIAMSON, President of Bull's Head Bank.

TO LET—FINELY AND FULLY FURNISHed, a first-class four-story brown-stone high-stoop house, 21x55 feet, in perfect repair; located in West 49th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.; rent $5,000 per annum. Applp to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

HOUSE TO LET, FURNISHED. Newark, N. J., No. 731 High-st., ten minutes' walk from Chestnut-st. Station; 18 rooms; convenient and well furnished; large garden and stable if desired. Apply on the premises; rent low to a good tenant.

NO. 336 6TH-AV., NEAR 21ST-ST., east side.—To let, to a respectable family, parlors on first floor and rooms on second and third floors, with kitchen, range, bath, gas, &c. Rent moderate. Possession immediately.

TO RENT, FURNISHED—A THREE-story high-stoop house in 33d-st., between Broadway and 5th-av., to a private family only. Apply at office of Rubber Clothing Company, 347 Broadway.

TO LET—A FURNISHED HOUSE CONTAINing twenty rooms, all upon the street; a most desirable location for a boarding house; none but perfectly responsible persons need apply. 100 East 23d-st.

TO LET—NO. 15 WEST 20TH-ST., $3,000. HOUSE near 5th-av.; brown-stone, 28 feet wide, 4 stories; unfurnished. Parlor floor reserved. Possession immediately. Apply on premises from 9 to 4.

TO LET—A THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE, located in a fine neighborhood, with all the modern improvements; rent $850 per annum, to an immediate tenant. Apply to SMITH & MEAD, No. 422 8th-av.

A PART OF THE HOUSE NO. 45 WEST 26th-st., newly furnished and well adapted for housekeeping, to let to a small family of adults; best references required.

TO LET—AT MONTCLAIR, N. J., A HANDsomely-furnished cottage, 9 rooms; is pleasantly situated, and possession at once. For further information, &c., apply to G. M. CLEARMAN, 110 Wall-st.

TO RENT—THE NEWLY-PAINTED AND frescoed four-story English basement house, No. 41 West 32d-st. Apply at the owner's, 21 West 32d-st.

CLOTHING.

GENTLEMEN HAVING ANY CAST-off clothing to dispose of, can get a fair price by calling on or addressing W. BAXTER, 468 Pearl-st.

J. JOHNSON, Jr., Auctioneer.

BY JOHNSON & MILLER, AUCTIONeers, No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York:
WEDNESDAY, OCT. 20.
At 12 o'clock on the premises at Boscobel, Cruger's Station.
GREAT HUDSON RIVER SALE.
THE FINEST PROPERTY EVER OFFERED.
EACH SITE COMMANDS A SPLENDID RIVER VIEW.
SALE POSITIVE AND WITHOUT RESERVE.

Boscobel (beautiful wood) is situated at Cruger's Station, on the Hudson, 35 miles from New-York. It consists of 200 acres, subdivided into plots of from one to three acres by a most experienced landscape gardener. All acquainted with Hudson River scenery admit that there is no point on the river which affords more extended and enchanting views than these highlands opposite Haverstraw Bay. The property, bounded by the Hudson with its beautiful knolls and high plateaus, is unequaled for gentlemen's residences. It is proposed to change the name of Cruger's Station to Boscobel, which has been the name of the Post Office for years, and plans are on foot for building a new and commodious depot, which shall be attractive in all its surroundings.

There are twelve trains a day at present stopping at this station, and the time to Peekskill, five miles above, by express trains, is one hour. The distance from the lower part of the City is becoming lessened in time by more rapid trains, the Elevated Railway, &c., and the wiser business men are selling out and retiring before the encroachments of the City, (which advances up town with wonderful strides,) and settling themselves above Tarrytown.

This property will be sold at auction, absolutely and without reserve, to the highest bidder, on the 20th inst. We invite business men, who desire to secure a site on the Hudson, as well as those who look for a most profitable investment, to examine it before the sale.

All who wish to attend the sale will leave their names at the office of the auctioneers, and free railroad passes will be sent to them.

J. JOHNSON, Jr., Auctioneer.

BY JOHNSON & MILLER, NO. 25 Nassau-st., New-York,
MONDAY, OCT. 25,
SECOND GRAND SALE ON NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.
HOMESTEAD STATION, N. J.
FREE EXCURSION AND COLLATION.
TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY SPLENDID BUILDING LOTS
Will positively be sold by
JOHNSON & MILLER,
At 11½ o'clock, on the premises at HOMESTEAD,
On MONDAY, Oct. 25, 1869.

The property, which was formerly owned by Hon. Judge Sturges, is beautifully situated at and around the depot, on high ground, commands charming and extensive views, and is in the midst of fine improvements; it is also contiguous to the magnificent residence of Governor Wright; its proximity to the City of New-York renders it desirable for residences; it is only ten minutes' ride from Pavonia Ferry, foot of Chambers-st., and three miles from Hoboken Ferry, on the Paterson Plank road. A large number of houses have been erected during the past year, and many more are now in process of construction.

This sale will afford an unusual opportunity to clerks, mechanics and others to secure desirable lots at moderate prices in a locality which is rapidly improving.

A special train will leave foot of Chambers-st., by Pavonia Ferry, at 10½ A. M.

Maps and railroad passes are now ready at the office of JOHNSON & MILLER, 25 Nassau-st., New-York.

THIRD GRAND EXCURSION
And
FREE COLLATION SALE,
NORTHERN RAILROAD,
WEDNESDAY, OCT. 27,
AT 12 O'CLOCK, ON THE PREMISES,
CRESSKILL, N. J.,
TWO STATIONS ABOVE ENGLEWOOD.
ON THIS OCCASION, AN ENTIRELY NEW FEATURE
IN REAL ESTATE SALES WILL BE INTRODUCED.
FIVE SPLENDID LOTS, FREE AND CLEAR OF ALL INCUMBRANCES, WILL BE GIVEN AWAY TO THE
FIVE LARGEST PURCHASERS.

The property to be sold consists of the homestead and other buildings, together with 250 choice lots, all within five minutes' walk of the station. The sale will be absolute in every particular. Each lot will be put up and sold on its merits to the highest bidder.

The property is splendidly situated. The title is perfect, having been held by one family twenty-three years.

Special train over Northern Railroad will leave foot of Chambers-st., by the Pavonia Ferry, at 10½ o'clock on the morning of sale.

Maps and free railroad passes now ready at the office of
JOHNSON & MILLER,
No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York.

SALE OF THE UNITED STATES ARMORY AND OTHER GROUNDS AT HARPER'S FERRY, WEST VA., AND VICINITY.
ORDNANCE OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, Sept. 25, 1869.

In pursuance of the act approved Dec. 15, 1868, and by direction of the Secretary of War, the property of the United States at Harper's Ferry, West Va., and vicinity, will be sold by public auction, on TUESDAY, the 30th day of November, 1869, commencing at 10 o'clock A. M. and continuing from day to day until all is sold.

The value of this property for manufacturing purposes is too well known to render it necessary to describe it herein, but a description of the same is being prepared, and will be sent to persons who may wish it, as soon as it is printed, upon their applying by letter to this office.

The property will be sold in lots. The first will include the Musket Factory, embracing a strip of land running to the western boundary, on the Potomac, the Armory Canal, and water power of the river. The walls of two large buildings are standing on this ground, and the foundations of several others; and the water wheels, with gearing, and the flumes are in almost perfect order. Three of them are turbines, of the most approved kind, and the others are mostly cast iron with wooden buckets.

The second will be the site of the Rifle Factory and water power on the Shenandoah, the buildings upon which have been destroyed, but the canal is in good order.

The third will be the Shenandoah Ferry, with a tract of 68 acres of land on the south, and a lot on the Harper's Ferry shore opposite.

The fourth will be the perpetual right to cut and remove wood from a tract of 1,395 acres mountain land across the Shenandoah.

The fifth will be the right to dig iron ore from a tract of about 1,400 acres of land known as Friend's Ore Bank, acquired by deed from Henry Lee and others.

The remainder, consisting of houses and lots in the town, will be sold lot by lot.

The Government will convey to the purchasers, after payment shall have been made in full, all its right and title to the property, which is believed to be perfect in every case.

The terms of sale, prescribed by law, are a credit of one and two years, the purchasers to give bond and security for the payment of the purchase money; and these terms must be complied with within ten days after the sale.

A map, showing the metes and bounds of the Harper's Ferry property, will be exhibited at the time of sale.

The Government reserves the right to withdraw any or all lots offered, if the bids are not satisfactory.

A. B. DYER,
Brevet Major-General, Chief Ordnance.

NOTICE TO DELINQUENTS.

Persons who purchased lots in 1852, and have not fully paid for them, are notified that if they pay what is due before the day of sale, the lots will be deeded to them, otherwise they will be resold.

A. B. DYER,
Brevet Major-General, Chief Ordnance.

STORES, &C., TO LET.

TO LET—SECOND FLOOR ON MAIDEN-lane and store on Liberty-st., being about 100 feet deep, and entrances on both streets; rent low. Apply to ABNER L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

OFFICE TO LET.—TWO FRONT ROOMS on the second floor of No. 2 New Chambers-st. Inquire on the premises of LEXOW & VOIGT, or of W. L. CONKLIN, No. 18 4th-av.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED—FROM Nov. 1 to May 1, in a good location, and well furnished; family consists of four persons, all adults. Address, stating location and price, at the office of the lumber yards, foot of Broome-st., East River.
DANNAT & BRO.

HOUSE WANTED IN BROOKLYN.—A small convenient house in the upper part of the city for a family of four grown persons. Address HAMILTON, Box No. 182 *Times* Office, stating location and rent.

WANTED—A COTTAGE HOUSE IN NEW-Jersey, within ten miles of City Hall; rent not to exceed $350 per annum. Address LAURIE, Box No. 143 *Times* Office.

MARBLE MANTELS.

MARBLE AND MARBELIZED MANtels, &c.—The largest stock of the latest design on hand, ready to ship or to put up at a few hours' notice. A. KLABER, Nos. 134 and 136 East 18th-st., near 3d-av.

MARBLEIZED SLATE, DECORATED marble and marble mantels, rich and elegant designs. T. B. STEWART & CO., No. 605 6th-av., between 35th and 36th sts.

S. KLABER, NO. 52 1ST-AV., SELLS marble mantels and headstones below cost to reduce stock before removing to his new factory this Winter.

MACHINERY.

WANTED—TWO GOOD SECOND-HAND cylinder boilers, thirty feet long and thirty inches in diameter; name, price and address. G. FULMER, Portland, Northampton County, Penn.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY TWO YOUNG WOMEN, SITUations; one as first-class cook; understands all kinds of baking, pastry and desserts; the other as chambermaid or waitress in a private family; both understand their business; have the best City references from last place, where they lived nearly four years. Call for two days at No. 123 West 19th-st., near 8th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS HOUSEkeeper to an elderly gentleman; is a plain cook; understands milk, butter, bread; in sickness not an unkind nurse; would make home comfortable; if permitted to keep a little boy with her she will be happy to take less wages; has first-class reference. Call at No. 78 Avenue D.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL A SITUAtion to do chamberwork and waiting, or chamberwork and fine washing, in a private family; has the best of City reference from her last place. Call for two days at No. 353 West 26th-st., first floor, rear, between 8th and 9th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG woman as competent nurse; understands the care of a baby from its birth; also to dress and curl grown children's hair; the best City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 400 West 26th-st., corner of 9th-av.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT WOMAN IS desirous of obtaining respectable gentlemen's or families' washing, at her own residence, for the support of an aged mother; would go out by the day if required. Call at 324 1st-av., near 19th-st., top floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK BY A competent woman who thoroughly understands her business in a small private family; would assist in washing; reference given. Call for two days at No. 148 East 30th-st., between 3d and Lexington avs.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUation as nurse with a family going to Europe, or to wait on an invalid lady; is not sea sick; can be well recommended. Call or address for two days No. 24 St. Mark's-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable woman; is a first-class meat and pastry cook; understands jellies, soups and game; no objections to a first-class boarding house or the country. Apply at No. 149 West 17th-st., in the store.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO PRESbyterian girls, together, one as plain cook, washer and ironer, the other as chambermaid and waitress. Can be seen at No. 287 Spring-st., near Hudson, until engaged.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GOOD PLAIN cook; is willing to assist with washing and ironing; is a very good baker, and has the very best City reference from her last place. Call for two days at No. 116 West 17th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as chambermaid; would be willing to assist at table; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at her last place No. 12 East Washington-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTant nurse; is thoroughly experienced in the care of children; is perfectly qualified to take the entire charge of an infant; is a good sewer; superior City reference. Apply at No. 109 West 15th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SCOTCH Protestant as nurse; can take the entire charge of a baby from its birth; has the very best of City reference from last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 142 East 15th-st., near 3d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable girl as cook in a small family; is willing to assist with the washing and ironing; has good City reference. Call for two days at No. 341 West 26th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young Protestant woman as first-class laundress; can do French fluting, &c.; has five years' reference from last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 45 30th-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTant woman as cook in a private family; is a good bread and biscuit maker, and understands all kinds of cooking; best City reference given. No. 108 3d-av., second floor, front room.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant girl, a situation as chambermaid and seamstress, or as chambermaid and waitress, in a small private family; good reference. Call at No. 324 1st-av., near 19th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTestant, a situation as cook; understands all kinds of ordinary cooking; is willing to assist in washing and ironing; the best of City reference. Call at No. 343 East 30th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—BY A PERSON WHO GOES OUT by the day, a few more customers; understands all kinds of dressmaking and trimmings; is a good operator on Grover & Baker's sewing machine. Address M. D., Station C, New-York.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant young woman, with thirteen years' City reference from one family, a situation as chambermaid or waitress in a strictly private family. Can be seen at No. 71 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, a situation as cook in a private family; understands her business thoroughly; will assist in the washing, &c., if desired; best City reference furnished. Call for two days at No. 136 West 19th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MIDDLE-aged woman to take charge of an infant; can bring it up on the bottle; is willing and obliging and very kind to children; has the best of City reference. Address No. 229 West 22d-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL A situation as chambermaid and seamstress; the best of City reference can be given. Call, between the hours of 10 and 4, at No. 239 7th-av. Ring the second bell.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTestant girl, a situation as seamstress; can cut and fit ladies' dresses; operates on different machines; best City references. Can be seen for two days at No. 159 West 31st-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN and daughter, situations, one to cook, wash and iron, the other to do waiting or to see to children; good City reference. Can be seen at her employer's, No. 19 West 30th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble woman as good cook; is willing to assist with the washing and ironing; is a good baker; good City references. Apply at No. 137 West 19th-st., basement.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK, A situation in a private family; understands all kinds of cooking, and is a good baker; good reference. Call at No. 418 West 29th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPEtent person as good cook, washer and ironer, in a private family; good reference. Call at No. 344 West 26th-st., between 8th and 9th avs., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Protestant girl, in a private family, as waitress; best City reference from last place. Call at No. 173 7th-av., near 20th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUAtion as waitress and to do fine washing and ironing; two years' City reference from her last place. Apply at No. 201 Varick-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A situation in a private family; is a good cook and baker; best of City reference given. Can be seen at No. 353 26th-st., between 8th and 9th avs., in the store.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUAtion in a private family to do chamberwork and plain sewing; good reference. Call at No. 113 West 19th-st., in the rear.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTant nurse; is accustomed to the care of children; can sew and do chamberwork; good City reference. Apply at No. 252 West 16th-st., near 8th-av.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUAtion as waitress in a private family; has nine years' references from her last place. Call at No. 204 West 14th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class cook; would do the coarse washing; no objection to the country; the best of City reference given. Call at No. 1,325 Broadway, near 37th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERmaid and waitress or waitress alone; the best of references given. Apply at No. 406 East 14th-st., near 1st-av., entrance between the stores.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young girl as first-class laundress in a private family; has excellent City references. Can be seen or address No. 61 4th-av., between 9th and 10th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS seamstress; would do chamberwork, with French fluting and fine washing; best City reference. No. 302 West 44th-st., corner of 8th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG girl as seamstress; can make ladies' and children's dresses and do all kinds of family sewing. Apply at No. 47 East 9th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITuation as a good cook, washer and ironer, in a private family; best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 134 West 25th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, a situation as nurse; would take entire charge of a child; City reference. Call at present employer's, No. 136 2d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS LAUNDRESS; can do up clothes beautifully; five years' reference from her last place. Call or address No. 120 7th-av., corner of 17th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXPErienced nurse; is capable of taking care of an infant; has three and a half years' reference. Call for for two days at 214 6th-av., above 14th-st., third floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable woman as an excellent cook in a private family; the very best of City reference can be given. Call at No. 247 East 30th-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young Protestant woman as first-class laundress; would assist in chamberwork; has five years' reference from last place. Call at No. 418 East 14th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITuation as waitress, or chambermaid and seamstress. Call, for two days, at No. 201 West 18th-st., corner 7th-av., over the tea store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Protestant girl to do light chamberwork and waiting, or plain sewing. Can be seen for two days at No. 161 West 20th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUAtion as chambermaid and waitress, or to do plain sewing; has the best City reference from her last place. Call at No. 326 East 25th-st., fourth floor.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GERMAN woman, a situation to do general housework in a small private family. Call or address K. KOBER, No. 317 5th-st., top floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK OR laundress; good reference. Call at No. 192 3d-av., for two days.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO YOUNG girls; one as chambermaid, and the other as cook. Apply at No. 146 West 40th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A CHAMBERmaid and waitress; good City reference. Apply at No. 11 East 27th-st., two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD GERman girl to do general housework. Call at No. 111 Essex-st., between Rivington and Delancey sts.

GERMAN FEMALE SERVANTS, CAPABLE and trustworthy, constantly to be found at Mrs. LOWE'S German Institute, 1 First-st., cor. Bowery.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO REspectable girls, sisters, to go together; one as excellent cook and would assist with the washing if required, the other as chambermaid and waitress, or as chambermaid and to do fine washing in a private family; best of City references from their last place. Call or address for two days at No. 239 West 27th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG girl as seamstress; can cut and fit, and operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; is willing to assist with children or to assist with chamberwork; best City reference. Apply at No. 76 9th-av., between 15th and 16th sts.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUation as seamstress and to do chamberwork; can do all kinds of family sewing; understands Wheeler & Wilson's and Grover & Baker's machines; City reference can be given. Can be seen for two days at No. 28 East 19th-st., a few doors from Broadway.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, work by the day or week; is a first-rate house-cleaner; also, a good washer and ironer; is very useful around the house where there is not much help; best of City references given. Inquire for Mrs. Dunbar, No. 413 West 25th-st.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT YOUNG woman, a situation as nurse and seamstress; can embroider; is capable of hearing the children's lessons if required; would assist in chamberwork; would prefer the care of grown children. Can be seen for two days at her present employer's No. 142 West 42d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class cook in a private family; understands soups, meats, poultry and game, and all kinds of desserts; also boning and larding; the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 340 West 25th-st., first floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPEtent young woman to do chamberwork and plain sewing, or would do the chamberwork and waiting of a small private family; excellent City reference. Call at No. 220 West 36th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK BY A respectable girl in a private family; understands her business; is an excellent baker; would assist with the coarse washing; best City references, where she has lived four years. Apply for two days at No. 149 West 4th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITuation as chambermaid and to assist with washing and ironing; has two years' City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 62½ West Washington-place.

WANTED—A TRAVELING SITUATION BY a steady, competent young English woman, as lady's maid and seamstress or nurse; understands hair-dressing and is accustomed to travel. Can be seen at No. 109 4th-av., up stairs, for three days.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A situation as nurse; can take the entire charge of an infant; no objection to grown children; five years' reference from her last place. Call at No. 204 West 27th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL A SITuation as chambermaid and waitress, or chamber work and assisting with the washing and ironing; good City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 338 East 13th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, lately arrived from England, a situation in a private family as good plain cook; no objection to coarse washing; has good City references. Call for two days at No. 226 West 18th-st.-place.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITuation to do chamberwork and waiting or chamberwork and fine washing in a private family; has good City reference from her last place. Call for two days at No. 490½ 6th-av. Ring the top bell.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A DINNER cook to go by the day or month; understands ice-cream, jellies, boning or larding; either in first-class hotel or boarding house; best City references. Call for two days at No. 424 East 14th-st., near Avenue B.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG woman as laundress; understands her business thoroughly; the best City reference. Can be seen at No. 288 7th-av., between 26th and 27th sts., top floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT GIRL, A situation as nurse; can take the entire charge of an infant from its birth, or would see to growing children and do chamberwork; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 176 7th-av., between 20th and 21st sts.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO GIRLS; one as cook; the other as laundress, or chambermaid and seamstress; is a good operator on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; no objection to the country; good references. Call at No. 218 West 18th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG girl in a private family as chambermaid and waitress, or chambermaid and plain sewer; is willing and obliging; has the best City reference. Call for two days at No. 246 37th-st., corner 2d-av., second floor.

WANTED—BY TWO YOUNG GIRLS, SISters, situations; one, understanding all kinds of cooking, will do washing; the other as chambermaid and waitress; good City reference. Apply at No. 229 East 45th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED WOMAN who has taken care of a home for a lady while in Europe, the same position or a similar one; or the care of an invalid or an aged person; best City reference. Apply at No. 156 West 41st-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS waitress; will assist in chamberwork, if required; no objection to a private boarding house; City reference. Call at No. 203 West 27th-st., first floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTestant woman, a situation as seamstress or to wait upon an invalid or elderly lady; best City reference. Call at 40 East 32d-st., second floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS LAUNDRESS; the best of City reference; understands her business thoroughly. Apply at No. 8 East Washington-place, corner of Mercer-st., at her present employer's.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable girl to do general housework in a private family; good City reference given. Can be seen for two days at No. 300 West 22d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GIRL AS first-class chambermaid or waitress; twelve years' highest City reference from her last place. Call at No. 6 West 44th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as waitress and to assist with the fine washing and ironing. Call for two days at No. 201 Varick-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, the washing of five in family; good reference, if required. Call at No. 141 7th-av., corner 20th-st., top floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble girl as chambermaid and plain sewer; would assist with the washing and ironing; best City reference from her last place. Call at No. 421 East 19th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A situation as chambermaid and waitress; the best City references. Call at No. 247 7th-av., one door from 24th-st.

WANTED—BY A SWEDISH GIRL, A SITUation as chambermaid, or would take care of children. Call at No. 332 East 33d-st., fourth floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS to take family washing or gentlemen's washing; best testimonials at her own residence, No. 539 East 13th-st.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS AMERICAN cook, a situation in a private family; best of reference; would go a short distance in the country. Call at No. 417 East 17th-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG girl as chambermaid and waitress; best of City references. Call at No. 582 3d-av., between 38th and 39th sts.

WANTED—BY A DRESSMAKER EMPLOYment to go out by the day; is a good fitter, and understands the Wheeler and Wilson machine. Call at No. 219 East 21st-st., first floor.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS CHAMBERmaid and waitress, a situation; has the best City reference. Can be seen at her present place of employment, No. 30 West 14th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS LAUNDRESS; can do fluting; best of City reference; no objection to go a short distance in the country. Call at No. 12 Washington-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERmaid and waitress; no objection to a boarding house; is pleasant and obliging; good City references given. Call at No. 1,325 Broadway, near 37th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A situation as chambermaid in a private family. Can be seen at her last place, No. 12 East Washington-place.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT LAUNdress, a situation in a private family; has good City reference. Call at No. 53 West 18th-st., in the rear; can be seen for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable woman as cook; understands her business thoroughly; good City references. Call at No. 212 East 23d-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl a situation to do chamberwork and take care of children; good City references. Apply at No. 642 3d-av., second floor, front.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Protestant woman as first-class cook in a private family; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 144 East 15th-st., first floor.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN, A situation as first-class cook; has the best of City references. Can be seen at No. 62 West Washington-place, top floor.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL A SITUAtion as chambermaid, and assist in the washing and ironing; the best of City references. Can be seen for two days at No. 549 7th-av., near 39th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A WOMAN as first-class cook and baker; understands French dishes; can give City reference. Call at No. 117 West 24th-st., near 6th-av., in the rear.

WANTED—BY A SCOTCH PROTESTANT woman, a situation as laundress in a private family. Address B., Box No. 140 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable girl, who is a first-class cook; has the best City reference. Call at No. 241 West 27th-st.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISH GIRL, A place as plain cook, and to wash and iron; City references. Call at No. 228 West 54th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITuation to do general housework; City reference. Call at No. 336 East 18th-st., second floor, for two days.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WELSH WOMAN, Protestant, a situation as nurse; good City reference. Call at No. 102 East 12th-st., near 4th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as first-class waitress; best of City reference. Call at No. 260 West 42d-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN A SITUAtion as good plain cook, washer and ironer; good reference. Call at No. 130 West 19th-st., third floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS LAUNDRESS by a Protestant girl; best City reference. Apply for two days at No. 183¼ 3d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class female waiter in a private boarding house; good City reference. Call at No. 249 West 19th-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG woman as seamstress; can make ladies' and children's dresses, and do all kinds of family sewing; has no objection to do light chamberwork or attend to a growing child; has good reference. Call at No. 337 East 21st-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman a situation as seamstress and to assist with the care of a grown child, or do light chamberwork or wait on a lady. Can be seen at her present employer's. Call at 23 West 16th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—BY A SUPERIOR SEAMSTRESS and chambermaid, with eight years' City references, a situation in the city or country; sews neatly; quick at the needle; operates on Gibbs' and Grover's; wages $12. Call at No. 303 East 29th-st., near 2d-av.

WANTED—A LADY WISHES TO PROcure situations for a waiter and laundress, both Protestant; waiter no objection to the country; both unexceptionably recommended by present employer. Apdly at No. 296 5th-av., between 10 and 12 o'clock.

WANTED—A NURSE'S SITUATION BY A woman who is capable of taking the entire charge of an infant from its birth, or to bring it up by the bottle; has the best of City references. Apply at No. 405 East 20th-st., second floor, front room.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED AND economical woman, a situation in a private family as cook; the best of City references from her last place. Can be seen at No. 156 West 41st-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITuation to do chamberwork and waiting, or chamberwork and fine washing, in a private family; has good City reference. Call, for two days, at No. 419½ 6th-av., near 26th-st.; ring the top bell.

WANTED.—A COMPETENT DRESSMAKER, who can cut and fit for ladies and children, wishes a few engagements by the day or week; City reference. Call at No. 208 West 27th-st., near 7th-av., first floor, back room.

WANTED.—A LADY WISHES TO FIND A place for a young girl; is an excellent chambermaid and a good seamstress; a very good operator on Wheeler & Wilson's machine. Call at her present employer's, No. 62 West 34th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation as chambermaid and fine washer and ironer; best City reference from last place. Call at No. 220 West 27th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG woman, a situation as chambermaid and washer, or waitress; good City reference from her last employer. Call at 226 7th-av., first floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS laundress; can flute; has first-class City references. Can be seen at present employer's, No. 8 East Washington-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Protestant girl as chambermaid, and would assist in plain sewing; best of City references given. Call at No. 331 East 29th-st.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT DRESSmaker, a few more engagements; can cut and fit ladies' and children's dresses. Call or address No. 349 East 12th-st., second floor, over bakery.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom, by a young married man; can clip and train horses, and is a careful driver; understands his business thoroughly; his wife would do up stairs work if required; both will be found willing and obliging; best City reference from last place. Address M. P., Box No. 206 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER by a man that understands fruit, flowers, indoor and out, and vegetables, and laying out of new places; is middle-aged, and strictly temperate; will milk and be found generally useful to any one who may employ him; the best reference from his employers. Address M. H., Box No. 212 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN HOLDING A respectable and confidential situation in Dublin, known to some wholesale merchants in New-York, a situation as night watchman in a business house; can mention the above-named gentlemen, with testimonials, who will certify to the accuracy of this statement. Address J. P., Box No. 212 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION by a married man with one child; wife can take care of dairy and poultry; has a thorough knowledge of everything belonging to the business of a gardener, and can furnish the best of references. Address W. H., seed store, No. 876 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER by a middle-aged married man; understands his business; is neat and quick about his work, and keeps everything in good order. Address GARDENER, Mott Haven, Westchester County, N. Y., until November.

WANTED—BY A HIGHLY-RESPECTABLE, sober and steady man, with unexceptionable references, a situation as waiter in a family; no objection to go into the country. Call at No. 107 West 18th-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN by a Protestant man; understands his business perfectly; the best of City references. Call or address J. S., at his present employer's private stable, No. 30 East 40th-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Protestant man, as coachman; would assist in the garden; is a thorough groom and careful driver; has good recommendations; no objection to country. Apply at No. 340 4th-av., corner 25th-st.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION BY a married man, who thoroughly understands the care of hot and cold graperies and greenhouses; would take the entire charge of a gentleman's place. Address J. C., New-Rochelle, N. Y.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN or groom by a Protestant young man, who thoroughly understands his business; can refer to former employer. Address SAMUEL BURCH, Box No. 217 *Times* office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN or gardener by a married man; can do the work and management about a gentleman's place; will be found willing and obliging; good reference. Address P. F., Box No. 208 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN a private family by a respectable man with first-class references as to honesty, sobriety and capability; no objection to the country. Address WAITER, at No. 319 6th-av., in the grocery store.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION by a man who thoroughly understands his business; is a careful driver, and has four years' City reference from last employer. Call or address W. K., No. 124 West 18th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN or groom, or the care and management of road horses, by an Englishman; can come well recommended. Call on or address E. C., at Mr. Gardon's stables, No. 5 West 13th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A STEADY, sober man as coachman and gardener; will be found willing and obliging; prefers a country place; can milk, and procure the best of references if required. Address T. M. C., Box No. 206 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young girl as chambermaid and seamstress; the best of City reference. Call or address No. 431 East 9th-st., between 1st-av. and Avenue A.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN or groom by an Englishman; good reference; married; no family. Can be seen or address COACHMAN, No. 111 West 46th-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SINGLE man as coachman and gardener or waiter; has the best of City reference. Address D. S., Box No. 204 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by a single young man; is willing and obliging; good reference; can milk; no objection to the country. Address O, Box No. 220 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and gardener on a small place in the country by a single Englishman; is civil and willing; best City reference. Address JOHN, Box No. 200 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG ENGLISH WOman, a situation as chambermaid and seamstress; would take care of children; good City reference. Call at No. 137 West 19th-st., in the basement.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG man as coachman and groom; can furnish the best of reference. Apply at livery stable, Nos. 23 and 25 East 12th-st.

WANTED—BY A GERMAN FIRST-CLASS gardener, single and sober, a situation on a gentleman's place to make himself useful. Address H. B. G., Box No. 209 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE YOUNG MAN, (English,) a situation as coachman and groom; best of City references given. Apply at No. 132 West 31st-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN A PRIVATE family as waiter; one who perfectly understands his duty. Can be seen for two days at No. 319 6th-av., corner of 20th-st.

A GENTLEMAN OF HIGH STANDing (with long and successful experience in the West and New-York City) in the legal profession, desiring to secure a permanent position, would like to make an arrangement with a first-class house or company to attend to their law, collection, insurance and other business of like nature; highest testimonials of worth and ability. Address LAWYER, Box No. 180 *Times* Office.

HELP WANTED.

WAITER WANTED—A MAN WHO thoroughly understands his business and can bring undoubted references for honesty and sobriety. Call Wednesday, between 2 and 4 o'clock, and Thursday morning until 10 o'clock, at No. 64 West 37th-st.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK, AND TO ASSIST in washing and ironing. Apply, with references, to No. 23 West 45th-st.

SALESMEN WANTED.

Experienced salesmen, with well established trade, may apply to C. B. WILLIAMS & CO., No. 413 Broadway.

CLAIRVOYANTS.

A FACT—NO IMPOSITION.—$100,000 REWARD for any one who can equal the greatest European business and medical clairvoyant and astrologist that ever existed in this country; she consults you on all events through life; name, likeness, gives lucky numbers, causes speedy marriages, brings together those long separated. No. 230 West 41st-st., between 7th and 8th avs. Fee, 50 cents to $1.

LOOK HERE!—NO HUMBUG.—MME. ROSS tells everything, the name of the one you marry and that of her visitor, causes speedy marriages, brings together those long separated, shows the likeness of the one you marry. No. 159 West 41st-st., between Broadway and 7th-av.

THE WONDER OF THE AGE.

Mme. DECOLAM, whose Clairvoyant powers have never been doubted, can be consulted at No. 644 6th-av. Past, present and future foretold.

STATIONERY.

WM. H. WOGLOM & READING, STAtioners, Blank Book Manufacturers and Job Printers, No. 245 Greenwich-st., between Barclay and Robinson sts. A large assortment of first-class account books and stationery constantly on hand.

SHIPPING.

FOR LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.—Inman Line of Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:

CITY OF ANTWERP......Saturday, Oct. 23, 1 P. M.
CITY OF BRUSSELS......Saturday, Oct. 30, 1 P. M.
CITY OF BALTIMORE, (via Halifax,) Tuesday, Nov. 2, 1 P. M.
CITY OF PARIS..........Saturday, Nov. 6, 1 P. M.

And each succeeding SATURDAY and alternate TUESDAY, from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE
BY THE MAIL STEAMER SAILING EVERY SATURDAY.

PAYABLE IN GOLD.		PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.	
First Cabin	$100	Steerage	$35
To London	105	To London	40
To Paris	115	To Paris	47

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER, VIA HALIFAX.

FIRST CABIN. PAYABLE IN GOLD.		STEERAGE. PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.	
Liverpool	$80	Liverpool	$30
Halifax	20	Halifax	15
St. John's N. F., by Branch Steamer	45	St. John's, N. F., by Branch Steamer	30

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at reduced rates.

Tickets can be bought here at moderate rates by persons wishing to send for their friends.

For further information apply at the Company's Offices. JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River as follows:

PEREIRE..........DUCHESNE.SATURDAY, Oct. 30
VILLE DE PARIS.SURMONT..SATURDAY, Nov. 13
ST. LAURENT....LEMARIE...SATURDAY, Nov. 27
LAFAYETTE.......ROUSSAU..SATURDAY, Dec. 11

Rates of passage payable in gold, (including wine.)
TO BREST OR HAVRE, First cabin, $140; second cabin, $75.
TO PARIS, including railway ticket, $145 and $78.
These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.

American travelers going to or returning from the Continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line, avoid both transit by English railways and the discomforts of crossing the Channel, besides saving time, trouble and expense.
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 58 Broadway.

CUNARD LINE.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS, BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Russia, Wednesday, Oct. 20	Palmyra, Thursday, Nov. 4
Tripoli, Thursday, Oct. 21	Cuba, Wednesday, Nov. 10
Java, Wednesday, Oct. 27	Aleppo, Thursday, Nov. 11
Samaria, Thursday, Oct. 28	China, Wednesday, Nov. 17
Scotia, Wednesday, Nov. 3	Kedar, Thursday, Nov. 18

RATES OF PASSAGE.
By the Wednesday steamers, not carrying steerage.
First Cabin....$130, gold. Second Cabin....$80, gold.
First Cabin, to Paris............$145, gold.
By the Thursday Steamers.
First Cabin....$80, gold. Steerage....$30, currency.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown and all parts of Europe at lowest rates.

Through bills of lading given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre, Antwerp and other ports on the Continent, and for Mediterranean ports.

For freight and cabin passage apply at the Company's Office, No. 4 Bowling-green.

For steerage passage at No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building. CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

PASSENGERS PER STEAMSHIP RUSSIA embark from the Cunard wharf, foot of Grand-st., Jersey City, at 2 P. M. on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 20. CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, No. 4 Bowling-green, New-York.

STEAM TO GLASGOW AND LONDONDERRY.

THE ANCHOR LINE.

Favorite Clyde-built passenger Steamers are intended to sail as follows:

COLUMBIA ....Oct. 23	CAMBRIA..........Nov. 13
EUROPA...........Oct. 30	IOWA................Nov. 20
INDIA..............Nov. 6	BRITANNIA........Nov. 27

and each SATURDAY thereafter, from Pier No. 20 North River, at 12 o'clock, noon.

RATES OF PASSAGE PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.
Cabins, to Liverpool, Glasgow or Derry, $90 and $75.
Excursion tickets, good for 12 months, $160.
Steerage, to Glasgow or Derry, $30; intermediate, $35.
Prepaid Certificates from these ports, $37.

Passengers booked to and from Hamburg, Havre, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at very low rates.

Drafts issued payable at any bank in Great Britain and Ireland.

For further information apply on the steamers, foot of Dey-st., or at the Company's offices, No. 7 Bowling-green, New-York. HENDERSON BROTHERS.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL.

CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN.
From Pier No. 46 North River. WEDNESDAY.

IDAHO	3,132 tons	Oct. 20, at 3 P. M.
MINNESOTA	2,965 tons	Oct. 27, at 10½ A. M.
NEVADA	3,125 tons	Nov. 3, at 2½ P. M.
COLORADO	3,015 tons	Nov. 10, at 11 A. M.
NEBRASKA	3,392 tons	Nov. 17, at 2½ P. M.
MANHATTAN	2,865 tons	Nov. 24, at 9½ A. M.

CABIN PASSAGE........(Gold)..$80.
STEERAGE..............(Currency)..$30.
Saloon and State Rooms all on Deck.
Steerage Passage Office, No. 29 Broadway.
For freight or cabin passage apply to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.

NATIONAL LINE.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN, From Pier No. 47 North River.
FRANCE, GROGAN, Saturday, Oct. 23, at 7 A. M.
DENMARK, FORBES, Saturday, Oct. 30, at 12 M.
Passage to Liverpool or Queenstown: Cabin, $100 and $80; Steerage, $30, currency.
Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown, $37, currency.
Apply at the Company's office, No. 69 Broadway.
F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S

THROUGH LINE TO

CALIFORNIA AND CHINA.

Through rates, New-York to San Francisco:
First Class. Steerage.
$150 to $200. $75.
according to location of berth.

These rates include berths, board and all necessaries for the trip.

CHANGE OF SAILING DAYS.

Steamers of the above line leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon, ON except when those days fall on Sunday, then the day previous.

One hundred pounds baggage free to each adult. Medicine and attendance free.

OCT. 16.—ALASKA, Captain GRAY, connecting with GOLDEN CITY, Captain LAPRIDGE.

Steamer AMERICA will leave San Francisco Nov. 4 for China and Japan.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.—Freight for steamer ALASKA received until 4 P. M. on FRIDAY, Oct. 15. All freight weighing less than 20 pounds to the cubic foot will be forwarded as fast at slow rates. All usual facilities afforded shippers in collecting inland charges, &c.

For freight or passage tickets and all further information apply at the Company's ticket office on the wharf, foot of Canal-st. F. R. BABY, Agent.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.,

AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE STEAMSHIPS, AND CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PASSENGER RATES TO ALL POINTS IN THE INTERIOR.

FOUR STEAMERS A WEEK,
TUESDAY,
THURSDAY
AND SATURDAY.

THE STEAMSHIPS

GENERAL BARNES, Captain MALLORY, THURSDAY, Oct. 21, from Pier No. 36 North River, at 3 P. M. LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents, No. 88 Liberty-st.

SAN JACINTO, Captain ATKINS, SATURDAY, Oct. 23, from Pier No. 8 North River, at 3 P. M. WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling-green.

HUNTSVILLE, Captain CROWELL, SATURDAY, Oct. 23, from Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 P. M. R. LOWDEN, Agent, No. 93 West-st.

VIRGO, Captain BULKLEY, TUESDAY, Oct. 26, from Pier No. 16 East River, at 3 P. M. MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents, Nos. 61 and 62 South-st.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.

UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 23d of every month:
MERRIMACK, Capt. WIER, Oct. 23.
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. TINKLEPAUGH, Nov. 23.
NORTH AMERICA, Capt. SLOCUM, Dec. 23.

These splendid steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagements of freight or passage, apply to WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

UNITED STATES MAIL TO HAVANA.

ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, Sailing regularly every THURSDAY, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.
COLUMBIA, Captain E. VAN SICE..............Oct. 21
EAGLE, Captain M. R. GREENE.................Oct. 28
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. G. W. PALMER, (Via Nassau,)..Nov. 4
For freight or passage apply to S. G. WHEELER, Jr., President, No. 5 Bowling-green.

HAVANA, SISAL AND VERA CRUZ.

New-York and Mexican Mail Steamship Line, from Pier No. 17 East River, at 12 M.
The splendid new steamers
CLEOPATRA, Capt. PHILLIPS, Wednesday, Nov. 10.
CITY OF MEXICO, Capt. DEAKEN, Thursday, Nov. 25.
For freight or passage apply to F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, No. 33 Broadway.

FOR MOBILE

VIA FERNANDINA ROUTE.

THE FLORIDA RAILROAD COMPANY WILL DISPATCH THE FIRST-CLASS STEAMSHIP ALABAMA, Captain LIMEBURNER, On SATURDAY, Oct. 23, from Pier No. 29 North River, at 3 P. M. Cargo delivered without lighterage at Mobile.

Is now receiving. Has superior passenger accommodations.

Insurance guaranteed at one and a half per cent. to Mobile.

Through Rates and Bills Lading given to Selma, Montgomery, and all points in the interior at LOWER RATES than any other Line.

For Freight or Passage apply to J. F. PATTERSON, Agent, No. 177 West-st., or to H. R. DRUMMOND & CO., No. 94 Wall-st. Mobile Agents, A. J. INGERSOLL & CO.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

THE CROMWELL LINE.
Steamships of this line will leave Pier No. 9 North River, at 3 o'clock P. M., as follows:
MARIPOSA.........KEMBLE.........Saturday, Oct. 23.
GEO. CROMWELL...CLAPP..........Saturday, Oct. 30.
Freight taken for St. Louis, Mobile and Galveston at through rates.
For passage, first and second class, or freight, apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—United States passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, 263 Broadway.

SHIPPING.

FOR NASSAU, N. P.

CARRYING THE ROYAL MAILS.

Atlantic Mail S. S. Co.'s steamer MORRO CASTLE, Captain G. W. PALMER, THURSDAY, Nov. 4, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 4 North River.
For freight or passage apply to S. G. WHEELER, Jr., President, No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., THE FLORIDA PORTS, THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.—REGULAR LINE.—The popular steamship GEORGIA, CUTTER, Commander, will sail THURSDAY, 21st October, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 8 North River, foot of Rector-st.

Through bills of lading to all points South and Southwest. Agents in Charleston (Ravenel & Co.) forward all goods free of commission.
ARTHUR LEARY, Agent, No. 73 William-st.
The MINNETONKA will sail 28th October.

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.

Families or gentlemen going to travel on the Continent of Europe, who can afford the expense of a courier, should never leave Paris without one; their services are invaluable in relieving the traveler from multiplicity of cares and troubles respecting passports, examination and conveyance of luggage; in securing the best accommodation, in protecting the traveler from imposition, and an infinity of annoyances to which they are exposed in various parts of the Continent. Competent and trustworthy couriers and traveling servants may always be obtained by applying to the COURIER SOCIETY, No. 3 Rue d'Alger, near the Tuileries Garden, Paris.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR BOSTON VIA FALL RIVER, TOUCHING AT NEWPORT.

The world renowned steamers BRISTOL AND PROVIDENCE, Commander BRAYTON, Commander SIMMONS, will leave (alternate days) DAILY from Pier No. 30 North River, foot of Chambers-st., AT FOUR P. M.

D. C. HALL'S CELEBRATED GOLD BUGLE, BRASS, STRING AND REED BANDS.
GRAND PROMENADE CONCERT EVERY EVENING.

This is the only line running a SUNDAY NIGHT BOAT.
JAMES FISK, Jr., President,
M. R. SIMONS, Managing Director,
CHAS. H. VAILE, General Passenger Agent,
H. H. MANGAM, Freight Agent,
Narragansett Steamship Company

SPECIAL NOTICE.

CHANGE OF HOUR.—On and after MONDAY, 18th instant, steamers of the Fall River Line, Pier No. 30 North River; Stonington Line, Pier No. 33 North River, and Norwich and Worcester Line, Pier No. 40 North River, for Boston and intermediate points, will leave New-York at 4 o'clock, instead of 5 o'clock P. M.
NEW-YORK, Oct. 14, 1869.

STONINGTON LINE.

TO BOSTON AND PROVIDENCE.

GREAT INSIDE ROUTE—SHORTEST AND MOST DIRECT.

Fare always as low as by any other line.
The new and elegant Side-wheel steamers STONINGTON and NARRAGANSETT,
Capt. WM. M. JONES. Capt. GEO. B. HULL.
From Pier No. 33, foot of Jay-st., North River, at 4 P. M.
Arriving ahead of all other lines.
Tickets sold and state-rooms secured at No. 2 Astor House, and at Dodd's Express office, No. 944 Broadway. D. S. BABCOCK, President Stonington Steamboat Company.

PEOPLE'S LINE FOR ALBANY.

THE LARGEST AND MOST MAGNIFICENT RIVER STEAMERS IN THE WORLD, THE ST. JOHN, DREW AND DEAN RICHMOND.

One of the above steamers will leave Pier No. 40 North River EVERY AFTERNOON (Sunday's excepted) at 6 o'clock, arriving at Albany in time to connect with railroad trains West and North. Returning, leave the Albany Steamboat Landing at 7 o'clock P. M., or on the arrival of connecting trains from the West and North. Through tickets can be obtained at the office on the wharf, and baggage checked to its destination. Freight received until the hour of departure.

ALBANY AND TROY DAY LINE—CHANGE OF TIME.—The steamboats C. VIBBARD and DANIEL DREW will, on and after THURSDAY, July 8, leave Desbrosses-st. at 8, and 34th-st. at 8:15, landing at Yonkers, West Point, Cornwall, Newburg, Poughkeepsie, Tivoli, Rhinebeck, Catskill and Hudson. Tickets sold and baggage checked on board the boats to all points on New-York Central and Rensselaer and Saratoga Railroads.

TROY LINE FOR ALBANY AND TROY.—The elegant steamers VANDERBILT and CONNECTICUT leave Pier No. 44 North River, near Spring-st., EVERY EVENING, Saturdays excepted, at 6 o'clock P. M. Fare only $1 50, being $1 75 less than rail, and 75c. cheaper than any other line, and like reductions to all points Northwest and East. Tickets and rooms at Dodd's Express, Nos. 429 and 944 Broadway, New-York; No. 1 Court-st., Brooklyn, and No. 308 West-st.

SHREWSBURY, RED BANK, AND LONG BRANCH.—The steamer SEA BIRD will leave New-York, foot of Warren-st., as follows:

LEAVES NEW-YORK.	LEAVES RED BANK.
Wednesday, 20..2:30 P. M.	Wednesday, 20.. 7:00 A. M.
Thursday, 21......3:00 P. M.	Thursday, 21.... 7:30 A. M.
Saturday, 23.......9:00 A. M.	Friday, 22........ 8:00 A. M.
Tuesday, 26........7:00 A. M.	Monday, 25...... 8:00 A. M.
Wednesday, 27...8:00 A. M.	Tuesday, 26.....11:00 A. M.
Thursday, 28......1:00 P. M.	Wednesday, 27..12:00 M.
Saturday, 30.......2.30 P. M.	Friday, 29.........12:00 M.

NOTICE.—ON AND AFTER MONDAY THE 18th inst., STEAMERS of the Providence and New-York Steamship Company, (Neptune Line,) will leave Pier No. 27, North River, for Providence, at 4 instead of 5 P. M., as heretofore.
ISAAC ODELL, Agent.
NEW-YORK, Oct. 15, 1869.

STEAMER D. R. MARTIN, FOR Huntington, Cold Spring, Oyster Bay and Bayville, daily at 4 P. M. from Pier No. 14 East River, first below Wall-st., touching at 37th-st. at 4:15. Fare to 37th-st. 10c., to all other landings 50c. Barney & Searing's Huntington and Oyster Bay Express on board.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICE OF staterooms, and low fare by Troy Line, for Albany and Troy, on and after TUESDAY, Sept 28, inst., from Pier No. 44 North River, foot of Spring-st., EVERY EVENING, Saturdays excepted, at 6 o'clock.
J. W. HANCOX & SONS.

FOR NORWALK AND DANBURY.—The steamboat NELLY WHITE leaves Pier No. 27 East River at 2:45 o'clock daily, and foot of 37th-st. at 3 P. M.

D. & T. SMITH'S STEAMBOAT LINE for Yonkers, Tarrytown, Nyack, Haverstraw, and all landings daily, at 3:15 and 3:30 P. M. from Harrison-st., Pier 34 N.R. On Pier. E. LANE, Agent.

FOR BRIDGEPORT, AND ALL points on Housatonic and Naugatuck Railroads.—Fare $1. Steamers leave Catharine-slip at 12 noon.

FOR NEW HAVEN, HARTFORD, &C.—Fare $1 25. Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with railroad.

RAILROADS.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.

Trains leave 30th-st. depot as follows:
6:45 A. M., way train for Albany.
8:00 A. M., Buffalo express, drawing-room cars attached.
10:30 A. M., Northern and Western express, drawing-room cars attached.
11:00 A. M., special Chicago express, through in 29 hours; elegant drawing-room cars attached.
4:00 P. M., Montreal express, drawing-room cars attached.
6:30 P. M., Pacific express, with sleeping-cars attached; through to Chicago without change, (daily.)
11:00 P. M, night express, sleeping-cars attached.
2:30 P. M., Hudson train.
5:00 P. M., Poughkeepsie train, (Sundays, 9 A. M.)
10:00 A. M., 4:15 and 7 P. M., Peekskill trains.
5:30 and 6 P. M., Sing Sing trains.
6:30, 7:10, 9, 9:40 and 11:50 A. M., 2, 4:25, 5:10, 7:10 and 11:30 P. M., Yonkers trains.
J. M. TOUCEY, Superintendent.
Aug. 30, 1869.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS WILL LEAVE depots, foot of Chambers-st. and foot of 23d-st., as follows:

Through Express trains, at 8 A. M., 10 A. M., 5:30 P. M. and 6:30 P. M., daily. New and improved drawing room coaches will accompany the 10 A. M. train through to Buffalo, connecting at Hornellsville with magnificent sleeping coaches through to Cleveland. Sleeping coaches will accompany the 8 A. M. train from Susquehanna to Buffalo; the 5:30 P. M. train to Buffalo, and the 6:30 P. M. train to Rochester, Buffalo and Cincinnati. An emigrant train leaves daily at 8 P. M.

For Port Jervis and Way, 11:30 A. M., daily, stopping at all stations; and 4:30 P. M., Orange County Express, connecting for Warwick, Shawangunk and Unionville.

For Middletown and Way, at 3:30 P. M.

For Greycourt and Way, at 8:30 A. M., daily.

For Newburg and Way, at 8 A. M., 3:30 and 4:30 P.M.

For Suffern and Way, at 5 P. M. and 6 P. M. Theatre train, at 11:30 P. M.

For Paterson and Way, from 23d-st. Depot, at 6:30 A. M., 10 A. M., 12 M., 1:30 P. M., (daily,) 4 P. M., 5 P. M., and 6:30 P. M. From Chambers-st. Depot, at 6:45 A.M., 10:15 A. M., 12 M., 1:45 P. M., (daily,) 4 P. M., 5:15 P. M. and 6:45 P. M.

For Hackensack and Way, from 23d-st. Depot, at 9 A. M., 12 M., 4 P. M., 5 P. M., 6 P. M. and 6:30 P. M. From Chambers-st. Depot, at 9 A. M., 12 M., 4 P. M., 5 P. M., 6 P. M. and 6:45 P. M.

For Piermont, Monsey and Way, from 23d-st. Depot, at 9 A. M., 1 P. M., *3:30 P. M., 4 P. M., 5 P. M., *6:30 P. M. and Saturdays only *12 midnight. From Chambers-st. Depot at 9 A. M., 1 P. M., *3:30 P. M., 4:15 P. M., 5:15 P. M., *6:30 P. M., and Saturdays only *12 midnight.

Tickets for passage and for apartments in drawing-room and sleeping coaches can be obtained, and orders for the checking and transfer of baggage may be left at the Company's offices, Nos. 241, 529 and 957 Broadway; No. 338 Fulton-st., Brooklyn; Depots foot of Chambers-st., and foot of 23d-st., New-York; No. 3 Exchange-place, and Long Dock Depot, Jersey City, and of the agents at the principal hotels.

* To Piermont only.

L. D. RUCKER, Gen'l Sup't. WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass'r Ag't.

SOUTH SIDE RAILROAD OF LONG ISLAND.—Winter Arrangement.—On and after Oct. 1 the trains will leave the Roosevelt and Grand st. Ferries as follows: 8:30 A. M., mail and passenger for Patchogue; 10 A. M., for Merrick; 3:30 P. M., express to Patchogue; 4:30 P. M., accommodation for Islip, on Saturdays through to Patchogue; 6:30 P. M., for Merrick, on Saturdays through to Babylon. All trains connect at Valley Stream, except the Merrick late and early trains. For particulars, see time tables.
R. WHITE, Superintendent.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.—Trains will leave New-York by the Pavonia Ferry, foot of Chambers-st., as follows: At 9 A. M., 1, 3:30, 4:15, 5:15 and 6:30 P. M., and at 12 midnight, on Saturdays. The 9:15 A. M. and 1, 4:15 and 5:15 P. M. trains run through to Monsey.

THE CREAMER SAFETY BRAKE is the most valuable safeguard ever attached to railway trains. It is in use on thousands of cars, and its value proved in hundreds of incontestable demonstrations.

It is now in use on all the lines between New-York, Chicago, St. Louis and St. Paul, via New-York Central and Lake Shore.
WM. G. CREAMER & SON, No. 19 Platt-st., New-York.

TWO DOUBLE GLUE KETTLES FOR sale; capacity about 80 gallons each. To be seen at No. 204 Pearl-st., up stairs.

INSTRUCTION.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.

Classical, Commercial, English, French and German, No. 40 Washington-square, (south,) GEORGE W. CLARKE, A. M., Principal. Fits pupils of all ages for Business or College on reasonable terms.

For references, terms, &c., see circulars to be had at the Institute, which parents are invited to visit.

Students admitted at any time to the classes for which they are prepared. Extra branches optional.

GARDNER INSTITUTE

FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN,
NO. 34 WEST 32D-ST.
Rev. DR. GARDNER, Mrs. C. H. GARDNER, } Principals.

MRS. EDWARD B. WHITE'S

English and French Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies and Children, No. 59 West 42d-st., opposite Reservoir Park, will reopen Sept. 27.

BOOKKEEPING, WRITING, &c., for business. Messrs. DOLBEAR, No. 609 Broadway, give private lessons and prepare gentlemen or boys practically for business. Cheap evening class, $5.

DR. F. BERTHET'S FRENCH, English and Classical School commences its fifteenth year on Sept. 20, at 920 Broadway. There is a gymnasium. Circulars at Lockwood's, 812 Broadway.

MRS. MACAULAY'S

English and French Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, No. 277 Madison-av., south-east corner of 40th-st., will reopen TUESDAY, Sept. 21. Letters addressed as above will receive immediate attention. Mrs. MACAULAY will be in town from the 8th of September.

COLUMBIA GRAMMAR SCHOOL,

No. 333 4th-av.—106th year.
English, classical and primary departments; French, German, Drawing; pupils prepared for any college in the country; charge from the date of entrance; corps of thorough teachers. B. H. CAMPBELL, A.B., Principal

DR. VAN NORMAN'S

FRENCH AND ENGLISH FAMILY AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, Nos. 8 and 10 East 46th-st., N. Y., will reopen Oct. 8, 1869. For full information send for circular. Address as above.

MRS. SYLVANUS REED'S

French and English Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, No. 101 East 38th-st., corner of Park-av., Murray Hill, will commence its sixth year the 22d September. Circulars sent on request.

MRS. GARRETSON'S

ENGLISH AND FRENCH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN, NO. 58 WEST 47TH-ST., WILL OPEN TUESDAY, SEPT. 21.
For circulars apply as above.

MISS ARMSTRONG'S

French and English Boarding and Day School FOR YOUNG LADIES, No. 25 East 21st-st.
Was reopened on Tuesday, Sept. 21.
Address, personally or by letter, as above.

MRS. AND MISS STEERS'

Boarding and Day School, No. 56 West 11th-st., reopened Sept. 20. The class for boys under 12, connected with this school, reopened same date, at No. 68 West 11th-st. Circulars can be had at Lockwood's, Scribner's and at No. 56 West 11th-st.

WEST SIDE LADIES' SEMINARY,

No. 302 West 34th-st.,
Miss C. E. FERRIS, Principal,
Will reopen WEDNESDAY, Sept. 15.

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

NORWALK, CONN.
C. M. SELLECK, PRINCIPAL.
The Winter session of this school will commence on WEDNESDAY, the 3d of November.

MISS WALSH'S

English and French Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, No. 32 East 28th-st., near Madison-av., will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 20.

MR. CORNWALL'S SCHOOL,

No. 1,267 Broadway, near 32d-st., for boys and young gentlemen advanced in study.

THE MURRAY HILL INSTITUTE, a boarding and day school for young gentlemen, No. 58 Park-av., between 37th and 38th sts., Rev. Joseph D. Hull, Principal, will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 20.

Circulars, with full information, sent on application.

BRAINERD INSTITUTE, CRANBERRY, N. J.—Rev. ELIAS S. SCHENCK, A. M., Principal.—A military boarding school of the best class to train lads to be enlightened, energetic, Christian men, for college or business. Live school of wide awakes. Gymnasium and equipments complete. Terms moderate. Send for a circular.

CHEGARAY INSTITUTE, NOS. 1,527 and 1,529 Spruce-st., Philadelphia, Penn., for young ladies and misses, boarding and day pupils, will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 20. French is the language of the family, and is constantly spoken in the Institute.
MME. D'HERVILLY, Principal.

WEST BRANCH BOARDING SCHOOL for boys, Jersey shore, Lycoming County, Penn., reopens Sept. 8. Parents and guardians cannot find a more healthy location, with thorough preparation for business or college, and every home comfort. $200 per year. For circulars address
F. DONLEAVY LONG, A. M., Principal.

THE ENGLISH AND CLASSICAL School of the Church of the Transfiguration will reopen MONDAY, Sept. 13. For further particulars apply to the Rector, G. H. HOUGHTON, No. 1 East 29th-st.

HOME INSTITUTE—TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—Young ladies can pursue a thorough course of instruction in English and French, and enjoy the care and comfort of home. Address Miss M. W. METCALF.

MISS WARREN'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS in Trenor's Lyric Hall, 6th-av., between 41st and 42d sts., will reopen Sept. 13. English and French taught. Parents wishing a good school for boys under 14 will do well to call.

MISSES MEEKER'S FRENCH AND English Boarding and Day School for young ladies, formerly of New-York City, will be opened in Norwich, Conn., Sept. 20, 1869. For circulars apply to the Principals, Box No. 1,327.

JOHN MAC MULLEN'S SCHOOL FOR Boys will be reopened on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 15 at No. 900 Broadway, corner of 20th-st. Circulars at the book store of Mitchell & Seixas, No. 911 Broadway, and at the School. Three boarders will be received.

THE COLLEGIATE SCHOOL, (Established A. D. 1820,) No. 101 West 14th-st., corner 6th-av.—Rev. HENRY B. CHAPIN, Ph. D., Rector. Pupils received at any time and thoroughly prepared for college or business.

"KINDERGARTEN SCHOOLS" NOW open. Boarding and Day School for girls, 66 W. 36th-st. Boys' School connected with Prof. Farrand's, No. 1,400 Broadway, corner 39th-st. For admission to either apply to Miss E. M. COE, Prin., 66 W. 36th-st.

PREPARATORY FRENCH AND ENGlish day school for little boys. Mrs. PARROTT, assisted by professors, continues to receive her pupils at No. 50 East 29th-st., between Madison and 4th avs. Circulars at Lockwood's.

WANTED—BY A LADY, WELL QUALIfied, three young children to board and instruct at her residence in Harlem; terms reasonable. Call or address Mrs. R. BELL, 127th-st., third door east of 4th-av.

PROFESSOR D. CHERBULIEZ'S school for boys, No. 348 4th-av., (between 25th and 26th sts.,) reopens Sept. 21. Circulars at the above address.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL OF NEW-YORK University, Washington-square, East, (Classical, Commercial, Primary,) fits for college, business, Naval Academy, West Point.

MRS. PARKS & MRS. BENEDICT'S English and French Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, No. 153 Madison-av., corner 32d-st., reopens Sept. 23. For circulars apply as above.

ADDRESS REV. T. HANLON, D.D., Pennington, N. J., for details of first-class boarding school. Total cost per year, $210. Pupils received at any time.

MRS. J. J. ROBERTS AND MISS WALKER will reopen their Day School for young ladies, No. 148 Madison-av., one door below 32d-st., on MONDAY, Sept. 20.

GERMAN-AMERICAN INSTITUTE, with Gymnasium and Kindergarten. Reopening TUESDAY, Sept. 14. GERCKE & KOESSLY, 23d-st., near 9th-av.

THE GALIN METHOD IS THE MOST rapid and thorough way of learning music. Mr. C. H. FARNHAM'S classes are now forming. See circulars at the music stores.

MLLE. DE WAILLY'S FRENCH INstitute for young ladies, No. 268 West 42d-st. near Broadway; number of boarding pupils limited. French classes for adults.

MRS. PRINCE AND MISS LYON'S French and English Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, 204 West 23d-st., will open Sept. 14, 1869. Apply for circulars to above address.

MRS. MARY RODGERS GRIFFITTS' French and English Day School for young ladies, at No. 106 West 42d-st., will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 27.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A Boarding School for Boys. The school year will commence Sept. 14. For circulars apply to D. S. ROWE, M. A., Principal.

J. H. MORSE'S ENGLISH, CLASSICAL and Mathematical School for boys, No. 638 6th-av., near 37th-st., reopens MONDAY, Oct. 4. For circulars apply to J. H. MORSE, A. M., 153 East 33d-st.

GOLDEN HILL SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES, Bridgeport, Conn.—For circulars, address the Principal, Miss EMILY NELSON.

THE MISSES ROGERS' ENGLISH AND French School for young ladies and children, No. 352 West 20th-st., will reopen THURSDAY, Sept. 16.

MISS F. B. PRIEST'S SCHOOL, NO. 203 East 16th-st., near Stuyvesant-square, will reopen MONDAY, Sept. 20.

AARON RAND'S CLASSICAL FRENCH and English School reopens TUESDAY, Sept. 14, No. 1,267 Broadway.

GEORGE HAMILTON'S FRENCH and Classical School, for a limited number of boys, at No. 1,193 Broadway.

MISS M. C. ARBUCKLE'S SELECT class for little girls, now open at No. 260 West 36th-st.

LEGGETT, WM. H.—SCHOOL FOR BOYS, No. 1,214 Broadway, next to 30th-st. SEPT. 20.

LEGGETT, MISS M. W.—SCHOOL FOR children, No. 224 East 10th-st., Sept. 20.

MRS. FITZ-HENRI'S SCHOOL, NO. 40 Irving-place, reopened Sept. 21.

MILITARY BOARDING SCHOOL, White Plains, N. Y. Principal, O. R. Willis, Ph. D.

INSTRUCTION.

ANTHON GRAMMAR SCHOOL,

NOS. 212 AND 214 5TH-AV., CORNER 26TH-ST., reopens in its Classical, French, English and Primary departments on MONDAY, Sept. 6. The Gymnasium on MONDAY, Oct. 4.

MLLE. ROSTAN'S

FRENCH AND ENGLISH PROTESTANT SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, NO. 111 EAST 36TH-ST., will reopen on TUESDAY, Sept. 21. The course of instruction is designed to combine a thorough English education with the practical knowledge of the French and other modern languages.

Special attention is also given to drawing and painting, and the Musical Department, under the care of Professors S. B. MILLS and F. L. RITTER, offers peculiar advantages to those who wish to make music a special study.

A limited number of young ladies will be received in the family and welcomed to share in all the comforts and privileges of a pleasant home. Application can be made at the above address.

MISS S. B. JOHNSTON'S

FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND MISSES, will open on THURSDAY, Oct. 14, at No. 793 Lexington-av., between 61st and 62d sts.

"HOME CLASS."

A lady fully qualified, (and at present engaged in one of the first institutes in this City,) intending to form a home class on the 2d of November next, for the study of literature and history, is desirous of obtaining a few more pupils. Unexceptionable references given. Applicants will please address M., Box No. 268 New-York Post Office.

THE INSTRUCTOR OF MATHEmatics in the New-York Evening High School will give lessons in private or in a school in the day time; he invites the inspection of his classes and refers by special permission to the Principal, Mr. Hunter, to President Barnard, of Columbia, and Professor Docharty, of the New-York College. Call at the Evening High School on 13th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., from 7 to 9 P. M., or address MATHEMATICS, Box No. 2,656 Post Office.

THE GERMAN LANGUAGE AND Literature, French and the Classics taught, in schools and private families, by Rev. Dr. STAUDENMAYER, residence No. 334 East 16th-st. Reference—Rev. Drs. Washburn, H. Dyer and Cotton Smith, also G. Schwab and J. J. Crane, Esqrs.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

TWENTY-FIRST-ST. NEAR 5TH-av.—To Let.—A parlor floor of three large, handsomely furnished rooms, and two large rooms on the second floor, with private table. Parties desiring an elegant home, with superior table, can address Box No. 5,902 City Post Office.

NO. 3 NORTH WASHINGTON-SQUARE, between University-place and 5th-av., (the best location in the City,) offers to families and gentlemen the most elegantly furnished and handsomest rooms, comprising all modern improvements, with table and appointment; strictly first class.

BOARD IN A PRIVATE FAMILY, in the vicinity of West 14th-st., 6th or 7th avs., by a young gentleman of undoubted integrity who desires a home; terms must be moderate. Address, stating particulars, NOMIS, Box No. 152 *Times* Office.

NO. 25 WAVERLEY-PLACE, CORNER Winthrop, two blocks Broadway, one Washington-square; beautiful rooms, with board, to gentlemen and wife, or single gentlemen; everything first-class; terms moderate.

WANTED—A SUITE OF ROOMS ON SECond floor, comprising parlor and two bedrooms, for occupation of three persons; located on 19th, 20th or 21st sts., near 4th-av., with private table. Address Box No. 805 New-York Post Office.

TO LET—FURNISHED—FOUR ROOMS ON third floor, with back and front basements and use of the parlor; all ready for housekeeping; only $75 per month. Apply at No. 117 4th-av., one door north of 12th-st.

A YOUNG GENTLEMAN WISHES A comfortable room, with board; location above 14th-st. and between 4th and 6th avs. Address, stating terms, which must be reasonable, CLAYTON, Box No. 133 *Times* Office.

EUROPEAN OR SOUTHERN FAMIlies arriving in the City can find first-class rooms and board, together with single rooms. No. 52 University-place.

NO. 278 FOURTH-AVENUE, NEARLY opposite Calvary Church—A small private family have a suite of choice apartments to rent, with private table; home comforts.

NO. 35 WEST 18TH-ST.—FIRST-CLASS board and accommodations for the Winter, or permanently, can be had at reasonable prices. References given and required.

NO. 31 WEST 16TH-ST.—A PRIVATE family will let an entire second floor, handsomely furnished, with private table, to a select party of adults; highest reference required.

A SECOND FLOOR, WITH PRIVATE table, can be had at No. 100 East 23d-st. The suite consists of a parlor, dining room, and three bedrooms and a bathroom.

A PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOM, second floor, to let, with board, in a small private family; unexceptionable references given and required. Apply at No. 109 West 28th-st.

FOURTEENTH-ST.—A PRIVATE FAMIly will let two or three handsomely furnished rooms to gentlemen, with full or partial board; house first-class; references exchanged. No. 250 West 14th-st.

NO. 16 5TH-AV., OPPOSITE THE BREvoort House.—One or two handsomely-furnished entire floors, with board; private table if desired, in this first-class house; references exchanged.

NO 34 WEST 25TH-ST., NEAR MADison square.—A desirable suite of front rooms suitable for two gentlemen; without board; choice location.

NO. 4 ASHLAND-PLACE, PERRY-st., near Greenwich-av.—Large front parlor, opening on balcony; also other rooms, with first-class board, to families or gentlemen; terms moderate.

TO RENT—FURNISHED—A LARGE front room, also hall room on second floor, to gentlemen, either with or without breakfast; family private; references required. Apply at No. 73 Amity-st.

BOARD FOR SINGLE GENTLEMEN in a private family in Madison-av., above 29th-st.; references required. Address HOME, Box No. 131 *Times* Office.

NO. 102 EAST 35TH-ST., ONE DOOR from Park-av.—Well furnished, pleasant rooms with modern conveniences to let, with board.

ONE ELEGANT SUITE OF ROOMS to let, with or without private table, at 279 4th-av.; house adjoining Calvary church.

NO. 54 WEST 23D-ST.—TO LET WITH board, two large unfurnished rooms; also, two furnished on the second; also, rooms for single gentlemen

NO. 4 EAST 10TH-ST., ONE DOOR from 5th-av.—With private table only; parlor suite of rooms to let to a small family.

FIFTH-AV.—NO. 297, NEAR 31ST-ST.—A desirable second floor to let, with private table; references given and required.

NO. 33 WEST 36TH-ST.—VERY PLEASant rooms, with private table, for a family of adults, or two gentlemen, with their wives.

COMFORTABLE ROOMS, WITH excellent board, for a party of gentlemen or families, at No. 55 West 12th-st.

SEVENTEENTH-ST.—ROOMS WITHOUT board, to gentlemen only, No. 104 East 17th-st., near Union-square.

TWO GENTLEMEN CAN OBTAIN FURnished rooms in the house of a private family, No. 98 West 11th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

BROOKLYN.—PLEASANT ROOMS, WITH first-class board, No. 4 Sands-st., two minutes' from the ferry.

TO RENT—THE THIRD FLOOR OF THE dwelling house No. 29 Washington-place, as lodging rooms for gentlemen.

NO. 125 5TH-AV.—THREE ROOMS TO let on second floor, with board.

PLEASANT ROOMS AND GOOD board at No. 114 West 41st-st.

COUNTRY BOARD.

FALL AND WINTER BOARD IN THE country.—Two gentlemen and wives, or four ladies, can find a pleasant home on a farm; terms, fuel and light, $7 per week. Address H. E., Esopus, Ulster County, N. Y.

TEACHERS.

A GRADUATE OF HARVARD, AN experienced tutor, has two unengaged hours for pupils in English, mathematics, classics, and modern languages. Address TUTOR, Box No. 100 *Times* Office.

A GENTLEMAN, GRADUATE OF A German University, and an experienced teacher, desires a few additional pupils in German. Address Dr. O., Box No. 120 *Times* Office.

AN ENGLISH LADY AS CHILDREN'S governess, ten years' experience, would give instruction in return for board. Miss C., No. 27 North Washington-square.

FULL INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN IN letter writing and German by Mrs. THALER, No. 1,522 Broadway, New-York, near 48th-st.

A GRADUATE OF HARVARD COLlege wishes a few private pupils. Address H. A., Box No. 121 *Times* Office.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

$4,000.—FOR SALE—A DRUG STORE, dwelling attached, seventeen miles from the City; fine opening for a physician; rent, $350; one on 6th-av., one on Bowery; also a jewelry, book, stationery, grocery, tea, and gent's furnishing stores, photographic gallery, and an established hotel.
RUFUS K. McHARG, No. 77 Cedar-st.

TO HATTERS AND LADIES—FUR manufacturers, a rare chance in Philadelphia; for sale fixtures, good-will and lease, with or without stock, of old-established hat store, McCALLA'S, corner 10th and Chestnut sts. Further particulars, address as above.

FOR SALE—THE JEWELRY STORE NO. 362 Bowery, the stock, fixtures and lease; one of the oldest and best locations in the City; will be sold at a bargain to a responsible party. For particulars inquire in the store, No. 362 Bowery.

$3,000—PARTNER WANTED IN an old-established and prosperous book and stationery business in Brooklyn; an investigation is invited. Apply on the premises, No. 16 Myrtle-av.

EXCURSIONS.

FOR CHARTER FOR EXCURSIONS.—The fine side-wheel steamboat STAMFORD is in good order and ready for business. Apply at the office of the Bridgeport Steamboat Company, Pier No. 35 East River.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

ITALIAN OPERA.
SEASON OF 1869-1870.

Mr. Maretzek has the honor to announce that the first series of representations of the regular season of Italian Opera will commence on or about NOV. 1, 1869.

Confident that the general public will receive with pleasure the announcement that the plans are perfected for making the programmes for the forthcoming season conspicuously brilliant, the Director takes pleasure in submitting for approval the following engagements:

SOPRANOS.
MISS CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG,
recognized in Europe and America as one of the most gifted and successful of the
LEADING PRIME DONNE OF THE DAY,
was engaged by Mr. Maurice Strakosch to appear in Paris this season. But believing that the cooperation of this eminent young American artist would be indispensable to the thorough presentation of several new works that are to be introduced at the Academy, Mr. Maretzek has, at a great sacrifice, prevailed upon Mr. Maurice Strakosch to yield his right to her valued services, and permit her to remain in New-York for the present.

MME. CAROLINA DE BRIOL,
From the San Carlo, Naples.
Combining a magnificent voice with dramatic genius of an unexceptionally high order. Mme. Briol has, within a very brief period, obtained an exalted reputation throughout Italy, which is confidently felt will be reaffirmed by the critical judgment of the American public.

MISS LOUISE C. TREUER,
(her first appearance.)
MEZZO SOPRANOS AND CONTRALTOS,
MME. LUCY ESCOTT,
(her first appearance since her return from Australia.)
MME. ROSA CELLINI,
MISS JENNY LANDSMANN.
FIRST TENORS,
SIG. G. LEFRANC,
Primo Tenore Robusto
from La Scala, Milan, Teatro Reale, Madrid, and Theatre Lyrique, Paris.
SIG. M. MASSIMILIANI,
SIG. G. LEONI,
(his first appearance.)
FIRST BARITONES AND BASSOS.
SIG. G. COTTONE,
from Royal Opera, London.
Sig. B. REYNA.
Sig. G. E. ANTONUCCI.
Sig. N. BARILI, and
Sig. GIORGIO RONCONI.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
In conclusion, Mr. Maretzek has the extreme satisfaction of announcing that he has completed arrangements with Mr. Max Strakosch for presenting in opera for a
LIMITED NUMBER OF NIGHTS ONLY,
the illustrious Cantatrice,
MISS CARLOTTA PATTI,
whose peerless vocalization has electrified the most critical audiences of Europe and America, and everywhere created an interest paralleled only in the memorable history of two or three singers whose extraordinary talents, like hers, have justly been considered phenomenal.

THE REPERTOIRE
will include most of the favorite standard works of the favorite composers, in addition to which the management intends producing, during the season of 1869-70, the following
NEW OPERAS,
Presented for the first time in America:
HAMLET,
By Ambroise Thomas.
LA CONTESSA DI AMALFI,
By Petrella, composer of "Ione."
PIPELET,
Opera Bouffe, by Farrari.
Grand revival of Mozart's immortal Opera,
IL FLAUTO MAGICO.

SUBSCRIPTIONS.
The Subscriptions for the First Series will be for
TWENTY NIGHTS.
The regular Opera nights will be
MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
A GRAND MATINEE
WILL BE GIVEN EVERY SATURDAY.

PRICES AS USUAL.
The office for subscriptions will be open at the Academy of Music TO-MORROW, (Thursday,) at 9 o'clock. The several offices for the sale of tickets for each operatic representation will open at their respective places on THURSDAY, Oct. 28.

STEINWAY HALL.

The beautiful and fascinating young Spanish prima donna, Senorita MARIA CORTES, supported by Mlle. FILOMENO and Signors BOY FOSSATI, SALCEDO and BOSONI, will give her first series of concerts, at Steinway Hall, on the 20th, 22d and 27th insts., and at the Brooklyn Academy of Music, on the 26th.

Admission, $1; reserved seats, 50 cents extra. Seats now at Steinway Hall and at Nos. 114 and 701 Broadway.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY.—German Opera.

TWO NIGHTS OF GRAND GERMAN OPERA.
THURSDAY, OCT. 21, MARTHA. | FRIDAY, OCT. 22, THE MAGIC FLUTE.

AMERICAN BIBLE UNION.—THE ANniversary will be held on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, inst., in the church corner of Oliver and Henry sts., at 10 A. M., and 2½ and 7½ P. M. of each day. Dr. CRANE, of Hartford; Dr. PRICE, of Wales; Dr. CATHCART, of Philadelphia, and other distinguished speakers will address the Union. Business meeting at 9 A. M. on Wednesday.
H. F. SMITH, Recording Secretary.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S

CLASSES FOR DANCING,
At No. 212 5th-av., on Mondays, Thursdays, or Tuesdays and Fridays.
At No. 681 5th-av., on Wednesdays and Saturdays, or Saturday mornings.
Also, evening classes on Mondays and Thursdays for gentlemen. Send for a circular.

DANCING ACADEMY,

No. 336 West 29th-st.
G. SCHNEIDER, Professor of Dancing.

C. H. RIVERS' BROOKLYN DANCING Academy, No. 130 State-st., corner of Court-st.—All the fashionable dances in one quarter. Classes for beginners are now forming. Send for a circular.

HLASKO'S ACADEMY OF DANCING, 64 West 34th-st.—Morning and afternoon classes daily. Gentlemen Monday and Thursday, at 8 P. M.

PROPOSALS.

CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT.—TO CONTRACTORS.—Separate sealed proposals, each indorsed with the title of the work to which it relates, the name of the bidder and the date when offered, will be received at this office until 11 A. M. of WEDNESDAY, 27th inst., for the construction of sewers, as follows; Specification No. 25—In One Hundred and Twenty-seventh-street, between Third and Fourth avenues; Specification No. 26—In Fourth-avenue, between Sixty-second and Seventieth streets, with branches in Sixty-third, Sixty-fourth, Sixty-fifth, Sixty-sixth and Sixty-ninth streets; Specification No. 27—In Madison-avenue, between Forty-sixth and Fifty-ninth streets; Specification No. 28—In Fifth-avenue, between Forty-sixth and Fifty-ninth streets; Specification No. 29—In Lewis-street, between Third and Fourth streets, and Goerck-street, between Broome and Rivington streets; Specification No. 30—In Hudson and Bleecker streets, between Christopher and West Tenth streets; Barrow-street, between Bleecker and Bedford streets, Greenwich-street, between Horatio and Gansevoort streets, and Ninth-avenue, between Gansevoort and Thirteenth streets; Specification No. 31—In One Hundred and Twenty-ninth-street, between Tenth-avenue and Manhattan street; Specification No. 32—Outlet sewer in Seventeenth-street, from Hudson River to and through Eleventh-avenue and Twenty-third-street to near Tenth-avenue, and in Seventeenth-street, from Eleventh-avenue to and through Tenth-avenue to Fourteenth-street; and Specification No. 33—In One Hundred and Twelfth-street, between First and Third avenues; One Hundred and Fourteenth-street, between Third and Fourth avenues, and One Hundred and Nineteenth-street, between Avenue A and Harlem River, with branches. Also for new stone block pavements in Forty-sixth-street, between Sixth-avenue and Broadway; Forty-sixth-street, between Lexington and Third avenues; Fifty-first-street, between Eighth-avenue and Hudson River; Fifty-eighth-street, between Second-avenue and East River; Beach-street, between West Broadway and West-street; Harrison-street, between Hudson and West-streets; Forty-sixth-street, between Broadway and Ninth-avenue; Desbrosses-street, between Washington and Hudson streets; Fiftieth-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues; Fifth-avenue, between Fifty-ninth and Sixty-eighth streets; Fifty-eighth-street, between Lexington and Sixth avenues; Houston-street, between Lewis-street and the ferry; First-avenue, between Thirty-sixth and Sixty-first streets; One Hundred and Seventeenth-street, between Fourth-avenue and Harlem River. Also for a cross-walk across Sixth-avenue and Broadway, and also at the intersection of Eighth-avenue and One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street.

The plans can be seen and forms for bids obtained on application at this office.
THOMAS STEPHENS,
ROBT. L. DARRAGH, } Croton Aqueduct
GEORGE S. GREENE, } Board.
NEW-YORK, Oct. 15, 1869.

CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT.—Separate sealed proposals, each indorsed with the title of the work to which it relates, the name of the bidder and the date of the offering, will be received at this office until 11 A. M. of TUESDAY, Oct. 26, 1869, from persons legally authorized to lay the Nicolson pavement, for the construction of that form of pavement in the following streets, to wit:
Fiftieth-street, from First-avenue to East River.
Fifty-first-street, from Fifth to Sixth-avenue.
Fifty-sixth-street, from Third to Lexington-avenue.
Fifty-sixth-street, from Fifth to Sixth-avenue.
Fourteenth-street, from Eighth to Ninth-avenue, and Pine-street, from Broadway to William-street.

Forms for bids, and all further information necessary, can be obtained on application to the Contract Clerk at this office.
THOMAS STEPHENS,
ROBERT L. DARRAGH,
GEORGE S. GREENE,
Croton Aqueduct Board.
NEW-YORK, Oct. 13, 1869.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Sept. 24, 1869.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE received at this Department to 12 M. MONDAY, 1st November next, for the building and fitting of four steamers for the Revenue Marine, bidders to furnish their own specifications, the same to be submitted to a board of officers, the Department reserving the right to reject all if not from competent and responsible parties.

Speed being of great importance the Department has adopted this course to invite competition, and will require the bidders to furnish drawings in detail of hull and machinery, with models complete and the parties to whom the awards are made shall give bonds with sufficient sureties for the proper performance of the work, according to the specifications, models, &c., approved.

The vessels will be of the following dimensions:
Propeller of Iron—Hermaphrodite brig rigged.
Length 170 feet on load line.
Breadth of beam, 28 feet moulded.
Depth of hold, 15 feet amidships.
Draft of water, loaded, not to exceed 13 feet.
Sidewheel steamer, iron or wood, hermaphrodite brig rigged.
Length, 165 feet on load line.
Breadth of beam, 28 feet moulded.
Depth of hold, 12 feet.
Draft of water not to exceed 8½ feet loaded.
Two small steamers of wood,
Length, 150 feet on load line.
Breadth of beam, 26 feet moulded.
Depth of hold, 9 feet.
Draft of water not to exceed 5½ feet loaded.
Propeller to have one direct acting engine. Large sidewheel steamer one oscillating or beam engine. Two small steamers, beam engines. Speed to be guaranteed.
GEO. S. BOUTWELL, Secretary of the Treasury.

AMUSEMENTS.

BOOTH'S THEATRE,

23d-st., between 5th and 6th avs.
FIFTH WEEK
of the engagement of
MISS BATEMAN,
who will appear for the first time in this country on MONDAY, Oct. 18, and every evening except Saturday, as MARY WARNER, in the Domestic Drama of that name, and written expressly for her by Mr. TOM TAYLOR.
Supported by
MR. GEORGE JORDAN,
also, MISS VIRGINIA FRANCIS,
and MR. THEO. HAMILTON.
MARY WARNER MATINEE ON SATURDAY, at 1.
SATURDAY EVENING,
ENOCH ARDEN,
with Miss FANNY MORANT, Miss BLANCHE DE BAR, and Mr. THEO. HAMILTON.
Seats secured six days in advance at the box office of the Theatre, or at its branch ticket office, at the Music Store of C. H. Ditson & Co., No. 711 Broadway.

WALLACK'S.

Proprietor and Manager...Mr. LESTER WALLACK
Doors open at 7½. To commence at 8 P. M.
CONTINUED NOVELTY AND VARIETY.
THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, Oct. 20,
(for the third time,) Tom Taylor's Comedy of
AN UNEQUAL MATCH,
produced with appropriate scenery, and a
POWERFUL DISTRIBUTION.
THURSDAY, Oct. 21, (3d time,) CASTE.
FRIDAY, Oct. 22, (13th time,) SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL.
SATURDAY, Oct. 23, (for the first time in four years,) Coleman's Comedy of THE HEIR-AT-LAW.
TWO NEW PLAYS
IN COURSE OF PREPARATION.
Box office open from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.

Under the management of.......AUGUSTIN DALY
AS YOU LIKE IT, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings, with Mrs. Scott-Siddons, Mrs. Jennings, Geo. Clarke, W. Davidge, D. H. Harkins, J. B. Polk, Mrs. Wilkins, &c.
Friday Evening—KING RENE'S DAUGHTER and THE LOVE CHASE.
Next Monday,
SHE WOULD AND SHE WOULD NOT.

STEINWAY HALL.—PATTI CONCERTS.

MAX STRAKOSCH..........................Director
The public is respectfully informed that the greatest living concert vocalist,
Miss CARLOTTA PATTI,
will, on her return from Boston, give two more
GRAND PATTI CONCERTS,
TO-MORROW (Thursday) and FRIDAY EVENINGS, Oct. 21 and 22, at 8 o'clock, and
ONE GRAND GALA MATINEE,
On SATURDAY, Oct. 23, at 1 P. M.,
in which
GIORGIO RONCONI, RITTER,
PRUME, HABELMANN,
and the great German Basso,
JOSEF HERMANNS.
MAX MARETZEK'S GRAND ORCHESTRA.
Mr. G. W. COLBY Accompanist.
Admission, $1; Reserved Seats, 50 cents extra.
The sale of seats will commence this morning at Steinway Hall, No. 701 Broadway and No. 114 Broadway, at 9 A. M.
MONDAY, OCT. 25, BROOKLYN ACADEMY.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY.—PATTI.

FOURTH GRAND PATTI CONCERT,
MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 25, at 8 P. M.
Mlle. CARLOTTA PATTI will be assisted by
RONCONI, RITTER, PRUME, HABELMANN,
HERMANNS, G. W. COLBY.
MAX MARETZEK'S GRAND ORCHESTRA.
Sale of seats commences Thursday, at the Academy and No. 114 Broadway.

BOWERY THEATRE.

Grand Combination—Entire Change of Bill.
TICKET-OF-LEAVE MAN.
PANTOMIME OF VOL-AU-VENT.
ROBERT BUTLER, the Great Clown.
Mlle. LA ROSA, the Brilliant Danseuse.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.

14th-st., opposite Academy of Music.
L. B. LENT...................................DIRECTOR
MATINEES AT 2½
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.
First week of the favorite clown,
JOE PENTLAND.
ALL THE STAR RIDERS AND ACROBATS
comprised in the incomparable New-York Circus Troupe, in a superb selection of varied and
EXCITING ACTS IN THE CIRCLE.
Admission, 50 cents; children under 10 years, 25 cents; to reserved seats, 75 cents.

MUSICAL.

THE
HAINES
HAINES BRO'S

For sale on easy terms. New Pianos to rent.
No. 46 East 14th-st., New-York.

$8,000 WORTH OF THE VERY best and latest music, such as songs, dances, piano, violin, flute and organ pieces, but little damaged at the late fire; must be sold at only five cents a sheet. A similar occasion to buy music as cheap will never come again. Try us and you will be surprised. A. WUNDERMANN, No. 669 Broadway, opposite Bond-st.

PIANOS, MELODEONS AND ORGANS.—Prices greatly reduced for cash. New 7-octave pianos of first-class makers for $275 and upward. New cabinet organs for $45 and upward. Second-hand instruments from $40 to $175. Monthly installments received and instruments for rent. Warerooms No. 481 Broadway. HORACE WATERS.

A LARGE VARIETY OF FIRST-CLASS Pianofortes, "Patent Agraffe" treble, fully warranted six years, the finest instrument offered to the public can be had at the factory and warerooms of JENNYS & SON, No. 235 East 21st-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

PIANO-FORTES.—SECOND-HAND PIanos, comprising square, upright and grand, of various makers, all in thorough order, for sale at low prices, by CHICKERING & SONS, No. 11 East 14th-st., between Broadway and 5th-av.

THE MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN Company, manufacturers of first-class Organs only. The largest assortment in the country, at lowest prices, which are fixed and invariable; $50 to $1,000 each. Organs to rent. Warerooms, No. 596 Broadway.

RAVEN & BACON, (ESTABLISHED 1829,) Manufacturers of Grand and Square Pianofortes; warerooms, No. 646 Broadway, New-York. We are now exhibiting new scale Pianos, which are superior to any made. Call and examine before purchasing.

IF YOU WANT A GOOD PIANO, CHEAP, call at L. P. CUMMINGS' wareroom, 8 Union-sq. Sold on installments or rented, any way to suit customers. Only look at them before you decide elsewhere.

A YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE A few music pupils; terms, $10. Address C. W., No. 210 East 30th-st.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

DISSOLUTION.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership existing between LEOPOLD PECK and PHILIPP SCHULHOFF, under the firm name and style of PECK & SCHULHOFF, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due said partnership are to be collected and received by PHILIPP SCHULHOFF, who assumes the payment of all liabilities of said firm.
LEOPOLD PECK.
PHILIPP SCHULHOFF.
Dated NEW-YORK, Oct. 18, 1869.

OFFICE OF MORTON, BLISS & CO., New-York, Oct. 1, 1869.—Mr. WALTER H. BURNS retires this day from our New-York and London firms. MORTON, BLISS & CO.

Mr. WALTER WATSON (late Agent for the Bank of British North America, New-York,) is this day admitted a partner in our firm.
MORTON, BLISS & CO.
NEW-YORK, Oct. 1, 1869.

BARTHOLOMEW HOUSE BANK, LONDON, Oct. 1, 1869. }

The Hon. JOHN ROSE (late Minister of Finance for the Dominion of Canada) joins our firm this day, which will be continued under the style of MORTON, ROSE & CO. L. P. MORTON, BURNS & CO.

THE FIRM OF FATMAN & CO. having been dissolved by the death of JOSEPH FATMAN, the undersigned have formed a copartnership, and will continue the business as heretofore, under the firm name of FATMAN & CO.
LEWIS FATMAN.
NEW-YORK, Oct, 18, 1869. S. J. FATMAN.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PAPER HOUSES.

An extraordinary and important use for paper has been found in Chicago, where its utility as a building material has been recently tested, and fairly established. This building paper or pasteboard differs from ordinary paper in consistency, compactness and solidity. In the manufacture it is subjected to a pressure of hundreds of tons, which squeezes out the liquid matter, leaving a substance as hard as a shingle and about the same thickness. It supersedes the old and expensive institution of plastering. A house lined with this material is barricaded against damp, which induces cold and causes consumption and death. It leaves no interstices for the wind to penetrate, and it is impervious to the gnawing of vermin, and rats and mice seem to have an instinctive hatred of the saturated boards.

It is well known that paper is a non-conductor of heat and cold. Therefore, if houses are lined with paper they will be warm in Winter, because the non-conductor will not allow the heat to penetrate it and pass out, and be cooler in the Summer, because the outside heat will not be permitted to pass in. Moreover, this new material is very cheap. A house twenty-two feet long, sixteen wide and fourteen high, can be covered on the outside for less than $9, and a house thirty-six feet by twenty-two, and twenty feet high, for $20. The building can be done at any season, and can be finished with great speed, and there are said to be numerous other advantages connected with the use of the paper. For seaside cottages it would be just the thing.

For circulars and samples address ROCK RIVER PAPER COMPANY, Chicago, or B. E. HALE, Nos. 22 and 24 Frankfort-st., New-York, sole agent for the Eastern States.

HEATING.—CULVERS & SIMONDS' IMproved hot air hot water furnaces, the best, cheapest and most thoroughly tested in use. Registers and ventilators manufactured, put up and warranted by SIMONDS MFG. CO., successors to CULVER, SIMONDS & CO., No. 52 Cliff-st., N.Y. Established 1845.

FOR SALE—A BLACK-WALNUT PARTItion, with gas fixtures, at No. 59 Wall-st. (Room 23.)

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE,

Corner of 23d-st. and 8th-av.
JAMES FISK, Jr.................................Proprietor
THE GREATEST HIT YET.
The popular Irish comedian and dramatist,
EDMUND FALCONER,
(Author of "Peep o' Day," &c., &c.)
In his new Irish military drama, in four acts,
CHARLES O'MALLEY,
CHARLES O'MALLEY,
CHARLES O'MALLEY,
founded on Lever's popular romance,
THE IRISH DRAGOON.
THE IRISH DRAGOON.
THE IRISH DRAGOON.
MICKEY FREE.........EDMUND FALCONER
Supported by
LISA WEBER, ANNIE DELAND, H. TAYLOR.
EVERYTHING NEW.
POWERFUL CAST.
THE ENTIRE COMPANY,
100 AUXILIARIES,
BRASS BAND,
AND TROOP OF TWENTY
MOUNTED DRAGOONS.
EVERY EVENING and SATURDAY MATINEE.
GENERAL ADMISSION, 50 CENTS.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.

TWO PERFORMANCES THIS DAY.
MATINEE AT 2. EVENING AT 8.
MATINEE AT 2. EVENING AT 8.
MATINEE AT 2. EVENING AT 8.
THE STREETS OF NEW-YORK,
THE SUCCESS OF THE SEASON.
Splendid Company—Beautiful Scenery.
THE GREAT FIRE SCENE.
HOUSES CROWDED. SECURE YOUR SEATS.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

Lessees and Managers.......JARRETT & PALMER
WEDNESDAY, OCT. 20, 1869.
ENGAGEMENT FOR SIX NIGHTS ONLY.
MISS LUCILLE WESTERN,
Who will appear in her celebrated dual character of
LADY ISABEL..........and..........MME. VINE
in the play of
EAST LYNNE
supported by a powerful cast.
SATURDAY next, ONLY EAST LYNNE MATINEE.

THEATRE FRANCAIS—CHANFRAU.

LAST WEEK OF MR. F. S. CHANFRAU.
EVERY NIGHT AND SATURDAY MATINEE.
De Walden's sparkling comedy, SAM.
BRILLIANT COMPANY, GRAND ORCHESTRA.
NEW SCENERY AND APPOINTMENTS.
RECEIVED EVERY NIGHT with ENTHUSIASM.
FRIDAY NEXT, MR. CHANFRAU'S BENEFIT.

WOOD'S MUSEUM—SUCCESSOR TO BARNUM'S, BROADWAY, corner of 30th-st.
OPEN EVERY DAY FROM 9 A. M. TO 10 P. M.
LAST DAYS OF CHANG, the Chinese Giant. New Living Wonders always on view.

MATINEES Every Day.	Every Evening,
PEARL OF SAVOY.	FLICK FLOCK.
PEARL OF SAVOY.	FLICK FLOCK.
RAND SISTERS.	Mlle. RITA SANGALLI in five characters.
RAND SISTERS.	

AMERICAN INSTITUTE EXHIBITION.

OPEN DAILY FROM 9 A. M. TO 10 P. M.,
On 3d-av., corner 63d-st., near Central Park.
THE MACHINERY IN MOTION
is a grand display. The Exhibition is enlivened WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS, and EVERY EVENING by a FINE ORCHESTRA. Refreshments of the best kind at moderate prices in the building. Season tickets for gentlemen, $3; for ladies, $2; single admission, 50 cents; children under twelve years, 25 cents. Packages of 25 tickets for shops at 20 cents each. Entrances on 2d and 3d avs. HOW TO GET TO THE FAIR.—The 2d and 3d avs. and Belt Line Railroads, with extra cars running, intersecting all the other avenue railroads and ferries, afford ample, cheap, and direct means of access; also in carriages from Central Park by 62d-st.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.

NO. 585 BROADWAY.
Glorious reception. Hundreds turned away.
BIRCH, WAMBOLD, BERNARD and BACKUS,
SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS,
WITH NEW FACES,
NEW DECORATIONS,
NEW SONGS,
NEW DANCES,
NEW ACTS, NEW MUSIC, &c.

GRAND CONCERT AT IRVING HALL

SUNDAY, the 24th of October, and
MONDAY, the 25th of October,
by the
NORTH GERMAN CONCERT COMPANY.
"COUNT BISMARCK."
The programme will appear to-morrow.

TAMMANY TO-NIGHT—GREAT SUCCESS of Crusoe. Enthusiasm over Levy. Terrific sensation of the Leopolds and Rizarellis, uproar of mirth for the Lauris, new ballets, new scenery, new costumes, greatest performance in the world. Admission 50 cents.

TAMMANY.—GREAT FAMILY ROBINSON Crusoe Matinee Saturday next at 2 o'clock.

SOMERVILLE ART GALLERY.

CORNER 5TH-AV. AND 14TH-ST.
EXHIBITION OF PAINTINGS.
"THE NINE MUSES,"
By JOSEPH FAGNANI.
From 9 A. M. to 6 P. M. Evening from 7 to 10.
ADMISSION 25 CENTS.

TAMMANY.—GREAT SUCCESS OF THE Levy Sunday Concerts. Next Sunday eve., 35 cts.

THE TURF.

JEROME PARK.

EXTRA DAY, OCT. 23.
FIRST RACE.
STEEPLECHASE.—Handicap Sweepstakes of $25 each, play or pay, with $1,000 added, of which $250 to the second horse; the entrance money to go to the third horse. To close and name at the office of the American Jockey Club, No. 920 Broadway, by 4 P. M. on Thursday, 21st, and weights to be published on Friday, 22d October. Three or more to start. About two and a half miles.

SECOND RACE.
A FREE HANDICAP SWEEPSTAKES of $25 each, play or pay, with $600 added; one-half of the entrance money to go to the second horse. To close and name at the Course by 5 P. M. on Tuesday, Oct. 19; weights to be published on Thursday, Oct. 21; and declarations to be made by 4 P. M. on Friday, Oct. 22. One mile and three-quarters. Horses declared out pay nothing.

THIRD RACE.
SELLING SWEEPSTAKES of $15 each, play or pay, with $300 added; the winner to be sold at auction. Horses intended to be sold at $300 to be allowed 15 pounds; at $500 to be allowed 10 pounds; at $750 to be allowed 5 pounds; at $1,000 to carry their appropriate weights, and 5 pounds extra to be carried for each $250 or less of valuation over $1,000. Five or more subscriptions to fill. To close and name at the Course, by 4 P. M. on Friday, Oct. 22. One mile and an eighth.

FOURTH RACE.
PURSE $500, MILE HEATS, for all ages. Entrance free. Other races will probably be run on same day.
C. WHEATLY, Secretary.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

A SPLENDID TEAM OF HANDSOME black horses for sale—Full-blooded Black Hawk stock, long tails and manes, 15½ hands; sound, gentle and kind; stylish and prompt; go in three minutes; this is the handsomest team of road or family horses in the City. Address THOMPSON, Box No. 118 *Times* Office.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 16th day of October, A. D. 1869, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of ALBERT ELSASSER, LOUIS ELSASSER and HERMAN WORMS, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who have been adjudged bankrupts on their own petition; that the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupts, to them or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupts, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of their estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 83 Nassau-st., in the said City of New-York, before Edgar Ketchum, Register, on the 1st day of November, A. D. 1869, at 12 o'clock M.
FRANCIS C. BARLOW, U. S. Marshal, as Messenger, Southern District of New-York.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 18th day of October, A. D. 1869, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of JOHN JAMES STAFF and JOHN JAMES STAFF, Jr., of the City New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who have been adjudged bankrupts on their own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupts, to them, or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupts, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of their estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 57 Broadway, in the City of New-York, before Isaiah T. Williams, Register, on the 29th day of October, A. D. 1869, at 1 o'clock P. M.
FRANCIS C. BARLOW, U. S. Marshal, as Messenger Southern District of New-York.

NO. 2,502.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WILLIAM WILLIAMS, JAMES W. WILLIAMS and EDWIN D. PARKHURST, bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register in Bankruptcy. Southern District of New-York, ss.: At the City of New-York, the 1st day of October, A. D. 1869. To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of William Williams and James W. Williams, of Bergen, in the County of Union, State of New-Jersey, and Edwin D. Parkhurst, of Newark, in the County of Essex and State of New-Jersey, who carried on business for the six months next immediately preceding the filing of their petition in the City of New-York, within said district, who have been adjudged bankrupts upon their own petition by the District Court of said district.
VICTOR SCHOENIAN, No. 74 Reade-st., New-York, Assignee.
o6-1aw3wW*

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of DANIEL ROSENBOURGH, bankrupt.—In bankruptcy.—Before James T. Dwight, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of David Rosenbourgh, of New-York City, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 30th day of December, A. D. 1868.
JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee, No. 137 Broadway, New-York.
o20-1aw3wW*

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States, for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of EPHRAIM H. CUSHMAN, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Isaac Dayton, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of appointment of assignee of Ephraim H. Cushman, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 18th day of October, 1869.
JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee, No. 137 Broadway, New-York.
oc20-1aw3w*

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—THE 19TH INST., ON 20TH-ST., between 5th and 6th avs., or on 6th-av., between 19th and 22d sts., a GOLD LOCKET. A liberal reward will be paid for its return to MACY'S, corner of 6th-av. and 14th-st.

FATHER HYACINTHE.

Interesting Interview with Him Yesterday—His Future Movements—His Visitors and How He Receives Them.

The interest occasioned by the arrival of Le Père HYACINTHE was at its height yesterday, and frantic attempts were made by a host of persons to reach and have an interview with him. He could hardly have awaked from the slumber so grateful to him after his fatiguing journey, when he became aware that, for the time being, at least, the good people of this City were determined to give him no rest until their curiosity was satisfied. Early in the morning several gentlemen waited upon him for the purpose, it is said, of ascertaining whether he would accept a public welcome, which tender the worthy priest politely declined. After the departure of this deputation he signified his desire to pass the remainder of the day undisturbed. Several reporters from the sensational Press called and asked for him, but they were invariably disappointed in their endeavors, strict orders having been given to the servants to admit none into his room. The TIMES' representative, however, was more fortunate than the Bohemians. Having on Monday made an appointment with the renowned preacher-monk to call on him yesterday morning, the presentation of our reporter's card proved to be an open sesame to the presence, and entrance was forthwith accorded. Accompanying the TIMES' representative was Rev. Dr. FRENCH, the Episcopal Chaplain of the West Point Military Academy, to whom a cordial greeting was also extended by the Father. Dr. FRENCH having been introduced as an Episcopal clergyman, the Father remarked while holding his hand enclasped, "I hope we are all of the Church of Jesus Christ." The conversation then turned upon mutual friends in France. Of these, and especially of the Archbishop of Paris, HYACINTHE spoke with warmth and affection. We remarked that we also knew his friend, the Papal Nuncio LUIGI CHIGI, but were corrected somewhat hurriedly by our host remarking with a shrug of his shoulders, "He is not my friend; merely an acquaintance." Referring to his stay in this country, we ventured to express the hope that it might be a long one, but he said that it would hardly extend over more than three months. He had made many engagements, he said, which would necessarily occupy most of this time, but he had formed no regular programme to guide his movements. His future course, he remarked, will be guided by circumstances as they arise. When he departs from this country it will be for France. When we took our leave we received a kind and pressing invitation from the Father to call upon him again in the course of the week.

Subsequently we chatted with a gentleman who was introduced to us as Father HYACINTHE's fellow-passenger. He told us that the reverend gentleman had intimated to him that his future course with regard to assuming clerical duties on his return to France, depended in a great measure on the action of the Pope and the Ecumenical Council.

At 11 A. M., Father HYACINTHE left his hotel to call upon General DIX; but as that gentleman was in the country, the Father was prevented from seeing him. It is rumored that a deputation of Evangelical clergy from Boston are to arrive in this City to-day, for the purpose of tendering him a reception in that city. They are to be headed by Rev. Dr. KIRK. In the afternoon the Father visited the French Consul, with whom he dined, and was visited by Rev. Mr. BIGELOW, formerly pastor of the Evangelical Church in Paris, with whom he conversed for some time.

The rumor seems to have gained credence that Father HYACINTHE intends to preach, or in some public manner to define his position with regard to ecclesiastical matters during his sojourn in this country. Nothing is further from the fact. He has neither desire or intention, he says, to make any public appearance here; nor has he any thought of placing himself in opposition to the declared dogmas of the Church of Rome.

An evening journal remarks that a prominent Episcopal clergyman said yesterday, that Father HYACINTHE "cannot be admitted into any Episcopal pulpit without violating an express canon of that Church." It is said that Rev. Mr. VERREN, pastor of the French Episcopal Church *Du St. Esprit*, on being asked his opinion of Father HYACINTHE, and whether he would invite him to his pulpit, remarked emphatically "No, Sir; I will have nothing to do with that man!" All sorts of rumors are being circulated as to the alleged contemplated action of the Catholic clergy with regard to Father HYACINTHE's arrival here. Among other things it is reported that Father HECKER is to "interview" the great Carmelite to-day, and that he "will use his priestly offices to have him restored to his former *status* in the Church." Father HECKER leaves in the *Russia* to-day for Rome, in order to attend the Ecumenical Council as the representative of Right Rev. Dr. ROSECRANS, Bishop of the diocese of Columbus, Ohio.

Rev. Dr. IRENÆUS PRIME had an interview with Father HYACINTHE yesterday morning at the Fifth-avenue Hotel. Dr. PRIME expressed to Father HYACINTHE the great satisfaction which the Protestant clergy and all friends of religious liberty had experienced in the course which he felt himself constrained to take with reference to the Church of Rome, and declared that the sympathies of the entire Christian community were with Father HYACINTHE, whatever might be his present or prospective ecclesiastical position. To this the Father responded: "I shall esteem it an honor and a pleasure to become acquainted with all the Christian people of this country. I recognize the Protestant as well as the Catholic as the religion of Christ, and desire while I am in the United States to make myself thoroughly acquainted with the religious, social and political state of things. *Je reste un Catholic*—I remain a Catholic—but I resist the abuses of the Church." Dr. PRIME asked if while he (Père HYACINTHE) was in this country he would address public assemblies, remarking that the community would be greatly pleased to hear his utterances. Father HYACINTHE responded that he desired to remain quiet while he was here, and to observe without being heard. Referring to Dr. PRIME's christian name, "Irenæus," engraved on the *carte de visite*, Father HYACINTHE said in Greek: "It is peace—*Irene*—and your visit and expressions of sympathy have brought peace to my heart."

LOCAL POLITICS.

Tammany County Convention.

The Tammany Ring held their County Convention at the Wigwam last evening, which was filled with delegates comprising a full representation of all the wards. Mayor HALL was called on to preside, and made one of his characteristic speeches, in which he tickled the vanity of his hearers by telling them that he had that day been comparing a list of delegates to the Tammany Convention with a list of members of the Union League, and he found the former so much superior to the latter in ability and character that he had thrown the last list into the waste basket, while he had ordered the first to be bound in gilt and morocco to be placed in his library side by side with the album of distinguished foreigners lately presented to him by Marshal TOOKER.

GEO. H. PURSER offered a resolution, which was adopted, that the nominations for county officers be made by calling the roll of delegates from each ward and allowing each man to name the candidate of his choice.

In accordance with this resolution the name of JOHN R. BRADY for Judge of the Supreme Court was put before the Convention in a highly eulogistic speech by Judge CARDOZO, and warmly indorsed by Judge BARNARD. A call of the roll showed that the nomination was unanimous and it was so declared.

As there were about 200 delegates, it was apparent that if all the nominations were made in that manner, it would take all night; so Mayor HALL suggested that the resolution of Mr. TURNER was susceptible of a construction that would abbreviate the process, viz.: To allow one man from each ward to express the preference of the whole delegation from said ward. This suggestion met the approval of the Convention, and the nominations were then made with speed, and in perfect accordance with the programme previously agreed upon by the "Ring." The candidates nominated are as follows:

For Judge of the Supreme Court—John R. Brady.

For Judge of the Superior Court—John H. McCunn and Jno. J. Freedman for the full terms, and James C. Spencer for the vacancy.

For Judge of the Court of Common Pleas—Frederick W. Loew.

For Judge of the Marine Court—Michael C. Gross.

For Surrogate—Robert C. Hutchings.

For Recorder—John K. Hackett.

For District-Attorney—Samuel B. Garvin.

For Supervisor—Walter Roche.

For Coroner—William Schirmer.

Hon. L. D. KIERNAN, of the Twenty-first Ward, offered a resolution setting forth that as there were outside organizations claiming to be Democratic that had banded themselves together for the purpose of "strikes," and to sell their votes to the highest bidder; therefore any candidate receiving a nomination from Tammany who should pay money to these strikers in order to get their indorsement should be deemed to have forfeited his nomination, and his place on the ticket should be filled by a committee to be appointed for that purpose.

Mr. KIERNAN supported his resolution in a speech, in which he gave some hard hits, whether intentionally or not, to certain nominees of Tammany who have been running round town trying to get a nomination from these "outside" organizations.

The resolution was adopted, and the Committee appointed.

There had been a general inquiry in the Convention, after the nomination of JAS. C. SPENCER for the vacancy in the Superior Court, who JAS. C. SPENCER was, as no one except the Ring appeared to know the individual. Therefore, in order to gratify the prevailing curiosity, Mr. CORNELL, after all other business was finished, moved that a committee wait upon JAS. C. SPENCER and ask him to come to the Convention and show himself. The Committee was appointed accordingly, and [illegible] District-Attorney GARVIN [illegible] with a speech. For the [illegible] of our readers, it may be well to state that JAS. C. SPENCER is the lawyer who figured not long ago as the guardian of Miss LUCIA CHITTENDEN, in the suit to break the will of her father. By consulting the records of the Surrogate's Court the public can ascertain how he figured.

First District Republican Senatorial Nomination.

Yesterday afternoon the Republican delegates from Richmond, Queens and Suffolk Counties, comprising the First Senatorial District, convened in Jamaica. C. C. NORVELL, of Richmond, was chosen President, and L. B. PRINCE Secretary. On the informal ballot the following names were presented: GILBERT C. DEANE, of Richmond; L. B. PRINCE and JOHN B. MADDEN, of Queens; GEORGE F. CARMAN and ALFRED WAGSTAFF, of Richmond. On the first formal ballot Mr. DEANE received twenty-five votes, and was subsequently unanimously nominated. The Democratic nominee is SAMUEL H. FROST, of Richmond, and the Republicans claim that, owing to the dissensions in the ranks of their opponents, they can elect their candidates.

Mozart Hall Nominations.

At a meeting of the delegates, held last evening, at the Park Hotel, Third-avenue and One Hundred and Twenty-first-street, the following county ticket was nominated:

Supreme Court—Thos. W. Clerke.
Superior Court—M. T. McMahon, John J. Freedman, Roswell T. Hatch.
Justice Common Pleas—Geo. Shea.
Marine Court—M. C. Gross.
District-Attorney—John H. Anthon.
Supervisor—Jacob Cohen.
Coroner—Nelson W. Young.
Surrogate—James Gibbons.
Recorder—Charles Price.
Senator—Henry W. Genet.
Twenty-first Assembly District—William J. McCarthy.
Nineteenth Assembly District—Thos. C. Fields.

Republican Judiciary Nominations.

The Republican Judiciary Convention met last evening at the corner of Broadway and Twenty-second-street. The report of the Committee was read, announcing the following ticket: For Supreme Court Judge, Hon. ERASTUS C. BENEDICT; for Judges of the Superior Court, FREEMAN J. FITHIAN, CHAS. GOEPP and SAMUEL C. REED; for the Court of Common Pleas, ELIAH H. HULL; for Marine Court, CHARLES T. POLHEMUS, and for Recorder, DORMAN B. EATON.

A motion that the name of Judge CLERKE be substituted for that of ERASTUS C. BENEDICT, called forth much debate. It was lost, only two voting for it. The original ticket was then adopted.

Roswell D. Hatch Club in the Nineteenth Assembly District.

A club thus named was formed last Saturday evening in the interest of Mr. HATCH as their nominee for member of Assembly, against Mr. THOMAS C. FIELDS, who has within a few weeks only moved into the district. Mr. GOLDING made a speech, in which he strenuously opposed the election of Mr. FIELDS and advocated the claims of Mr. HATCH.

The Republican Mass Meeting To-Night.

Great preparations have been made for the grand mass meeting of the Republicans at Cooper Institute to-night. Governor GEARY, General JOHN COCHRANE, General JAS. L. KIERNAN, Major JAMES HAGGERTY and other leading Republicans will address the meeting. Grafulla's Band will furnish the music.

Nomination for Assemblyman in the Tenth District.

The German independent organization of the Tenth Assembly District, at No. 174 Third-street, last night nominated CHRISTOPHER FLECKE for Assemblyman.

Fifth Assembly District Nomination.

At a meeting of the Constitutional Union of the above District, held on Monday evening, Mr. PETER MITCHELL was nominated for member of Assembly.

False Revenue Returns by Long Island Railroad Companies.

Supervisor DUTCHER, of New-York, has recently been investigating the affairs of certain railroad companies in that State, and reports to the Internal Revenue Bureau that an examination of the New-York and Flushing, the Flushing and Northshore, and the Flushing and Northside Railroads, now under one management, and located in the First District, shows that they had not made proper returns of dividends, interests, and undistributed profits, due February and August, 1869. Upon these amounts, not returned, is due the five percentum tax, which will amount to $2,000, to which there will be added fifty per centum penalty and an assessment of four fines of $1,000 each for not making proper returns. Other revenue officers report that, having examined the accounts of the Brooklyn City Railroads of the Third District, they found that the Companies omitted to return the interest on the bonds due August, 1868, and February and August, 1869, and that they had made erroneous returns of the dividends on the undistributed profits for the same periods. The tax, due with 100 per centum added for false returns, will amount to $17,000, with three fines of $1,000 each. The Supervisor also examined the accounts of the Coney Island and Brooklyn City Railroad Company in the Second District, and found erroneous returns of small amounts only. Commissioner DELANO has directed the Assessor to assess these taxes, penalties and fines against these roads, and ordered Collectors to collect the same.

Base Ball—Atlantics vs. Mutuals—Defeat of the Former.

The Mutuals and Atlantics played their return game yesterday, at the Union Grounds, in the presence of many spectators, in spite of the weather, which made standing uncomfortable. In the first game the Atlantics were victorious, but yesterday they were outplayed by the Mutuals and defeated. The match was rather a singular one, as the score shows, the Atlantics being "whitewashed" for six innings in succession. The Mutuals won the game in the first two innings. Below is the summary:

INNINGS.

	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th.	6th.	7th.	8th.	9th.	
Mutuals	4	5	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	—12
Atlantics	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	—5

Umpire—Mr. MARTIN, of the Eckfords.

LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF.

New-York.

The anniversary of the American Bible Union will be observed to-day in the church corner of Oliver and Henry streets. The exercises will be of an interesting character. A number of prominent divines are to be present and address the Union.

On Monday night JAMES BOLTON was assaulted in Mott-street by THOMAS COLLINS and MARTIN WILLIAMS, who caught him by the throat and forcibly took possession of a gold watch and $60 which he carried in his vest pocket. Both the highwaymen were arrested.

Police Superintendent KENNEDY yesterday issued an order directing the Police force, in accordance with the resolution passed by the Police Commissioners, to coöperate with the Brooklyn Fire Department in protecting property and preventing violations of the law.

An inquest was held yesterday in the case of an unknown man, of German birth, who drowned himself in the East River on Sunday evening, after requesting a boy to go to the nearest Police Station and inform them that a man had committed suicide by leaping off the dock. Verdict accordingly.

Mr. JOHN E. MERRILL, proprietor of the Washington Hotel, No. 1 Broadway, yesterday caused the arrest of JOHN BISHOP, who had run up a bill of $153 13 for board and lodging from Sept. 20 until yesterday. As BISHOP confessed that he had no money, he was arraigned before Justice HOGAN, who held him for trial for violating the Hotel act.

Last evening a reception was held by the New-York Chapter of the American Institute of Architects, at their new rooms, No. 925 Broadway. About 200 persons were present. The reception rooms and library were decorated with numerous sketches and designs by Messrs. GILMAN, HOLLY, PFEIFFER, UPJOHN and other well-known architects. The reception was intended principally to commemorate the opening of the Architectural Library. The Chapter, which has been established three years, at present numbers fifty members. Mr. R. M. HUNT is President, and Mr. A. J. BLOOR, Secretary.

Brooklyn.

The pews in the Bedford-avenue Reformed Church, (Rev. Dr. PORTER, Pastor,) were offered to the highest bidders on Monday evening. The first choice was made by NICHOLAS WYCKOFF, Esq., President of the First National Bank, Williamsburg, at a premium of $325; the second was taken by JONATHAN S. BURR at $200; the third by W. D. CORNELL at $200; the fourth by ADAM CRAIG at $125, and the fifth by DANIEL GODWIN at $105. A large number were taken at premiums ranging from $55 to $5.

The corner stone of St. Thomas' Protestant Episcopal Church, on Greene-avenue, was laid yesterday by Right Rev. A. N. LITTLEJOHN, D. D., assisted by the pastor, Rev. ALVAH GUION. Addresses were made by Rev. Drs. SCHENCK and PADDOCK. The church will be frame, eighty-four feet long by thirty-two feet wide, and is calculated to seat 600 persons. It will be finished on or about the 20th of December.

About 7 o'clock last evening a fire broke out in the cotton packing factory of GOODWIN & MYERS, Nos. 23 and 25 North First-street, E. D., which was damaged to the amount of $150.

The Union General Committee, last evening, [illegible] a public ratification meeting, to be held at their headquarters, on Wednesday evening, Oct. 27 inst.

New-Jersey.

The corner-stone of the Methodist Episcopal Church, on Washington-street, Hoboken, N. J., will be laid by Bishop JANES to-day, at 2:30 P. M. Addresses will be made by Bishop JANES, Rev. A. L. BRICE, R. R. MEREDITH, of St. Paul's; J. K. BURR, of Central Church, Newark; L. R. DUNN, of St. Paul's, Jersey City; T. H. SMITH, of Trinity, Staten Island; JOHN R. TERRY, Esq., New-York, and others.

A course of lectures will be delivered before the Young Men's Christian Association of Elizabeth, N. J., as follows: Miss OLIVE LOGAN, "Girls," Oct. 20, 1869; Mr. JOHN B. GOUGH, "Lights and Shadows of London Life," Nov. 8, 1869; Rev. J. H. VINCENT, "From Chicago to Jerusalem," Nov. 17, 1869; Mr. GEO. VANDENHOFF, reading, Dec. 1, 1869; Rev. STEPHEN H. TYNG, Jr., "Bulls and Bears," Dec. 15, 1869; HUTCHINSON Family, singing, Jan. 5, 1870; Colonel THOS. W. KNOX, "Six Months in Siberia," Jan. 19, 1870.

The Police of Bergen are engaged in arresting liquor dealers who have no license. Eight or ten have already been arrested, and as many more warrants are on hand that have not been served.

A trotting match for $150 a side took place on the Seacaucus Course on Monday, between two horses, one owned by Mr. BERNARD COLES, of Hackensack, and the other by Mr. J. BURR, of Hoboken. BURR's mare won the three-mile heats in 2:37½, 2:43 and 2:54.

CUBA.

Late Operations Recounted from Official Information.

We print as valuable, because coming from reliable Spanish sources, the subjoined facts in regard to recent operations in Cuba:

DISTRICT OF CUBA.

On the 26th of September the column under General JUAN SA EZ IZQUIRDO, 292 men strong, and a detachment of artillery with two guns, attacked Generals MARMOL and JORDAN and Brigadier FONSECA, who had encamped on the borders of the Canto River, between Canto-Abajo and Palma-Soriano. Firing began at 7 A. M. and lasted until 3 P. M. in a space of five leagues. The insurgents were routed in all directions; their quarters were destroyed, as also for want of transportation all goods therein. The Spaniards had eleven wounded, including four officers, and five bruised. The rebel loss is estimated at eighty dead and a corresponding number of wounded.

Some troops from Cuba, in combination with others from Guantinamo, met the insurgents near the plantation called Pellicer. They killed ten, wounded several, and captured thirty horses loaded with provisions, arms and Peabody ammunition. The troops sustained no loss.

A band of insurgents was overtaken at the plantation Hatillo, where they left eight men dead; another band in the plantation Santa Rita had five dead and several wounded.

OPERATIONS IN SIERRA MAESTRA.

Several skirmishes took place on the 20th and 21st, and the insurgents lost eleven men killed and three prisoners. The leader, ANTONIO MATAMORAS, delivered himself up with eight armed men.

OPERATIONS ON EL CONTRA MAESTRA.

A band of twenty-two insurgents was beaten on the Fututo Hill and left three dead and eight prisoners. The column which routed them defeated in Tagua the band commanded by the rebel leader DON JOSE PABLO FAMAYO, who was killed in the encounter, and the troops captured arms, documents and provisions. In the Buena Vista plantation the rebels lost three dead and five prisoners. Several families surrendered to the troops.

DISTRICT OF GUANTANAMO.

A band of insurgents, under command of RUSTAN and GONZALES, was routed at Mayagua, leaving five dead and several wounded.

DISTRICT OF HOLGUIN.

The rebel chief VARGAS shot an insurgent who attempted to deliver himself up with other men. VARGAS was afterward killed in an encounter. The band that attacked Sarna, and was repulsed, met a column of troops going to aid the garrison of the aforesaid village, and was routed by them, leaving five dead and several wounded. The troops captured ten pistols, thirty-two bayonets, nine spears and forty horses.

The company of Guias de Madrid which left Holguin for Puerto Padre, caused the rebels heavy losses, and combined with a detachment from the latter place, captured many horses and 500 sheep. There is great uneasiness in that district for want of provisions.

OPERATIONS ON LAS TUNAS.

Two convoys with provisions and ammunition for the use of the garrison of Las Tunas for two months, reached that place in five days. The first one from El Cauto encountered a stubborn resistance from the insurgents in the Salado Pass. The rebels were strongly intrenched on the opposite border. The fortifications were taken, but the convoy employed twenty-four hours in crossing the river on account of its high waters. Another severe encounter was had before reaching Las Tunas, but the insurgents were repulsed. The second convoy only exchanged a few shots with the rebels. The garrison of Las Tunas, consisting of 200 men, entirely exhausted from hunger and fatigue, was replaced by fresh forces, as they will probably need a long time to recover from their fatigue.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON, Oct. 19—11 A. M.—Consols open at 93¾ for both money and the account. American Securities open quiet; Five-twenties, 1862, 82; 1865, old, 81¾; 1867, 83¾; Ten-forties, 76¾. Stocks steady; Erie, 20; Illinois, 96; Atlantic and Great Western, 24.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 19—11 A. M.—COTTON—The market opens firm; Middling Uplands, 12¼d.@12½d.; Middling Orleans, 12¾d.@12⅞d. The sales of the day are estimated at 12,000 bales. The shipments of Cotton from Bombay to the 9th inst., since the last report, (according to private advices,) have been 15,000 bales.

LONDON, Oct. 19—1 P. M.—American Securities are dull; Five-twenty Bonds, 1862, 81¾. Eries, 20¼; Atlantic and Great Western, 24¾.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 19—1 P. M.—The market for Yarns and fabrics at Manchester is firmer.

BREADSTUFFS—Wheat, 10s. 7d. ⅌ cental for California White, and 9s. 9d. for Winter. Corn, 29s. ⅌ quarter for New Mixed Western. The receipts of Wheat for the last three days have been 25,000 quarters; American, 20,000 quarters.

Turpentine, 27s. 3d. ⅌ cwt.

FRANKFORT, Oct. 19—1:30 P. M.—United States Five-twenty Bonds open heavy at 88⅛ for the issue of 1862.

PARIS, Oct. 19—1:30 P. M.—The Bourse opens steady. Rentes, 71f. 12c.

PARIS, Oct. 19—3:30 P. M.—The Bourse closed flat.

ANTWERP, Oct. 19.—Petroleum closed quiet at 59¾f.

LONDON, Oct. 19—4 P. M.—Consols, 93¾ for both money and the account. American Securities are quiet; Five-twenties, 82 for the issue of 1862, and 81¾ for 1865.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—The weather to-day is stormy.

LONDON, Oct. 19—4:30 P. M.—Consols close at 93¾ for both money and the account. United States Securities are quiet; Five-twenties, 82 for the issue of 1862, 81¾ for 1865, and 83¾ for 1867; Ten-forties, 76¾. Erie Railway Shares, 20¾; Illinois Centrals, 95; Atlantic and Great Western, 25.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 19—4:30 P. M.—Cotton closed at 12¼d.@12½d. for Middling Uplands, and 12¾d.@12⅞d. for Middling Orleans. The sales of the day have been 12,000 bales, including 4,000 for export and speculation.

BREADSTUFFS—Wheat, 10s. 8d. ⅌ cental for California White, and 9s. 5d. for No. 2 Red Western. Flour, 24s. 3d. ⅌ bbl, for Western Canal. Corn, 29s. 6d. ⅌ quarter for European.

LONDON, Oct. 19—4:30 P. M.—Sugar is firmer both on spot and afloat, but prices are unchanged.

HAVRE, Oct. 19—6 P. M.—Cotton closed quiet and steady both on the spot and afloat. Low Middling afloat, 137f. ⅌ cwt.

FRANKFORT, Oct. 19—Evening.—Bonds closed heavy; Five-twenties, 87⅞@88 for the old issue.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—EXCHANGE weak and unchanged. FLOUR firm and less active at $4 50@$6 for Spring Extras. WHEAT—No. 1 steady; sales at $1 07@$1 08; No. 2, $1 03¼@$1 03½; in the afternoon dull at $1 04¼, buyer, and $1 03, seller, October. CORN quiet and firm; No. 2, 88c.@88¼c.; in the afternoon dull at 88c.@88¼c., seller October. RYE active and easier at 80c. for No. 1; 77½c.@78c. for No. 2. OATS firm at 42c., cash, for No. 2. BARLEY dull and nominal; No. 2, sellers at $1 22. HIGHWINES quiet at $1 11. PROVISIONS firm. PORK, $31 25@$31 50; sales at $28 50@$28 75, seller January. LARD quiet at 17¼c. Green HAMS, 12¼c. CATTLE firmer and dull at $3 62@$4 75 for Common to Good Cows; $5 30@$6 50 for Fair to Medium Steers. HOGS less active and lower; $8 80@$9 25 for Common; $9 40 for Extra Choice. FREIGHTS dull. RECEIPTS—8,500 bbls. Flour, 100,000 bushels Wheat, 52,000 bushels Corn, 46,000 bushels Oats, 5,000 bushels Rye, 6,000 bushels Barley, 2,400 Hogs. SHIPMENTS—8,500 bbls. Flour, 34,000 bushels Wheat, 156,000 bushels Corn, 73,000 bushels Oats, 2,400 bushels Barley, 1,500 Hogs.

OSWEGO, Oct. 19.—FLOUR is steady but unchanged; sales 1,500 bbls. at $6 50 for No. 1 Spring; $6 75 for Amber Winter; $7 25 for White, and $7 50 for Double Extra. WHEAT dull; sales 3,000 bushels Red Winter State at $1 30, and 3,500 bushels No. 1 Milwaukee Club, in lots, at $1 30. CORN steady; sales 2,400 bushels No. 2 at 85c. BARLEY quiet; sales last night, 16,000 bushels prime Up-lake Canada at $1 25. CORNMEAL, $2 25 ⅌ cwt. MILLFEED steady; Shorts, $20; Shipstuffs, $26; Middlings, $32@$33 ⅌ ton. Canal FREIGHTS—Wheat, 20c.; Barley, 16½c. to New-York; Lumber, $5 to the Hudson. Railroad FREIGHTS—Flour to Boston, 80c.; to New-York, 70c., and to Albany 62c. Lake IMPORTS—3,500 bushels Barley, 386,000 feet of Lumber. Canal EXPORTS—1,900 bbls. Flour, 2,000 bushels Wheat, 1,000 bushels Corn, 19,000 bushels Barley, 257,000 feet of Lumber.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 19.—TOBACCO—Common grades easier; Planters' Lugs, $8 50@$9 50; Dark Leaf, $9 75@$12 50. COTTON quiet and unchanged. FLOUR quiet and unchanged. WHEAT quiet and unchanged. CORN dull; Choice White, in bulk, 82c.; Yellow, 83c.@84c.; White, 88c.@90c. OATS firmer at 48c.@50c. BARLEY declined 5c.@10c. RYE declining; sales at 75c.@83c. WHISKY steady at $1 15. PORK dull; held $30 50@$31. BACON, 17c.@17½c. for Shoulders; 20c. for Clear Rib Sides; 20¼c. for Clear Sides. LARD, 17¼c. for tierce; 19½c. for keg. CATTLE unchanged. Live HOGS active at $9@$10 for fat. RECEIPTS—Flour, 7,000 bbls.; Wheat, 30,000 bushels; Corn, 2,300 bushels; Oats, 13,080 bushels; Barley, 20,000 bushels; Rye, 2,300 bushels; Hogs, 1,000 head.

ALBANY, Oct. 19.—WHEAT is dull and entirely neglected; the offerings consist mainly of medium qualities of White. RYE is quiet; State nominally quoted at $1 17@$1 20. CORN is without important change, with a moderate supply and limited demand; sales 1,800 bushels at [illegible] for Western Mixed, [illegible] for Western Yellow. BARLEY continues to [illegible]

NEW-ORLEANS, Oct. 19.—COTTON [illegible] Middling [illegible] sales, 2,500 bales; [illegible] exports to [illegible], 1,464 bales; [illegible] coastwise, 3,237 bales. FLOUR lower at [illegible] for Superfine, Extra and Double [illegible]. BRAN, $1 27½. HAY dull and [illegible] $27. PORK lower; Mess $32. BACON [illegible] ½c.@21c.@21½c. for Shoulders, Clear Rib and [illegible]. SUGAR—3 hhds. of new [illegible]. MOLASSES—[illegible] ⅌ gallon. [illegible] STERLING [illegible] New-York sight EXCHANGE, ⅛@⅜ ⅌ cent discount.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 19.—FLOUR in moderate demand; Family, [illegible]. WHEAT firm, with a light demand. CORN dull at 87c.@88c. OATS dull at 50c.@56c., the latter price for White. RYE firm and in light supply at 90c. COTTON firmer; Middling, 25½c.; the demand equals the supply. WHISKY quiet at $1 15. PORK dull at $31; but little doing. LARD dull, with a limited jobbing demand; sales at 17¼c.@17½c. Bulk MEATS—None in the market. BACON lower; sales of Shoulders at 16¾c.; Clear Sides at 19¾c. EXCHANGE dull and unchanged; good deal coming from the South.

TOLEDO, Oct. 19.—FLOUR quiet. WHEAT quiet and lower; No. 1 Red, $1 17; No. 2 Red, $1 13¼. CORN dull and lower; No. 1, 78c.; No. 3, 77c. OATS declining; No. 1, 46c.; No. 2, 44c.@45c. RECEIPTS—5,500 bbls. Flour, 30,000 bushels Wheat, 2,600 bushels Corn, 6,000 bushels Oats, 3,200 bushels Barley. SHIPMENTS—1,000 bbls. Flour, 20,000 bushels Wheat, 13,000 bushels Corn, 7,000 bushels Oats.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 19.—COTTON dull and nominal. FLOUR quiet; Superfine, $4 75. WHEAT quiet; Red, $1 10; White, $1 15. CORN, 85c. OATS, 50c. RYE, 90c. TOBACCO steady; sales 104 hhds. at $7@$16 58. PROVISIONS very firm. Mess PORK, $31 75. BACON—Clear Rib Sides, 17¾c.; Clear Sides, 20½c.@20¾c. LARD, 18¾c. WHISKY, $1 15.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 19.—COTTON dull; Middling nominally 26c.; no sales. FLOUR active and in good demand, but prices entirely unchanged. WHEAT firm; Prime to Choice, $1 50@$1 55. CORN—White, $1 20; Yellow, $1 15. OATS, 58c.@61c. RYE, $1 15@$1 18. PROVISIONS unchanged in every respect. WHISKY in good demand at $1 21.

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 19.—FLOUR quiet and unchanged. WHEAT steady at $1 08 for No. 1; $1 02 for No. 2. OATS firm; No. 2, 41c. CORN firm at 73c. for No. 2. Grain FREIGHTS firm at 8c. to Buffalo, 13½c. to Oswego. RECEIPTS—3,000 bbls. Flour, 113,000 bushels Wheat, 2,000 bushels Oats. SHIPMENTS—4,000 bbls. Flour, 173,000 bushels Wheat.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 19.—Beef CATTLE—Receipts 1,745 head; sales of extra at $13 50@$13 75; first quality at $12@$13; second quality, $11@$12; third quality, $8@$10 50. SHEEP and LAMBS—Receipts 14,092 head. There is a full supply, and many lots were of good quality. Prices have declined. Sales of extra at $3 75@$4 50.

MEMPHIS, Oct. 19.—COTTON firmer; Middling, 24½c.; receipts, 1,172 bales; exports, 1,709 bales. FLOUR steady; Superfine, $5@$5 50. CORN—New, 80c.; Old, held at $1 00@$1 08. OATS, 62c. PORK, $33 50. LARD, 19½c.@21c. BACON firm; Shoulders, 17¾c. Sides, 21¼c.@21¾c.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 19.—WHEAT dull; No. 1 Red, $1 19; No. 2 Red, $1 16@$1 17. CORN quiet and nominally unchanged. OATS steady and unchanged. RYE quiet; held at 95c.@$1 for No. 1; 90c. for No. 2. BARLEY nominal.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 19.—Spirits of TURPENTINE steady, but the stock is light; sales at 41c. RESIN firmer at $1 60@$4 50. Crude TURPENTINE steady at $1 60. TAR unchanged. COTTON firmer; Middlings, 25c.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Oct. 19.—The COTTON market was very active, and prices were a shade firmer, but not quotably higher; sales, 840 bales; receipts, 973 bales; Middling, 24½c.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Oct. 19.—There was a good demand for COTTON, and the market closed very firm; receipts, 3,075 bales; exports, 2,439 bales; sales, 650 bales; Middling, 25¼c.

MOBILE, Ala., Oct. 19.—COTTON was in good demand and closed firm; sales 900 bales; Middling, 24⅞c.; receipts 785 bales; exports 922 bales.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Oct. 19.—COTTON firm; the stock is light; sales, 450 bales; Middling, 25⅛c.; receipts, 1,874 bales; exports coastwise, 1,576 bales.

DETROIT, Oct. 19.—FLOUR steady at $5 75@$6 75. WHEAT dull and unchanged. OATS, 46c. BARLEY very firm at $2 ⅌ cwt.

Philadelphia Stock Board.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 19.—Stocks dull; Pennsylvania State 6s. 100; Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, 28¾; Reading Railroad, 48⅛; Pennsylvania Railroad, 56⅛. Gold, 130.

[Advertisement.]

A.—In Autumn, nature puts on her best attire, and displays her choicest charms. At the same gorgeous season KNOX, of No. 212 Broadway, issues his Fall fashions in Hats, and thereby wins golden opinions from the general public. An accepted criterion of good taste and wise judgment is shown in the wearing of KNOX's hats.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FROM EUROPE.

Rhein	Oct. 12	Southampton	New-York.

FOR EUROPE.

Etna	Oct. 19	New-York	Liverpool.
Silesia	Oct. 19	New-York	Hamburg.
Russia	Oct. 20	New-York	Liverpool.
Idaho	Oct. 20	New-York	Liverpool.
Deutschland	Oct. 21	New-York	Bremen.
Tripoli	Oct. 21	New-York	Liverpool.
Atalanta	Oct. 23	New-York	London.
City of Antwerp	Oct. 23	New-York	Liverpool.
France	Oct. 23	New-York	Liverpool.

FOR HAVANA AND RIO.

Columbia	Oct. 21	New-York	Havana.
Merrimack	Oct. 23	New-York	Rio.

Departure of Foreign Mails.

WEDNESDAY.

Mails for Europe, *via* Liverpool, by the *Russia*, close at the General Post Office at 12 M., and supplementary mail for *paid* letters on the pier in Jersey City at 1:30 P. M.

Closing of Domestic Mails.

North, Poughkeepsie Way	5 A. M.; 2 P. M.
North, through *via* H. R. R. R. and New-York Central	5 A. M.; 4:30, 9 P. M.
North Way, *via* Harlem R. R., Chatham Four Corners	5 A. M.
East, *via* New-Haven	5 A. M.; 1:30, 6 P. M.
East, *via* Newport	4 P. M.
East, New-Haven Way	5 A. M.; 2:30 P. M.
East, Fall River, rail	6 P. M.
South, Through	7 A. M.; 7:30 P. M.
Philadelphia Way	5 A. M.; 4:30 P. M.
West Mail, through to Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Louisville, Indianapolis, Columbus, Chicago, St. Paul, St. Joseph, Salt Lake and Denver	7 A. M.; 6:30 P. M.
West Mail, through to Cleveland, Toledo, and by A. & G. Western R. R. to Franklin and Meadville, Penn., &c	5 A. M.; 4:30 P. M.

Passengers Arrived.

OCT. 19.—*In steamship Java, from Liverpool.*—Mr. Frisbee, lady and son, Mr. and Mrs. Pikton, John Bawner, Miss Armstrong, Mrs. Walker and child, M. Shackersy and servant, Miss Moses, Mr. and Mrs. Fairchild, Mr. and Mrs. Hefate, Miss Hefate, Miss Jackson, Mr. and Mrs. Wigg, Mrs. Beddle and servant, E. Davis, E. Lewis, Mr. and Mrs. B. Evans, Mr. and Mrs. Tell, son and daughter, Mr., Mrs. and Miss Hart, Mr. Courtland and brother, Mr. and Mrs. De Cordova, Mr. and Mrs. Cook and 5 children, Dr. Maury, W. Watson, Dr. Cummings and lady, Mr. Groesbeck and 2 daughters, Mr. Heinmann, Mr. Rutherford, Mr. Goeg, Mr. and Mrs. Spence, E. Walker, Mr. Sunblad, B. H. Glynn, Mr. and Mrs. Graff, Mrs. Volgamuth, 3 children and nurse, Mr. Godfrey, C. Page, Mr. and Mrs. C. Harney, S. L. Avory, S. Homans, Mr. and Mrs. C. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. Weaver, Mr. and Mrs. J. Anderson, Mrs. G. A. Holt, Mr. and Mrs. Dunning, Mr. and Mrs. Farley, Miss Skillman, M. Wab, Mr. and Mrs. Hayes, Mr. Dulman, Mr. Stewart, General Porter, Mr. Le Blanc, Mr. La Tass and son, Mr. Jennings, F. Butterfield, Mr. Bach, Mr. Oliphant, S. C. Glass, Mr. Acho, Mr. and Mrs. Blackstrong, Mrs. Curtis, Miss Curtis, Mr. and Mrs. Kelly, E. V. Booth, Mr. Babcock, Mr. Pix, Mr. Daphfro, Mr. Parker, Mr. Davis, Miss Richards.

OCT. 18.—*In steamship Holsatia, from Hamburg.*—Sigismund Kauffmann, wife and child, S. Kauffmann and wife, M. Goldmann, wife and 4 children, B. Janentzki and servant, Betty Dormitzer, J. Watermann, wife and 2 children, Caroline Moswedel, A. Hammacher, wife, 2 children and servant, Leopold Haas, A. Brown, Mrs. A. Mills, August Herrlich, Carl L. Hain, C. L. Nunnenkamp and wife, Alex. Soehlmann, C. J. Mestern and wife, Hermann Poelchau, Fritz Schellhaas, Mrs. Elliger and son, Richard Schubert and wife, Chas. Colman, Mrs. Emma Rappaport and 2 children, A. Schweitzer.

In steamship Champion, from Charleston.—B. Fagle, Thomas Chalmers, wife and 4 children, J. Lantwell, H. Haeslop, J. E. Richards, W. W. Lyon, C. T. Lee, Wm. Vandenburg, Pat. Quinn, E. Wiley, G. W. Steffins, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Read, T. G. Budd and child, P. G. Rockwell, Mrs. Westly, George Walker.

In steamship Huntsville, from Savannah.—Miss Cora Livingston, A. Harig, M. Herne, Miss E. Lavalle, Captain Mansfield.

In steamship Tybee, from St. Domingo City.—Clinton Hunter, David Coen, J. Bernal, A. Drittgen, Chas. Craig, M. A. Coen, Mrs. M. C. Gabb.

Passengers Sailed.

OCT. 19.—*In steamship Silesia, for Hamburg.*—Geo. S. Drake, wife and child, L. G. Pratt and wife, E. H. Pendleton, Dr. Engel Reimers and wife, Miss Amy M. Fay, Miss Rosa Heyne, S. Meyerheim, Colonel C. C. Sheals, Mrs. George H. Pendleton, children and maid, Miss Alice Keys, Wm. Edwin Riley, G. H. Jones, Mme. De Pereguax and maid, F. Von Bernuth, wife and infant, Louis Sommerhoff, M. Nelson, Nathan Keller, M. Poirier, S. R. Saxon, Arnold Flesh, Sam. Strauss, Dr. H. N. Spencer, John Deyser, F. A. Dari, Mrs. Caroline Blaich, Mrs. Johanna Moris, and others in the steerage.

OCT. 19.—*In steamship Etna, for Liverpool.*—Mrs. Skrine, Miss Rodman, Mrs. Bass, Mrs. James Hoskiss, Miss Wheeler, Miss Sawers, Mrs. T. G. Budd and child, Mrs. Hill and 3 children, Rev. Alex. Ross, Rev. Wm. Stewart, Mrs. S. A. White, John Bartatty, C. D. Lewis, Lieutenant Ardagh, Miss Mary Gerdwood, Major Fielding and wife, John C. Coleman, A. J. Stokes, Mrs. J. C. Lornline and infant, J. C. Lornline, A. C. Morton.

NEWS PACKAGES FOR THE PRESS

Captains and pursers of vessels arriving at this port are requested to deliver packages addressed to the New-York Associated Press, only to parties exhibiting the written authority of J. W. Simonton, General Agent.

News packages for the *Journal of Commerce, Times, Tribune, World, Sun, Express, Evening Post, Commercial Advertiser, Staats Zeitung* and *New-Yorker Demokrat*, should also be delivered only to the same parties.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.
Sun rises.... 6 16 | Sun sets....... 5 13 | Moon rises. 5 40
HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.
Sandy Hook. 7 11 | Gov. Island. 8 00 | Hell Gate.. 9 22

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....TUESDAY, Oct. 19.

Cleared.

Steamships Russia, (Br.,) Lott, Liverpool via Queenstown, E. G. Francklyn; Etna, (Br.,) Lock[illegible] [illegible] and Halifax, J. G. Dale; [illegible] V. P. Clyde; [illegible] Wallace, Philadelphia, J. W. Cooper; [illegible] Lee, Dearborn, Savannah, Murray, Ferris & Co.; James Adger, Lockwood, Charleston, H. R. Morgan & Co.; Niagara, Blakeman, Norfolk, City Point and Richmond, Old Dominion Steamship Co.

Barks Montreal, (Br.,) Smith, Liverpool, Snow & Burgess; W. H. Jenkins, (Br.,) Hilton, Havre, Boyd & Hincken; Bolivia, Whiteberry, Aspinwall, Panama Railroad Co.; Clara Brown, Osgood, Havana, Gerhard & Norton.

Brigs Scio, (Br.,) Brown, Arroyo, P. R., Miller & Houghton; Excelsior, Mayer, Hamilton, Bermuda, D. McCall.

Schrs. W. R. Beebe, Lozier, Savannah, N. L. McCready & Co.; Hawes, Jackson, Philadelphia, H. W. Jackson & Co.; Agnes, Blair, Cardenas, J. E. Ward & Co.; F. J. Lockwood, St. John, Wilmington, N. C., Thomas & Holmes; Miranda, Hardy, Point-au-Petre, R. & J. Wenberg; Antecedent, Pendleton, Danbury, Conn., H. P. Brown & Co.; Semira M., (Br.,) Clark, St. John, N. B., P. I. Nevius & Sons; J. S. Shindler, Lane, Galveston, W. H. Mallory & Co.

Arrived.

Steamship Java, (Br.,) Cook, Liverpool Oct. 9, and Queenstown 10th, with mdse. and 171 passengers to C. G. Francklyn. Oct. 11, at 9 A. M., lat. 51 26, lon. 13 53, passed a company's steamer bound E., supposed to be the Aleppo.

Steamship Tybee, Delanoy, San Domingo City, via Port-au-Platte, (no date,) with mdse. and passengers to Spofford, Tileston & Co. Lat. 34 28, lon. 73 30, spoke bark Sagadahoc, bound S. Left in port schr. L. M. Warren, for Honduras.

Steamship Champion, Lockwood, Charleston S. C., Oct. 16, with mdse. and passengers to Henry R. Morgan & Co. Oct. 17, 9:30 A. M., 40 miles S. of Cape Lookout, passed steamer City of Mexico, bound S.

Steamship Saratoga, Alexander, Richmond, City Point and Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to Old Dominion Steamship Co.

Steamship Albemarle, Hodges, Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to Old Dominion Steamship Co.

Steamship San Salvador, Nickerson, Savannah, with mdse. and passengers to Wm. R. Garrison.

Steamer Relief, Moore, from wreck of bark Sarah Elizabeth, from Buenos Ayres, ashore at Gilgo Beach, L. I.

Steamship Perit, Gardiner, Charleston Oct. 15, with cotton to Arthur Leary.

Steamship Huntsville, Crowell, Savannah Oct. 16, with mdse. and passengers to R. Lowden.

Bark Annie Frances, (of Sandy Cove, N. S.,) Morehouse, Old Harbor, Ja., 40 ds., with 391 tons logwood to Henry De Cordova & Co—vessel to Phillips & Collins. Experienced constant N. E. gales from Cape Florida to Hatteras, and from thence strong N. N. W. winds.

Bark Lamplighter, Birch, Savannah 9 ds., with lumber to J. Bigelow—vessel to Bentley, Miller & Thomas.

Bark Rosina Bruno, (Ital.,) Paturzo, Philadelphia in ballast to Funch, Edye & Co. Will load for Venice.

Schr. Montezuma, Bultger, Jacksonville 14 ds., with lumber to Epinger & Russell. Oct. 4, 80 miles N. E. of Jacksonville, encountered a heavy N. E. gale, during which broke bowsprit.

Schr. Meteor, Comstock, from wreck of bark Sarah Elizabeth, from Buenos Ayres, ashore at Gilgo Beach, L. I.

Schr. E. T. Hill, Bower, from wreck of bark Sarah Elizabeth, from Buenos Ayres, ashore at Gilgo Beach, L. I.

Schr. Competitor, Chittenden, from wreck of bark Sarah Elizabeth, from Buenos Ayres, ashore at Gilgo Beach, L. I.

Schr. F. G. Russell, Clark, Jacksonville 9 ds., with lumber to Bentley, Miller & Thomas.

Schr. Oliver Corbin, Carroll, Philadelphia, for Boston.

Schr. P. Boyce, Adams, Philadelphia, for Providence.

Schr. Fashion, Warren, Elizabethport, for Providence.

Schr. W. D. Bowman, Small, Elizabethport, for Dighton.

Schr. Sarah & Louise, Nickerson, Port Johnson, for Fall River.

Schr. Samuel Gilman, Kelly, Baltimore, for Portland.

Schr. Tickler, Hayes, Brown's Banks, with fish to John Comstock.

Schr. Annie McNab, Burns, South Amboy, for New-Haven.

Schr. Wm. C. Atwater, Barker, Baltimore.
Schr. G. B. Smith, Bowker, Virginia.
Schr. J. Empson, Walbert, Georgetown, D. C.
Schr. Union, Abrahams, Washington, D. C.
Schr. Moderator, Rulen, Virginia.
Schr. Only Daughter, Headley, Virginia.
Schr. Artie Carwood, Godfrey, Baltimore.
Schr. James H. Young, Burnett, Virginia.
Schr. Hattie Lou, Shearer, Virginia.
Schr. V. Sharp, Sharp, Philadelphia, for Boston.
Schr. Alpine, Marshall, Bridgeport.
Schr. Messenger, Peck, Taunton.
Schr. R T. Graham, Wilson, New-Haven.
Schr. J. W. Woodruff, Halsey, Norwich.
Schr. M. L. Bartlett, Riker, Norwich.
Schr. Jane, Gorham, Bridgeport, for Elizabethport.
Schr. Long Island, Gallagher, Portchester.
Schr. Kate Gordon, Smedley, Port Jefferson.
Schr. S. V. Godwin, Waterbury, Stamford.
Schr. Sallie Merritt, Palmer, Northport.
WIND—At sunset, N. W., cloudy.

Sailed.

Steamships Silesia, for Hamburg; Etna, for Liverpool via Halifax; Leo, for Savannah; James Adger, for Charleston; Niagara, for Norfolk, &c.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, Oct. 19.—Below—Brig Addie Hale, from Caibarien.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Oct 19.—Arr. steamer Manhattan, from New-York; bark A. B. Wyman, from Boston; schr. D. V. Streaker, from New-York.

Sld. steamers Charleston, for New-York; Sea Gull, for Baltimore.

FORTRESS MONROE, Oct. 19.—Arr. Revenue cutter Northerner, from a cruise.

Passed in for Baltimore—Danish brig Skjalm Havide, from Malaga.

Passed up—Steamer Venezuelan, from Mobile, for Liverpool, to Norfolk for coal; bark Lillian, Boston, for Norfolk.

HOLMES' HOLE, Oct. 18, A. M.—Arr. brig John Lewis, (Br.,) New-York, for St. John, N. B.; schr. Dwight Davidson, Wellfleet, for Philadelphia.

Returned—Schr. Mary Price.

The steamship Wm. G. Dearborn did not sail on the 15th, as reported.

P. M.—No arrivals.

The ship Charmer, which left Boston on the 15th in tow of the steamtug Alert, for New-York, is at anchor near the Cross Rip Lightship. The wind blowing a gale from N. N. E., with a sea running, the tug was unable to tow her, and left her as above at 2 P. M. today, reaching Edgartown about 4 P. M. The Alert threw over a portion of her coal.

The schr. Harper has come off the Marine Railway, and hauled alongside the wharf in order to take in cargo.

Oct. 17, A. M.—Arr. schrs. A. L. Fitch and Laura Robinson, South Amboy, for Boston; May Day, Port Johnson, for do.; Maud Malloch, New-York, for Ellsworth; Eastern Belle, do., for Bangor; Melita, (Br.,) do., for Windsor, N. S.; Lizzie Brewster, Hoboken, for Amesbury, Mass.; Aurora Borealis, (Br.,) New-Haven, for St. John, N. B.;

Sld. brig John Lewis, (Br.;) schrs. Mary Price, Niagara, S. & B. Small, Wm. F. Dearborn and Melita (Br.)

P. M.—Arr. schrs. Van Buren, J. G. Huntington, Judge Tenney, Harbinger and Avon, Elizabethport, for Boston; Marcellus, do., for Portsmouth; Mount Hope, New-York, for Boston; Telegraph, Hoboken, for do.; Lucy Jones, Baltimore, for do.; Katie P. Lunt, Philadelphia, for do.; Seaport, Northport, for do.; Ganges, Rondout, for do.; Ruth Thomas, Providence, for Bangor; Canova, do., for do., (or New-York;) General W. H. French, Hoboken, for do.; Jennie E. Simons, New-Bedford, for Cotuit; Fanny F. Hall, South Amboy, for Bucksport.

Sld. schrs. Mary Louise, Lizzie Brewster and Laura Robinson.

18th.—Arr. bark S. W. Holbrook, Philadelphia, for Portland; schrs. Sarah S. Bright, Rachel Seaman, Electa Bailey and Mary Augusta, Philadelphia, for Boston; R. H. Wilson and H. T. Hodges, Boston, for Philadelphia; L. M. Strout and Harmonia, South Amboy, for Boston; Iona, Philadelphia, for Portsmouth; Fanny Barney, New-York, for Rockland; Wm. Arthur, Portland, for New-York; Jacob Kienzle, Philadelphia, for Boston.

Passed by—Schr. R. K. Vaughan, for Philadelphia.

Arr. and sld. schrs. J. V. Wellington, Philadelphia, for Boston; Chas. W. Bentley, New-York, for do., and Zicaro, Providence, for Calais.

Sld. schr. J. G. Huntington.

SAVANNAH, Oct. 19.—Arr. steamships North Point, from Baltimore; Wyoming, from Philadelphia.

Cld. steamers Virgo, for New-York, and America, for Baltimore.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 19.—Arr. steamer James A. Gary, from Baltimore.

Cld. steamer Rebecca Clyde, for New-York.

Marine Disaster.

HOLMES' HOLE, Oct. 18.—The schr. H. T. Hedges, Franklin, at this port, reports: On the 17th inst., 3 miles W. of Handkerchief Lightship, passed a schooner, bottom up, with sails and spars floating alongside. About a mile to the westward of the wreck saw a yawlboat bottom up. The vessel had the appearance of having lately met with the disaster.

Miscellaneous.

Steamship City of Dublin, (Br.,) Eynon, from Antwerp Oct. 3, and Flushing 4th, which arrived 18th, reports: Experienced light easterly winds from the English Channel to Sable Island, and strong westerly winds thence to Sandy Hook. Oct. 12, lat. 47 40, lon. 43 54, exchanged signals with steamship Nebraska, hence for Liverpool. 13th, lat. 47 01, lon. 46 02, exchanged night signals with a Cunard steamship, bound E.; same date, lat. 46 10, lon. 49 36, exchanged signals with bark Eliza Keith, bound E. 15th, lat. 42 28, lon. 60 24, passed a Cunard steamship, bound E. 16th, lat. 41 51, lon. 63 28, exchanged signals with steamship Main, hence for Bremen. 17th, lat. 40 55, lon. 60 25, exchanged signals with steamship City of Washington, hence for Liverpool. 18th, off Montauk, spoke brig Philip Larrabee, from Boston, for Baltimore, 3 ds. out; had foresail split.

EUROPEAN MARINE NEWS.

Arrived Out.

QUEENSTOWN, Oct. 19.—The steamship City of Brooklyn, of the Inman Line, from New-York Oct. 9, arrived at this port last night at midnight.

LONDONDERRY, Oct. 19.—The steamship Hibernian, from Quebec, arrived at this port to-day.

STERLING SILVER
FORKS AND SPOONS AT CLOSE PRICES.
TIFFANY & CO.,
NOS. 550 AND 552 BROADWAY,
offer a large assortment of
SOLID TABLE SILVER,
DINNER AND DESSERT SERVICES,
TEA SETS AND FANCY ARTICLES,
NEW STYLES, OF
THEIR OWN MANUFACTURE.

A Cure for Rupture

Under the skillful management of Dr. GREGORY, this dangerous disease is now successfully cured. His celebrated HERNIA LOTION for bathing the afflicted parts, while wearing WHITE'S PATENT LEVER TRUSS, has cured the most obstinate cases. Special attention is given to this branch of Surgery, and a cure warranted without pain or danger, which will not interfere with labor or business of any kind. Pamphlets sent for 10 cents, giving full explanations. Address C. AUGT. GREGORY, M. D., No. [illegible] Broadway, New-York.

BANK LOCKS.

TO THE YALE LOCK MANUFACTURING CO.:

GENTLEMEN: Having settled one question between us by picking your celebrated Double Dial Lock, in the City of New-York, on the 14th inst., upon a combination set by yourselves, I now respectfully give you notice that I will accommodate you with a trial of our respective locks against "forcing," as I have more than once intimated I would do when we had first settled the question of "picking."

"One thing at a time," is my motto.

Now, it is unquestionably the fact that not only you and I, but other lockmakers also, have locks in use which have been improperly adjusted to safes, or put upon weak or faulty doors; but no one of common intelligence or fairness in such matters would claim that a burglar-lock thus adjusted, or put upon such doors, would be proof against "punching," "blowing," and "forcing," not necessarily because of any weakness of the *lock*, but rather because of the weakness of the *door* upon which it may have been placed.

To the end, therefore, that we may have a fair and square trial—a genuine test of the comparative strength of your lock and mine—I hereby make you the following proposition, viz.: I will put one of my locks upon a safe of my own choosing, with a door three and one half (3½) inches in thickness, to be tested by you; you to put one of your locks upon a safe of your own choosing, with a door of the same thickness, to be tested by me. We will then arrange for the time and place for a public trial in the City of New-York. Having arranged for this, you may then choose one of a committee of three, (3,) I will choose another, and the two thus chosen shall choose a third to act as umpire, this committee to see that the trial is fairly conducted, and report the result thereof in writing, that it may be published in the New-York papers. These preliminaries arranged, you may attack my lock by any means a burglar may use, and if, *through any weakness of the lock*, you first open *my* safe, the victory to be yours. I will at the same time attack your lock by such means as a burglar may use, and if, *through any weakness of the lock*, I first open your safe, the victory to be mine. You to notify me whenever you are ready for such trial.

(Signed) JAMES SARGENT.

A CARD.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Oct. 18, 1869.

TO THE BUSINESS PUBLIC:

I notice in the New-York *Tribune* of the 16th inst., this day received, what I consider an unjust personal attack upon myself, by the Yale Lock Manufacturing Company, and as this attack is coupled with the attempt to inspire public confidence in their lock—which at the same time they admit has been opened—in simple justice to myself, to the public, and to Mr. James Sargent, whose assistant I was in picking their Double Dial Lock on the 14th inst., I feel called upon to make public the following facts:

1. It is true, as stated by them, that I was once in the employ of the Yale Lock Manufacturing Company. I was employed by them not because they had important lock knowledge to impart to *me*, but that they might avail themselves of my knowledge and experience as an expert in picking as well as in inspecting locks; and it is but proper that I should say further, that I was faithful to their interests so long as I was employed by them; any insinuations of theirs to the contrary notwithstanding.

2. The lock picked on the 14th inst. was one which neither I nor Mr. Sargent had ever seen before; it having been made some time after I left the Yale Lock Manufacturing Company, and contained a change which was new to us both; consequently I had never inspected this one.

3. Whatever the opinion of the Yale Lock Manufacturing Company may be with regard to the "means" employed to open their lock on the 14th inst., the *truth* is, that the process, so far as I know, or have any reason to believe, was one wholly unknown to "the late Linus Yale, Jr.," and by the aid of instruments *recently invented*, and made by ourselves.

4. Either Mr. James Sargent or myself can pick, without injury to lock or safe, any lock manufactured by the Yale Lock Manufacturing Company which I have ever seen, which fact we are both prepared to demonstrate to the public, if necessary; and, what may be to them more startling still, *we know of no remedy that can be applied which will prevent our picking them.*

5. The only principle which I regard of any value in the Double Dial Lock, is covered by a patent issued to me, and sold to the Yale Manufacturing Company in 1863, viz.: the claim on the mode for changing and holding the combination wheel.

6. The weakness of the Double Dial Lock *is not*, as the Yale Lock Manufacturing Company would have you believe, in "faulty" or "careless workmanship," but *is* rather, what they attempt to conceal, in "the original design" and fundamental principles of the lock.

7. Before entering the employ of the Yale Lock Manufacturing Company I discovered no less than three different modes by which the "*Double Treasury Lock*" could be picked, and suggested remedies against two of these modes, which were adopted and applied by the manufacturers; but against the third and last mode neither they nor I have ever been able to provide a remedy; still they continued to manufacture and sell this lock, knowing all the while, and admitting to me, that it could be picked.

8. Soon after the Double Dial Lock was first offered to the public, I discovered and pointed out to the manufacturers no less than two different modes by which it could be picked. I then suggested remedies to prevent picking by three different modes, which were adopted, and successfully applied by "the late Linus Yale, Jr."

9. The means by which the Double Dial Lock was picked on the 14th inst., and by which all their other dial locks can also be picked, were not known to me until some time after I entered the service of Messrs. Sargent & Greenleaf, lock manufacturers of Rochester, N. Y.

10. Both Major Wm. Streeter (formerly Superintendent of the Yale & Winn Manufacturing Company, but now also in the employ of Messrs. Sargent & Greenleaf) and myself pointed out at various times to our employers certain weak and objectionable features in the design and construction of the Double Dial Lock, and urged radical changes therein, but I have never yet seen one so changed, and it consequently remains thus weak still.

11. I know of no method by which the Sargent Magnetic or Automatic Lock, recently adopted by the Treasury Department in Washington, can be picked or otherwise opened without injury to lock or safe.

L. F. MUNGER.

STEAM
SAFES
PERFECTLY DRY IN USE.
ACTUALLY FIRE PROOF.
EVERY DESCRIPTION OF BURGLAR-PROOF
WORK MADE OF
WELDED STEEL AND IRON.
SARGENT'S UNRIVALLED
BANK LOCKS AND SMALL KEY LOCKS
OF EVERY STYLE.
AMERICAN STEAM SAFE COMPANY,
No. 300 Broadway, New-York.

FALL STCOK.
$200,000
READY-MADE MEN'S, BOYS'
AND CHILDREN'S
CLOTHING.
PRICES, AS USUAL,
LOWER THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE IN THE CITY.
SATISFACTION GIVEN OR MONEY RETURNED.
Call and judge for yourselves.
J. M. VARIAN & SON,
Successors to F. B. BALDWIN,
Nos. 70 and 72 Bowery,
NEAR CANAL-ST.
N. B.—3d and 3d-av. cars pass the door. Cross-town cars pass within one block.

SEVEN PER CENT.
FIRST MORTGAGE
CONVERTIBLE, SINKING FUND
GOLD BONDS
OF THE
Danville, Urbana, Bloomington and
Pekin Railroad Company
OF ILLINOIS,
PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN GOLD AT THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY, NEW-YORK. COUPONS PAYABLE FIRST OF APRIL AND OCTOBER.
FREE OF GOVERNMENT TAX.
Total Issue..............$2,000,000
Capital Stock..............3,000,000

The Bonds are a first mortgage on the railway, its rolling stock, depots, machine shops, lands, and the entire property of the Company.

LENGTH AND TOPOGRAPHY.

The road is 117 5-100 miles in length, the only East and West line connecting the Cities of Danville, Urbana, Bloomington and Pekin on the line of the old Emigrant Road. This section has been justly named the Garden of the West, and is noted for its large agricultural and manufacturing products, also for its valuable mines of coal. The local business will make the line a FIRST-CLASS PAYING ROAD.

VALUABLE CONNECTIONS.

In addition the Company provide for a large through business, having as MANY VALUABLE CONNECTIONS EAST AND WEST AS ANY ROAD now in operation. The line has lately been consolidated with the Indianapolis and Danville Road, making over 200 miles under one management.

At Indianapolis it connects with the Pennsylvania Central, Baltimore and Ohio, also with several other lines at Danville, with the Toledo, Wabash and Western, and at Pekin with Peoria, making a new through direct route in Illinois, connecting Philadelphia, New-York, Boston and Baltimore with Peoria, Keokuk, Burlington, Omaha and the Far West.

COMPLETION OF THE ROAD.

The road is being rapidly constructed, all graded and bridged, the track laying at the rate of one mile per day, all the iron and a large amount of rolling stock provided. The whole road WILL BE COMPLETED BEFORE THE 1ST OF JANUARY NEXT.

PROFIT OF THE INVESTMENT.

The bonds average LESS THAN EIGHTEEN THOUSAND DOLLARS PER MILE, are CONVERTIBLE INTO STOCK AT PAR, at the option of the holder, at any time, and may be registered in the name of the owner if desired.

The stocks of several of the principal lines of Illinois are selling at from above par to nearly 200. There is a reasonable prospect of the stock of this road, at no distant day, selling as high as either of them, which makes the convertible clause a valuable option.

We have PERSONALLY EXAMINED THE ROAD, and consider the bonds A CHOICE SECURITY; we therefore take pleasure in recommending them to investors as SAFE, PROFITABLE AND RELIABLE. A large portion of the loan has already been sold.

We are authorized to offer them for the present at 95 and accrued interest in currency, the Company reserving the right to advance the price, without notice. At this price THEY PAY TEN PER CENT. in currency—nearly FIFTY PER CENT. MORE THAN THE SAME AMOUNT INVESTED IN GOVERNMENTS. Gold and all marketable securities received in exchange at highest market rates. Bonds forwarded by express free of charge.

TURNER BROTHERS,
BANKERS,
No. 14 Nassau-st., New-York.

A Choice Security.
SEVEN PER CENT. GOLD,
Free of Government Tax.
NEARLY 10 PER CENT. CURRENCY.
FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS
OF
NEW-YORK AND OSWEGO MIDLAND R.R.
THESE BONDS CAN BE REGISTERED.

SIX MILLIONS OF DOLLARS PAID-UP STOCK SUBSCRIPTIONS. No bonds issued on road under construction; issue limited to $20,000 per mile of road built and in running order, BEING ONLY ABOUT HALF THE ACTUAL CASH COST. The road is being built with great economy for cash; 100 miles are done, and in the most thorough manner; 80 miles additional will be finished in November; and the whole line (over 400 miles) it is expected will be completed within the ensuing year. It is one of the most important roads in the State of New-York. It shortens the route from New-York City to Buffalo 70 miles, and to Oswego 45 miles; it traverses a populous district destitute of other railroad facilities, which must furnish it a large and profitable local business; and it will be completed at an aggregate cost far below that of any competing line. These advantages cannot fail to make it one of the best paying roads leading from the metropolis, and its First Mortgage Bonds one of the safest securities ever issued. All mortgage bonds issued on Railroads running from the City of New-York are good, and the interest promptly paid, although in some cases the bonds are mortgaged for more than double the amount per mile that the Midland is. Among the bonds now offering we know of none equal to these. For the investment of trust or other funds there is nothing better, and in exchange for Government Bonds they give a large increase of income, beside capitalizing the premium. They are meeting with rapid sale, and we have been gratified to find that they are taken chiefly by our most conservative and sagacious capitalists in exchange for Government securities. Price par, and accrued interest in currency. Circulars, pamphlets, &c., on hand for distribution.

GEORGE OPDYKE & CO.,
Bankers, No. 25 Nassau-st.

PLAID, CHECK, AND STRIPED SUITS.
GENTS', YOUTHS', BOYS', AND CHILDREN'S
BROKAW BROTHERS,
Opposite Cooper Institute, and No. 62 Lafayette-place,
Largest store of the kind in this City.

C. P. T.—FOR COLDS, SORE THROATS, Hoarseness and Bronchitis "CHERRY PECTORAL TROCHES" will cure quickly. Try one. "Pleasant, and of a rose color." Can not be imitated. Beware of those horrible [illegible]

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY OF CUBA.—Prizes paid in gold, information furnished, highest rates paid for doubloons and all kinds of gold and silver. TAYLOR & CO., bankers, No. 16 Wall-st., New-York.